

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.4206, 42.2915,  
152.2455)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.4206, 42.2915, 152.2455)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.4243, 38.2369,  
99.9630)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FA7FF
RGB	111, 167, 255
RGB Percent	44%, 65%, 100%
CMY	0.5647, 0.3451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.56, 0.35, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	217°, 100%, 72%
HSV	217°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630
YIQ	160.2880, -61.6240, 15.4960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

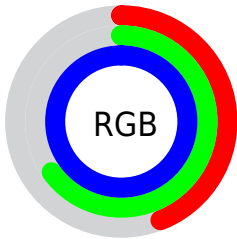
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">111, 151, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7317503</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.19, 6.80, -49.22</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 49.686, 277.865</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.2369, 0.2175, 0.2165</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285507583 (0xFF6FA7FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.2880, 46.6930, -43.2256</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.8360, 2.7052, -52.5620</a>

# Details

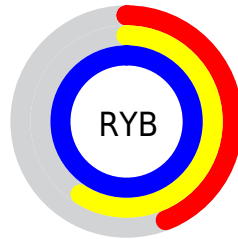
The XYZ color **38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **64.5345, 63.2574, 23.8498**, and the grayscale version is **33.3595, 35.0968, 38.2204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.9659, 68.1205, 104.5431**, and **17.3933, 17.0602, 55.8023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.9766, 31.4432, 98.9388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.1342, 46.1932, 101.1451**.

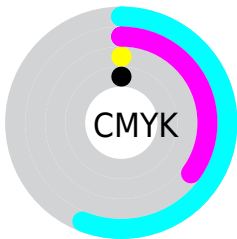
# Distribution



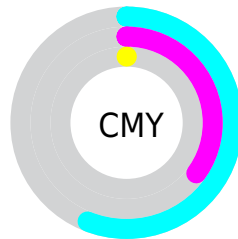
- Red (44%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.4243, 38.2369,  
99.9630

■ 38.4243, 38.2369,  
99.9630

330.6861,  
338.6351, 581.3197

■ 26.4909, 26.1666,  
75.6529

■ 72.0577, 72.4711,  
163.1578

■ 17.3258, 16.9483,  
55.6430

■ 94.4884, 95.4038,  
202.8795

■ 10.5638, 10.1977,  
39.5147

■ 121.1490,  
122.7261, 248.5756

■ 5.8395, 5.5302,  
26.8495

152.4046,  
154.8223, 300.6646

■ 2.7874, 2.5616,  
17.2288

188.6208,  
192.0770, 359.5649

■ 1.0424, 0.9074,  
10.2340

230.1629,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

234.8744, 425.6952

5.4468

277.3962,  
283.5990, 499.4739

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.4484

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8126

■ 38.4243, 38.2369,  
99.9630

■ 38.4243, 38.2369,  
99.9630

■ 32.9766, 31.4432,  
98.9388

■ 45.1342, 46.1932,  
101.1451

■ 28.6948, 25.7426,  
98.0642

■ 53.1848, 55.3680,  
102.4917

■ 25.4732, 21.0620,  
97.3305

■ 62.6522, 65.8174,  
104.0096

■ 23.1804, 17.3135,  
96.7278

■ 73.6056, 77.5928,  
105.7052

■ 22.5272, 16.1743,  
96.5424

■ 86.1092, 90.7423,  
107.5843

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.0039, 38.2369, 95.1154



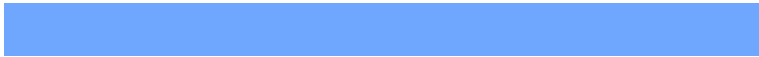
38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630



46.2971, 38.2369, 85.3239

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630



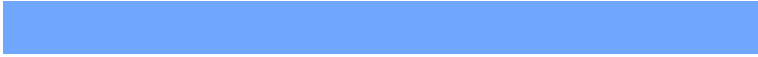
49.4470, 38.2369, 20.5197



24.1953, 38.2369, 27.5139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630



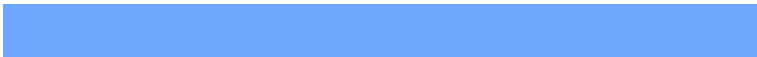
64.5345, 63.2574, 23.8498

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.9290, 38.2369, 16.1821



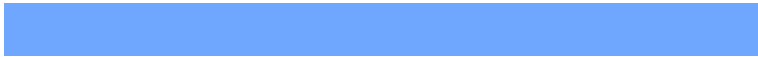
38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630



42.2625, 38.2369, 13.2619

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630



53.2259, 38.2369, 36.0529



34.3383, 38.2369, 12.0209

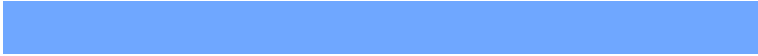


23.4710, 38.2369, 47.7621



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630



50.5055, 38.2369, 68.7640



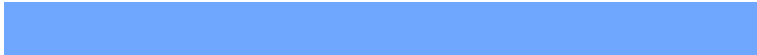
34.3383, 38.2369, 12.0209



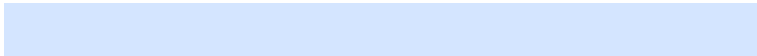
25.1115, 38.2369, 22.7828

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4256, 38.2382, 99.9632



72.9838, 76.9315, 105.6104



52.4408, 78.9497, 65.5407



15.1279, 15.9400, 22.5294



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

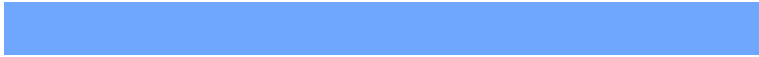


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4256, 38.2382, 99.9632



32.2472, 30.5003, 98.7953



32.2523, 22.9813, 97.3437



17.5823, 18.5361, 22.9011



11.9052, 8.7199, 50.4902



1.2615, 1.0537, 4.9502



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.9005, 35.4207, 40.5562



49.6544, 29.4053, 31.5050



74.7692, 91.2985, 28.7228



18.3018, 18.1040, 20.2064



22.7974, 11.6082, 7.5834



2.2713, 1.1509, 1.0103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

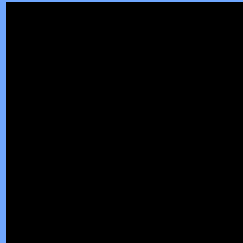
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

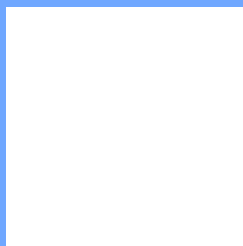
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4243, 38.2369,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630

### Protanopia

40.3413, 38.2278, 96.5193

### Deuteranopia

39.2509, 38.1233, 99.8975



## Tritanopia

29.7882, 38.1615, 56.8348

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630

## Protanomaly

39.4503, 38.0148, 97.3538

## Deuteranomaly

39.0223, 38.2743, 99.9387

## Tritanomaly

32.5485, 38.1046, 70.6052

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

34.1028, 35.8853, 56.7589

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 167, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 167, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 167, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 167, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 167, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 167, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 167, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 167, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 167, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 167,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.4243, 38.2369, 99.9630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 167, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
167, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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