

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.3949, 62.9297, 32.9264)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.3949, 62.9297, 32.9264)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.2049, 62.7206,  
32.8582)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | B0DD88                     |
| RGB         | 176, 221, 136              |
| RGB Percent | 69%, 87%, 53%              |
| CMY         | 0.3098, 0.1333, 0.4667     |
| CMYK        | 0.20, 0.00, 0.38, 0.13     |
| HSL         | 92°, 56%, 70%              |
| HSV         | 92°, 38%, 87%              |
| XYZ         | 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582  |
| YIQ         | 197.8550, 0.4650, -35.9750 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

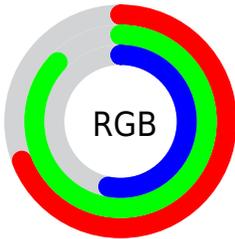
| Format                              | Color  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">136, 221, 181</a>                    |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">11591048</a>                         |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">83.30, -29.26, 37.05</a>             |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">83, 47.208, 128.299</a>              |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">62.7206, 0.3353,<br/>0.4362</a>      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4289781128<br/>(0xFFB0DD88)</a>      |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">197.8550, -30.4945,<br/>-19.1668</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">79.1963, -29.9449,<br/>30.8383</a>   |

# Details

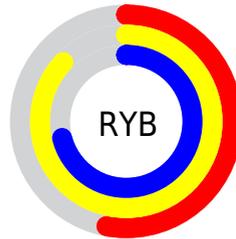
The XYZ color **48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **40.9140, 32.6544, 72.5566**, and the grayscale version is **53.7690, 56.5692, 61.6039**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.6585, 92.5613, 62.4356**, and **23.3020, 32.0659, 13.5555** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.2611, 60.8526, 25.3033**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.7038, 64.8412, 42.1321**.

# Distribution



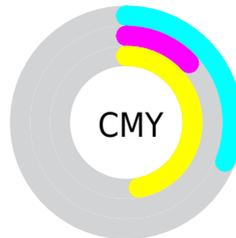
- Red (69%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48.2049, 62.7206,  
32.8582

 48.2049, 62.7206,  
32.8582

370.1728,  
434.5548, 329.6227

 34.2011, 45.6152,  
21.7476

 86.7173, 108.7663,  
65.2675

 23.2118, 31.9423,  
13.4750

 111.9565,  
138.4754, 87.4034

 14.8715, 21.3174,  
7.6219

 141.6717,  
173.1546, 114.0514

 8.8150, 13.3562,  
3.7697

176.2280,  
213.1882, 145.6301

 4.6768, 7.6743,  
1.4999

215.9910,  
258.9606, 182.5580

 2.0917, 3.8873,  
0.2178

261.3258,

 0.6847, 1.6107,

310.8563, 225.2537

0.0000

312.5980,  
369.2595, 274.1358

0.0000, 0.3648,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

48.2049, 62.7206,  
32.8582

48.2049, 62.7206,  
32.8582

44.2611, 60.8526,  
25.3033

52.7038, 64.8412,  
42.1321

40.8420, 59.2180,  
19.3574

57.7769, 67.2164,  
53.2177

37.9209, 57.8077,  
14.9044

63.4482, 69.8584,  
66.2060

35.4661, 56.6081,  
11.8105

69.7386, 72.7763,  
81.1806

■ 33.4415, 55.6042,  
9.9184

■ 76.6680, 75.9786,  
98.2202

■ 31.7958, 54.7745,  
8.9944

■ 81.9865, 78.5658,  
105.4513

■ 31.5660, 54.6582,  
8.8864

■ 85.1478, 80.1955,  
105.5993

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.8117, 62.7206, 26.2552



48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582



43.0998, 62.7206, 49.4601

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582



52.6135, 62.7206, 135.3806



81.3420, 62.7206, 60.4575

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582



40.9140, 32.6544, 72.5566

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.8850, 62.7206, 91.3838



48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582



62.5070, 62.7206, 140.8371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582



45.4345, 62.7206, 109.6310



72.6948, 62.7206, 122.9153



76.4738, 62.7206, 38.9212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582



41.9903, 62.7206, 66.6291



72.6948, 62.7206, 122.9153



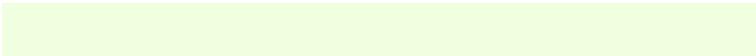
81.5857, 62.7206, 69.9824

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



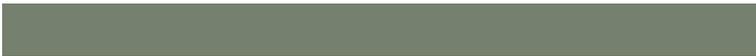
48.2065, 62.7233, 32.8596



84.7976, 95.2393, 84.7195



50.5696, 49.7610, 30.2330



17.9275, 20.2814, 17.6220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

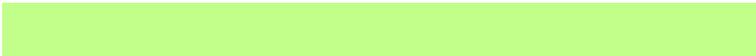


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



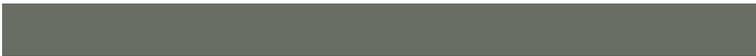
48.2065, 62.7233, 32.8596



62.2914, 84.6700, 36.9909



40.5570, 58.7682, 33.0307



13.4662, 14.9051, 13.8928



18.4648, 31.8164, 5.1680



1.2952, 2.1122, 0.3394



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.9140, 32.6544, 72.5566



50.8627, 37.5634, 99.1775



51.4886, 38.1275, 72.0702



12.9935, 12.9548, 16.4678



11.9759, 5.2980, 40.1298

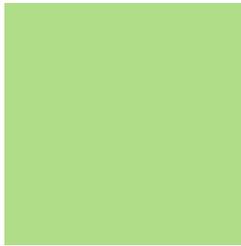


0.8751, 0.3944, 2.6044



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

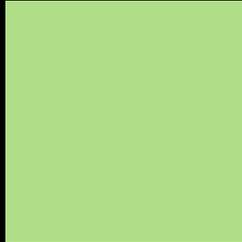
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582.



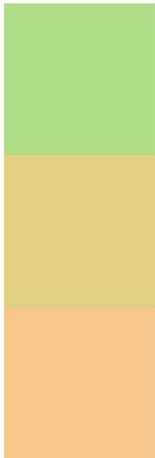
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.2049, 62.7206,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582

### Protanopia

57.3934, 62.2449, 30.1086

### Deuteranopia

63.3596, 62.0854, 33.8436



## Tritanopia

57.8980, 62.4581, 81.6771

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582

## Protanomaly

53.4405, 62.0183, 30.9839

## Deuteranomaly

56.5503, 61.3788, 33.2929

## Tritanomaly

53.5513, 62.1785, 60.2181

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582

## Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

## Achromatomaly

51.0444, 58.1849, 49.0979

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 221, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 221, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 221, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 221, 136) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 221, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 221, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 221, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 221, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 221, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 221,  
136) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.2049, 62.7206, 32.8582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 221, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
221, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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