

Converting Colors

XYZ(47.9026, 50.2493, 54.5441)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(47.9026, 50.2493, 54.5441)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(48.0466, 50.4161,
54.7759)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDBCBC
RGB	189, 188, 188
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 74%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2627, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.26
HSL	0°, 1%, 74%
HSV	0°, 1%, 74%
XYZ	48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759
YIQ	188.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	189, 188, 188
Decimal	12434620
CIELab	76.32, 0.35, 0.11
CIELCh	76, 0.371, 18.015
Yxy	50.4161, 0.3135, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290624700 (0xFFBDBCBC)
YUV	188.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	71.0043, -3.4716, 3.9640

Details

The XYZ color **48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.1220, 50.7601, 55.4062**, and the grayscale version is **47.9717, 50.4700, 54.9618**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.3360, 90.6455, 98.5339**, and **23.1905, 24.3115, 26.3920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.3763, 42.1249, 43.4834**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5120, 59.8690, 67.6511**.

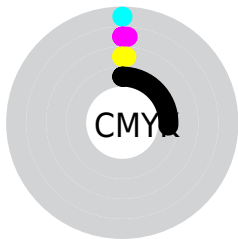
Distribution



- Red (74%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.0466, 50.4161,
54.7759

■ 48.0466, 50.4161,
54.7759

369.5563,
388.2909, 422.3199

■ 34.0752, 35.7441,
38.8249

■ 86.4831, 90.7911,
98.6804

■ 23.1145, 24.2366,
26.3168

111.6788,
117.2629, 127.4710

■ 14.7993, 15.5093,
16.8329

141.3468,
148.4368, 161.3786

■ 8.7640, 9.1776,
9.9547

175.8522,
184.6971, 200.8217

■ 4.6435, 4.8572,
5.2637

215.5605,
226.4283, 246.2188

■ 2.0722, 2.1637,
2.3414

260.8371,

■ 0.6740, 0.7001,

274.0147, 297.9885

0.7543

312.0472,
327.8408, 356.5494

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 48.0466, 50.4161,
54.7759

■ 48.0466, 50.4161,
54.7759

■ 42.3763, 42.1249,
43.4834

■ 54.5120, 59.8690,
67.6511

■ 37.4663, 34.9445,
33.7094

■ 61.7970, 70.5193,
82.1634

■ 33.2857, 28.8297,
25.3902

■ 69.9304, 82.4091,
98.3685

■ 29.7996, 23.7298,
18.4562

■ 74.7966, 89.5590,
107.9522

■ 26.9704, 19.5898,
12.8323

■ 24.7570, 16.3497,
8.4361

■ 23.1136, 13.9427,
5.1761

■ 21.9881, 12.2927,
2.9477

■ 21.3187, 11.3098,
1.6274

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.0503, 50.4161, 54.9743



48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759



48.0087, 50.4161, 54.6096

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759



47.8194, 50.4161, 54.6381



47.8912, 50.4161, 55.2710

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759



48.1220, 50.7601, 55.4062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8294, 50.4161, 55.1805



48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759



47.7880, 50.4161, 54.8149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759



47.8775, 50.4161, 54.5302



47.7916, 50.4161, 55.0134



47.9605, 50.4161, 55.2605

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759



47.9692, 50.4161, 54.5393



47.7916, 50.4161, 55.0134



47.8688, 50.4161, 55.2514

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.0480, 50.4183, 54.7770



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



48.1555, 50.4602, 55.3466



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



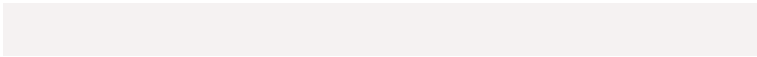
90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.0480, 50.4183, 54.7770



85.5258, 89.5272, 97.0546



48.1543, 50.6309, 54.8124



10.5963, 11.0966, 12.0339



14.1258, 7.2903, 0.6627



0.5542, 0.2873, 0.0262

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1220, 50.7601, 55.4062



85.7793, 90.6990, 99.2118



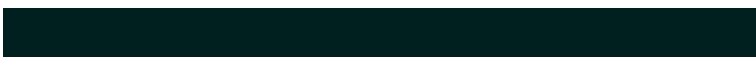
48.0153, 50.5467, 55.3707



10.6252, 11.2301, 12.2798



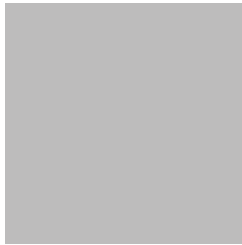
18.3370, 26.7857, 36.5966



0.7191, 1.0509, 1.4338

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

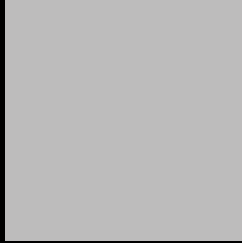
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

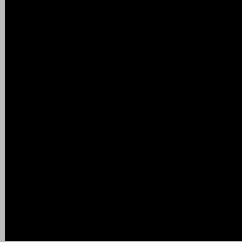
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

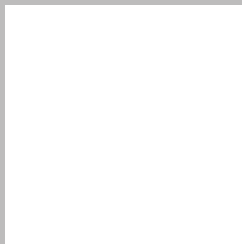
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759.

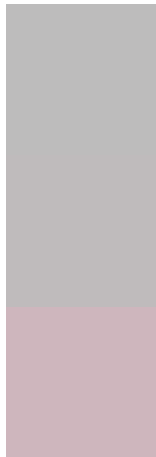


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.0466, 50.4161,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759

Protanopia

48.3333, 50.2479, 54.7283

Deuteranopia

51.3669, 50.2518, 55.1364



Tritanopia

49.5874, 50.4112, 62.3751

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759

Protanomaly

48.0826, 50.1186, 54.7166

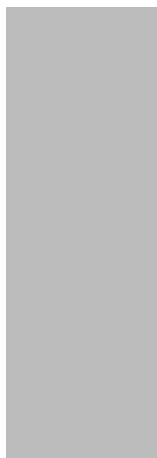
Deuteranomaly

50.1452, 50.2345, 55.1974

Tritanomaly

48.9693, 50.4733, 59.3859

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759

Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Achromatomaly

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 188, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 188, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 188, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 188, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 188, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 188, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 188, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 188, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 188, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 188,  
188) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.0466, 50.4161, 54.7759 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 188, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
188, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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