

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.1463, 51.9070, 76.6635)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.1463, 51.9070, 76.6635)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.2025, 51.9645,  
76.5968)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6C2DE
RGB	166, 194, 222
RGB Percent	65%, 76%, 87%
CMY	0.3490, 0.2392, 0.1294
CMYK	0.25, 0.13, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	210°, 46%, 76%
HSV	210°, 25%, 87%
XYZ	48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968
YIQ	188.8200, -25.6760, 2.7720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

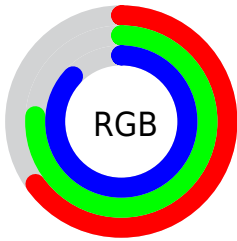
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 185, 222
Decimal	10928862
CIELab	77.26, -3.25, -17.08
CIELCh	77, 17.388, 259.229
Yxy	51.9645, 0.2727, 0.2940
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289118942 (0xFFA6C2DE)
YUV	188.8200, 16.3577, -20.0131
Hunter-Lab	72.0864, -6.7924, -12.5392

# Details

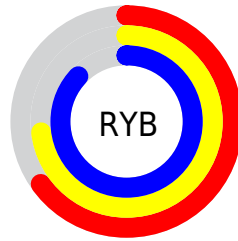
The XYZ color **48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.2996, 56.8667, 44.0868**, and the grayscale version is **48.1883, 50.6978, 55.2099**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.3598, 91.1208, 107.8550**, and **23.1632, 25.0569, 40.1749** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.5659, 45.0132, 75.6057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.8301, 59.7032, 77.6894**.

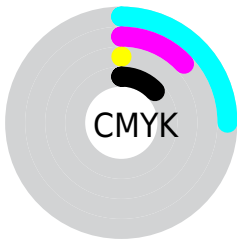
# Distribution



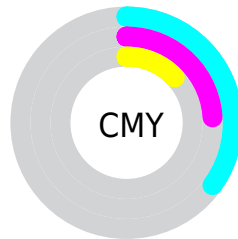
- Red (65%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.2025, 51.9645,  
76.5968

■ 48.2025, 51.9645,  
76.5968

370.1635,  
394.2995, 502.7893

■ 34.1992, 36.9768,  
56.4124

■ 86.7137, 93.0789,  
130.3380

■ 23.2103, 25.1895,  
40.1275

■ 111.9523,  
119.9743, 164.7319

■ 14.8704, 16.2183,  
27.3234

141.6667,  
151.6078, 204.6993

■ 8.8142, 9.6788,  
17.5817

176.2223,  
188.3637, 250.6589

■ 4.6763, 5.1865,  
10.4838

215.9844,  
230.6265, 303.0292

■ 2.0914, 2.3571,  
5.6111

261.3184,

■ 0.6845, 0.8037,

278.7804, 362.2286

2.5451

312.5897,  
333.2100, 428.6758

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8639

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.2025, 51.9645,  
76.5968

■ 48.2025, 51.9645,  
76.5968

■ 41.5659, 45.0132,  
75.6057

■ 55.8301, 59.7032,  
77.6894

■ 35.8703, 38.8136,  
74.7093

■ 64.4860, 68.2504,  
78.8829

■ 31.0682, 33.3365,  
73.9052

■ 74.2115, 77.6343,  
80.1816

■ 27.1056, 28.5476,  
73.1897

■ 85.0441, 87.8796,  
81.5882

■ 23.9221, 24.4092,  
72.5587

■ 88.4555, 94.5951,  
82.7046

■ 21.4480, 20.8784,  
72.0076

■ 90.1850, 98.0540,  
83.2811

■ 19.5988, 17.9045,  
71.5310

■ 18.8703, 16.6446,  
71.3262

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.3222, 51.9645, 71.6516



48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968



51.5318, 51.9645, 75.7426

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968



55.6931, 51.9645, 50.7479



44.6940, 51.9645, 45.4198

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968



56.2996, 56.8667, 44.0868

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.3097, 51.9645, 40.9579



48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968



53.6957, 51.9645, 43.7864

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968



55.9586, 51.9645, 60.0809



50.5983, 51.9645, 40.3957



43.3580, 51.9645, 53.2188



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968



53.5560, 51.9645, 72.0241



50.5983, 51.9645, 40.3957



45.4471, 51.9645, 43.5192

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.2041, 51.9666, 76.5980



84.7712, 89.9984, 107.5113



51.4814, 64.2038, 60.1715



17.7535, 18.8785, 22.9582



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

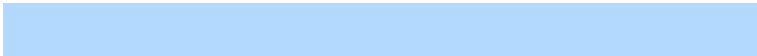


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.2041, 51.9666, 76.5980



61.2742, 66.2425, 104.1643



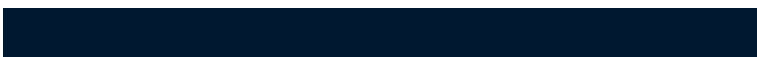
42.7185, 40.9953, 74.7694



13.5155, 14.3700, 17.4490



11.3197, 10.1089, 42.4030



0.8742, 0.8798, 2.9690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.4993, 46.6985, 57.2352



69.7523, 58.2970, 73.0532



62.8821, 70.0318, 46.2810



13.9916, 13.8143, 15.7262



19.6539, 9.9285, 10.1089

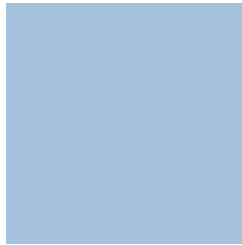


1.4075, 0.7063, 0.9387



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

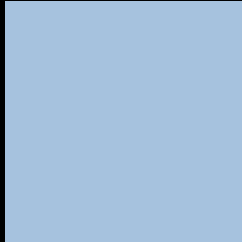
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

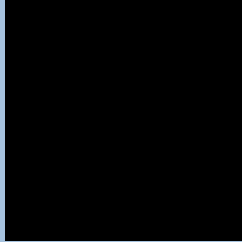
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

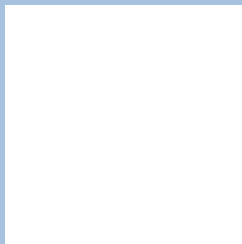
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.2025, 51.9645,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968

### Protanopia

50.9914, 51.8240, 74.3333

### Deuteranopia

53.0058, 51.8371, 77.7329



## Tritanopia

46.8076, 52.0755, 69.2126

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968

## Protanomaly

49.9092, 51.8939, 75.0962

## Deuteranomaly

51.0453, 51.7902, 77.1182

## Tritanomaly

47.2979, 51.9358, 71.8217

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

48.2295, 51.3024, 62.6187

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 194, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 194, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 194, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 194, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 194, 222) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 194, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 194, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 194, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 194, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 194,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.2025, 51.9645, 76.5968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 194, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
194, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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