

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.9862, 46.5376, 51.2484)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.9862, 46.5376, 51.2484)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.9646, 46.4963,  
51.2464)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9AFB7
RGB	201, 175, 183
RGB Percent	79%, 69%, 72%
CMY	0.2118, 0.3137, 0.2823
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.09, 0.21
HSL	342°, 19%, 74%
HSV	342°, 13%, 79%
XYZ	47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464
YIQ	183.6860, 12.9280, 8.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

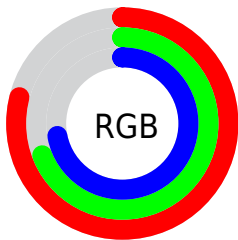
Format	Color
RYP	201, 175, 183
Decimal	13217719
CIELab	73.87, 10.72, -0.63
CIElCh	74, 10.738, 356.638
Yxy	46.4963, 0.3292, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291407799 (0xFFC9AFB7)
YUV	183.6860, -0.3382, 15.1844
Hunter-Lab	68.1882, 6.2302, 3.1727

# Details

The XYZ color **47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **48.1933, 54.7387, 58.4803**, and the grayscale version is **45.3846, 47.7482, 51.9978**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.3959, 84.6438, 93.4984**, and **23.1448, 21.9807, 24.1419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.9624, 38.6963, 42.7822**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6950, 55.5223, 60.6612**.

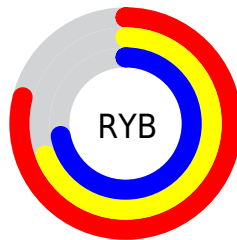
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (69%)

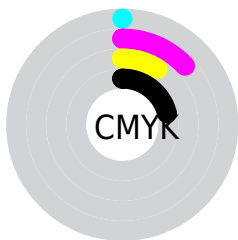
Blue (72%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (72%)

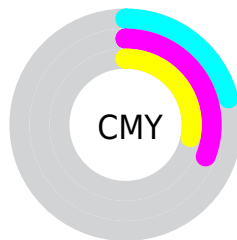


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.9646, 46.4963,  
51.2464

 47.9646, 46.4963,  
51.2464


369.2367,  
372.8004, 408.3942

 34.0100, 32.6376,  
36.0267

 86.3617, 84.9613,  
93.4341

 23.0642, 21.8490,  
24.1649


111.5349,  
110.3364, 121.2392

 14.7619, 13.7460,  
15.2427


141.1784,  
140.3191, 154.0764

 8.7377, 7.9442,  
8.8414

175.6574,  
175.2938, 192.3644

 4.6262, 4.0593,  
4.5425

215.3374,  
215.6448, 236.5216

 2.0621, 1.7068,  
1.9274

260.5837,

 0.6685, 0.4280,

261.7567, 286.9666

0.5101

311.7617,  
314.0137, 344.1180

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.9646, 46.4963,  
51.2464

■ 47.9646, 46.4963,  
51.2464

■ 42.9624, 38.6963,  
42.7822

■ 53.6950, 55.5223,  
60.6612

■ 38.6548, 32.0632,  
35.2352

■ 60.1776, 65.8178,  
71.0525

■ 35.0110, 26.5423,  
28.5746

■ 67.4403, 77.4319,  
82.4490

■ 31.9968, 22.0719,  
22.7662

■ 75.3790, 90.1502,  
94.8341

■ 29.5743, 18.5844,  
17.7739

■ 77.5116, 91.0032,  
106.0645

■ 27.7017, 16.0041,  
13.5585

■ 77.8977, 91.1577,  
108.0973

■ 26.3313, 14.2443,  
10.0773

■ 25.4062, 13.2007,  
7.2823

■ 24.9525, 12.7636,  
5.6812

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.3345, 46.4963, 56.6382



47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464



47.5605, 46.4963, 46.0527

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464



42.5660, 46.4963, 41.7892



42.2029, 46.4963, 59.9360

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464



48.1933, 54.7387, 58.4803

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.9890, 46.4963, 55.4937



47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464



41.1944, 46.4963, 45.0562

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464



44.4092, 46.4963, 40.8295



40.6251, 46.4963, 50.0118



43.9781, 46.4963, 61.8774



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464



46.7651, 46.4963, 43.3535



40.6251, 46.4963, 50.0118



41.7177, 46.4963, 58.6707

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.9659, 46.4984, 51.2474



90.7655, 93.2173, 101.9650



47.8070, 46.1860, 61.6541



19.2602, 19.6879, 21.5521



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.9659, 46.4984, 51.2474



79.1679, 74.9867, 82.7936



48.1010, 48.0630, 47.3017



10.7660, 10.6898, 11.7509



15.7253, 8.0397, 3.7633



0.7774, 0.3938, 0.3511



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9659, 46.4984, 51.2474



79.1679, 74.9867, 82.7936



48.0160, 52.9176, 62.9424



10.7660, 10.6898, 11.7509



15.7253, 8.0397, 3.7633

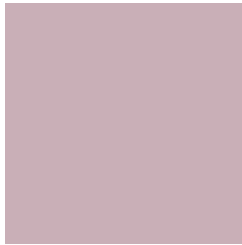


0.7774, 0.3938, 0.3511



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

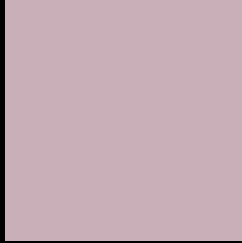
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

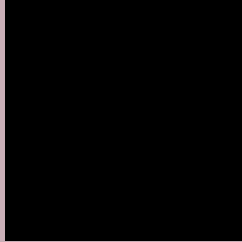
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.9646, 46.4963,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464

### Protanopia

44.9152, 46.6602, 53.0934

### Deuteranopia

47.6258, 46.6117, 51.2866



## Tritanopia

48.5703, 46.4595, 53.9846

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464

## Protanomaly

46.1123, 46.6901, 52.4807

## Deuteranomaly

47.8920, 46.7489, 51.2990

## Tritanomaly

48.3561, 46.3738, 52.8568

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

46.4108, 47.4556, 52.0611

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 175, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 175, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 175, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 175, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 175, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 175, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 175, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 175, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 175, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 175,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.9646, 46.4963, 51.2464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 175, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
175, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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