

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.4784, 34.0631, 30.5085)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.4784, 34.0631, 30.5085)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.4746, 34.0252,  
30.3982)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F37690
RGB	243, 118, 144
RGB Percent	95%, 46%, 56%
CMY	0.0471, 0.5372, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.41, 0.05
HSL	348°, 84%, 71%
HSV	348°, 51%, 95%
XYZ	48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982
YIQ	158.3390, 66.1540, 34.5860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

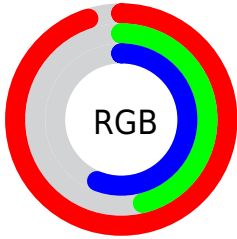
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 118, 144
Decimal	15955600
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.98, 50.42, 8.91
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 51.199, 10.022
Yxy	34.0252, 0.4294, 0.3014
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294145680 (0xFFFF37690)
YUV	158.3390, -7.0691, 74.2477
Hunter-Lab	58.3311, 46.2584, 9.9339

# Details

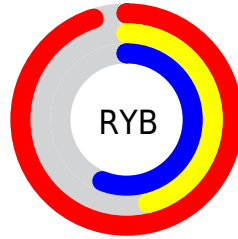
The XYZ color **48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **52.0480, 72.9632, 76.9902**, and the grayscale version is **32.6645, 34.3656, 37.4241**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.3766, 55.2244, 60.5870**, and **23.3822, 14.5422, 12.1642** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6248, 28.4826, 22.4655**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.3140, 41.1455, 39.8986**.

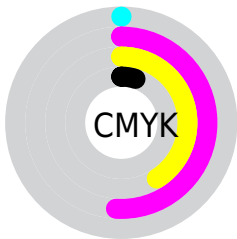
# Distribution



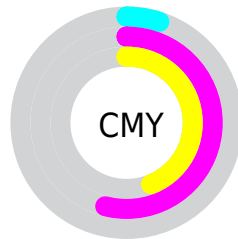
- Red (95%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.4746, 34.0252,  
30.3982


 48.4746, 34.0252,  
30.3982

371.2216,  
320.2444, 318.0211


 34.4157, 22.9130,  
19.8864


 87.1160, 65.9729,  
61.3598

 23.3775, 14.5292,  
12.1292


 112.4293, 87.5771,  
82.6466

 14.9947, 8.4897,  
6.7082


 142.2247,  
113.4474, 108.3623

 8.9020, 4.4098,  
3.2046

176.8676,  
143.9682, 138.9252

 4.7339, 1.9054,  
1.2000

216.7234,  
179.5239, 174.7541

 2.1251, 0.5516,  
0.0000

262.1575,

 0.7028, 0.0000,

220.4989, 216.2673

0.0000

313.5351,  
267.2776, 263.8834

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.4746, 34.0252,  
30.3982

■ 48.4746, 34.0252,  
30.3982

■ 44.6248, 28.4826,  
22.4655

■ 53.3140, 41.1455,  
39.8986

■ 41.6913, 24.3916,  
16.0125

■ 59.2037, 49.9464,  
51.0444

■ 39.5948, 21.6157,  
10.9447

■ 66.2027, 60.5279,  
63.9100

■ 38.2403, 19.9894,  
7.1553

■ 74.3648, 72.9811,  
78.5650

■ 37.5494, 19.2896,  
4.8225

■ 83.7403, 87.3904,  
95.0747

90.7721, 97.7946,  
108.6998

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.6423, 34.0252, 52.7891



48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982



44.5074, 34.0252, 16.5335

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982



24.0247, 34.0252, 13.7815



27.7176, 34.0252, 90.0659

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982



52.0480, 72.9632, 76.9902

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.6206, 34.0252, 69.9223



48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982



20.7248, 34.0252, 24.7951

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982



29.9261, 34.0252, 9.6622



20.2533, 34.0252, 44.6023



34.8802, 34.0252, 93.4163



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982



39.9842, 34.0252, 11.7712



20.2533, 34.0252, 44.6023



25.7379, 34.0252, 84.7504

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.4755, 34.0270, 30.3988



79.5388, 76.1770, 81.5344



50.9517, 34.0162, 88.6741



16.6106, 15.6733, 16.7090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.4755, 34.0270, 30.3988



49.5199, 31.3967, 24.4913



51.6930, 43.2837, 22.7720



16.6401, 16.5389, 17.8513



20.6476, 10.6025, 2.8527



1.8505, 0.9462, 0.4393



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.4755, 34.0270, 30.3988



49.5199, 31.3967, 24.4913



46.1048, 55.2329, 93.0248



16.6401, 16.5389, 17.8513



20.6476, 10.6025, 2.8527



1.8505, 0.9462, 0.4393



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

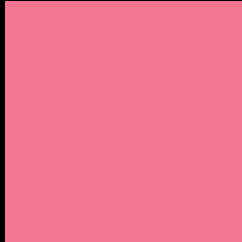
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982.



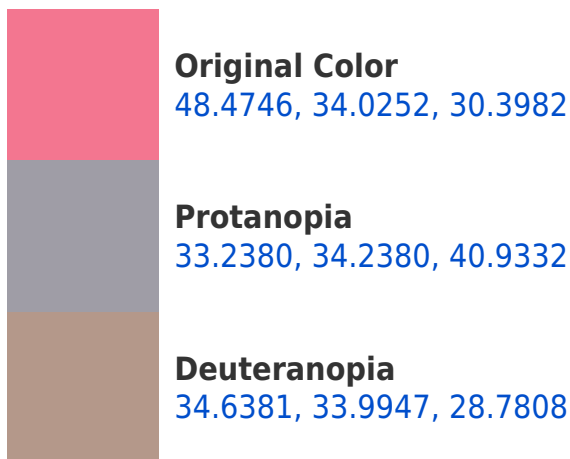
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.4746, 34.0252,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

47.4178, 34.1370, 24.8588

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982

## Protanomaly

37.2292, 33.0607, 36.7669

## Deuteranomaly

38.7403, 33.3461, 29.2056

## Tritanomaly

47.6375, 34.0314, 26.6122

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982

## Achromatopsia

32.4990, 34.1914, 37.2345

## Achromatomaly

36.5585, 32.7636, 34.5342

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 118, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 118, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 118, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 118, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 118, 144) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 118, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 118, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 118, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 118, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 118,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.4746, 34.0252, 30.3982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 118, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
118, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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