

Converting Colors

XYZ(48.4671, 60.8932,
103.8068)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(48.4671, 60.8932,
103.8068)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60DCFF
RGB	96, 220, 255
RGB Percent	38%, 86%, 100%
CMY	0.6235, 0.1372, 0.0000
CMYK	0.62, 0.14, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	193°, 100%, 69%
HSV	193°, 62%, 100%
XYZ	48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068
YIQ	186.9140, -85.1390, -15.4030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

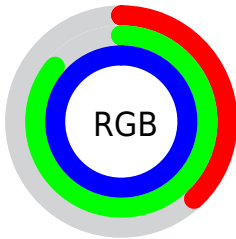
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 166, 255
Decimal	6348031
CIE _{Lab}	82.32, -24.34, -27.32
CIE _{LCh}	82, 36.591, 228.306
Yxy	60.8932, 0.2274, 0.2857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284538111 (0xFF60DCFF)
YUV	186.9140, 33.5664, -79.7316
Hunter-Lab	78.0341, -25.6930, -24.2481

Details

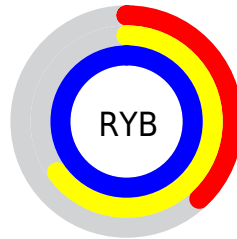
The XYZ color **48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **51.4688, 38.3389, 15.7560**, and the grayscale version is **47.0389, 49.4886, 53.8931**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485**, and **23.6482, 30.9875, 58.1609** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.7581, 56.8320, 103.2184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.0988, 65.5060, 104.4531**.

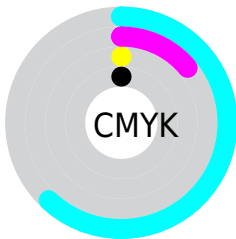
Distribution



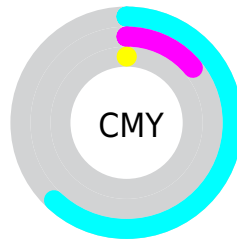
- Red (38%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

48.4671, 60.8932,
103.8068

48.4671, 60.8932,
103.8068

371.1925,
427.8823, 593.6805

34.4097, 44.1390,
78.8490

87.1050, 106.1243,
168.4762

23.3729, 30.7798,
58.2511

112.4162,
135.3699, 209.0248

14.9913, 20.4312,
41.5945

142.2093,
169.5482, 255.6075

8.8996, 12.7089,
28.4607

176.8499,
209.0434, 308.6428

4.7323, 7.2284,
18.4312

216.7031,
254.2401, 368.5492

2.1242, 3.6053,
11.0874

262.1343,

0.7023, 1.4553,

305.5225, 435.7453

6.0107

313.5090,
363.2751, 510.6495

■ 0.0000, 0.2570,
2.7827

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9848

■ 48.4671, 60.8932,
103.8068

■ 48.4671, 60.8932,
103.8068

■ 44.7581, 56.8320,
103.2184

■ 53.0988, 65.5060,
104.4531

■ 41.8784, 53.2697,
102.6826

■ 58.7244, 70.7041,
105.1599

■ 39.7233, 50.1530,
102.1946

■ 65.4137, 76.5254,
105.9310

■ 38.4435, 48.0070,
101.8478

■ 73.2289, 83.0026,
106.7693

■ 82.2269, 90.1658,
107.6777

■ 92.4609, 98.0429,
108.6587

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

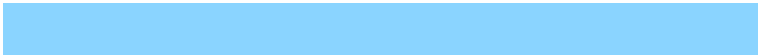
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.7790, 60.8932, 80.7224



48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068



54.8913, 60.8932, 117.8590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068



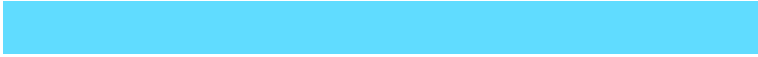
73.8338, 60.8932, 75.3912



53.2951, 60.8932, 33.3230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068



51.4688, 38.3389, 15.7560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.9693, 60.8932, 32.5195



48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068



73.3087, 60.8932, 53.7108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068



69.8086, 60.8932, 99.1574



68.4326, 60.8932, 39.1325



47.3891, 60.8932, 41.6480

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068



60.0698, 60.8932, 118.5072



68.4326, 60.8932, 39.1325



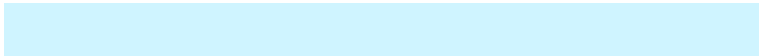
55.7385, 60.8932, 32.2460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.4689, 60.8954, 103.8071



76.1082, 85.3240, 107.0656



44.6449, 75.6313, 33.5256



15.7622, 17.8375, 22.8622



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.4689, 60.8954, 103.8071



43.9178, 55.8410, 103.0714



32.4080, 28.7737, 98.4535



18.1957, 19.7630, 23.1056



20.2031, 25.3157, 53.2562



2.0469, 2.6244, 5.2120

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.3424, 34.7949, 71.3534



55.0572, 29.6978, 65.7162



66.3866, 68.1745, 20.7286



18.6114, 18.2279, 21.8369



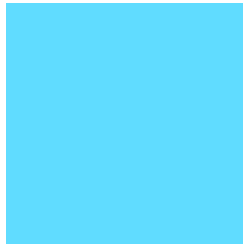
26.9858, 13.2836, 29.6393



2.6678, 1.3095, 3.0979

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

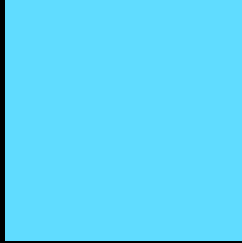
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068.

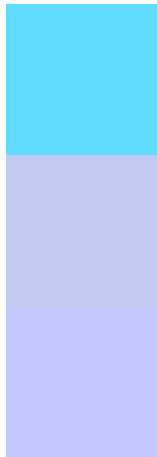


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.4671, 60.8932,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068

Protanopia

59.6532, 60.2540, 92.4905

Deuteranopia

61.2100, 60.1307, 102.9880



Tritanopia

45.9693, 60.6577, 91.7233

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068

Protanomaly

53.8870, 59.6873, 96.6763

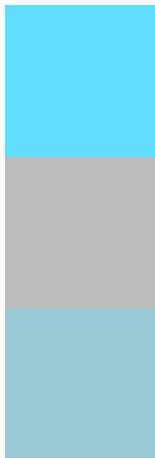
Deuteranomaly

54.6609, 59.2166, 103.1567

Tritanomaly

46.7515, 60.5808, 95.6154

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068

Achromatopsia

47.2335, 49.6933, 54.1160

Achromatomaly

45.6335, 52.4703, 70.0100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 220, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 220, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 220, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 220, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 220, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 220, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 220, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 220, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 220, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 220,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.4671, 60.8932, 103.8068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 220, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 220,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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