

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.5055, 51.5514, 57.8436)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.5055, 51.5514, 57.8436)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(48.5061, 51.5510,  
57.8459)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BABFC1
RGB	186, 191, 193
RGB Percent	73%, 75%, 76%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2510, 0.2431
CMYK	0.04, 0.01, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	197°, 5%, 74%
HSV	197°, 4%, 76%
XYZ	48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459
YIQ	189.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

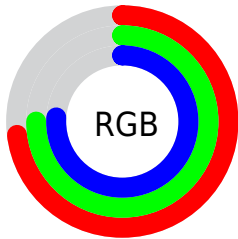
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	186, 189, 193
Decimal	12238785
CIE Lab	77.01, -1.35, -1.62
CIE LCh	77, 2.104, 230.250
Yxy	51.5510, 0.3072, 0.3265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290428865 (0xFFBABC1)
YUV	189.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	71.7990, -5.0570, 2.4915

# Details

The XYZ color **48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.8385, 50.8483, 53.6956**, and the grayscale version is **48.7837, 51.3243, 55.8921**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.9776, 92.2383, 102.8421**, and **23.4950, 25.0570, 28.4091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.9527, 46.9406, 57.2495**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.7409, 56.5825, 58.4893**.

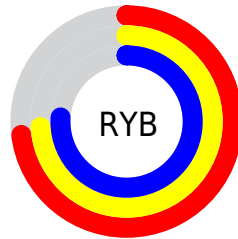
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (75%)

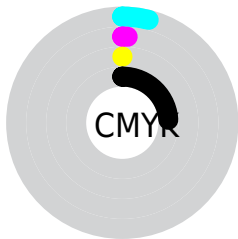
Blue (76%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (76%)

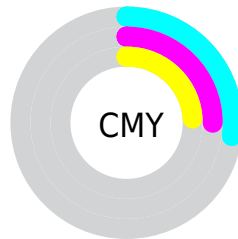


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5061, 51.5510,  
57.8459

■ 48.5061, 51.5510,  
57.8459

371.3440,  
392.7008, 434.1937

■ 34.4408, 36.6473,  
41.2709

■ 87.1626, 92.4687,  
103.2110

■ 23.3969, 24.9345,  
28.2095

112.4845,  
119.2515, 132.8381

■ 15.0092, 16.0283,  
18.2432

142.2893,  
150.7629, 167.6531

■ 8.9122, 9.5442,  
10.9535

176.9423,  
187.3871, 208.0744

■ 4.7406, 5.0978,  
5.9218

216.8089,  
229.5086, 254.5205

■ 2.1291, 2.3048,  
2.7296

262.2545,

■ 0.7049, 0.7762,

277.5118, 307.4101

0.9583

313.6444,  
331.7810, 367.1617

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.5061, 51.5510,  
57.8459

■ 48.5061, 51.5510,  
57.8459

■ 42.9527, 46.9406,  
57.2495

■ 54.7409, 56.5825,  
58.4893

■ 38.0506, 42.7308,  
56.6953

■ 61.6770, 62.0418,  
59.1774

■ 33.7739, 38.9090,  
56.1830

■ 69.3388, 67.9437,  
59.9128

■ 30.0931, 35.4591,  
55.7111

■ 74.6663, 72.7112,  
60.5522

■ 26.9763, 32.3641,  
55.2780

■ 76.0748, 75.5283,  
61.0217

■ 24.3886, 29.6049,  
54.8818

■ 77.5308, 78.4403,  
61.5071

■ 22.2906, 27.1608,  
54.5206

■ 79.0347, 81.4481,  
62.0084

■ 20.6373, 25.0075,  
54.1921

■ 80.5869, 84.5526,  
62.5258

■ 19.3744, 23.1163,  
53.8936

■ 82.1880, 87.7546,  
63.0595

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.2776, 51.5510, 56.8984



48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459



48.8672, 51.5510, 58.3357

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459



49.7618, 51.5510, 56.5052



48.7312, 51.5510, 54.0831

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459



48.8385, 50.8483, 53.6956

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1284, 51.5510, 53.9811



48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459



49.7249, 51.5510, 55.3691

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459



49.5931, 51.5510, 57.5547



49.4926, 51.5510, 54.4489



48.4070, 51.5510, 54.7295



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459



49.1351, 51.5510, 58.3323



49.4926, 51.5510, 54.4489



48.8606, 51.5510, 53.9844

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5076, 51.5532, 57.8470



89.6726, 94.6102, 103.8956



48.3957, 52.2100, 55.0950



19.2497, 20.3067, 22.2903



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5076, 51.5532, 57.8470



86.4179, 91.9557, 103.5548



47.7561, 50.0503, 57.5965



10.7112, 11.4174, 12.9241



12.5133, 14.7831, 35.7505



0.5970, 0.7514, 1.5635



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9563, 50.2177, 56.4056



87.3164, 89.2876, 100.6674



49.5924, 52.3562, 53.9469



10.8402, 11.0354, 12.5091



17.7121, 8.7746, 16.9278

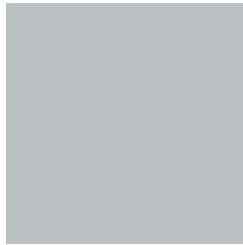


0.7937, 0.3905, 0.8811



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

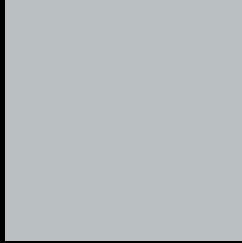
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

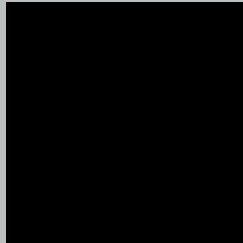
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

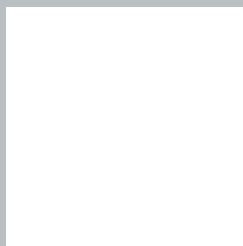
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459.



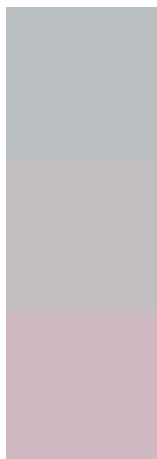
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5061, 51.5510,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459

### Protanopia

49.7043, 51.5384, 57.1974

### Deuteranopia

52.3317, 51.2978, 58.1822



## Tritanopia

49.8357, 51.4462, 64.4302

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459

## Protanomaly

49.1631, 51.5798, 57.2339

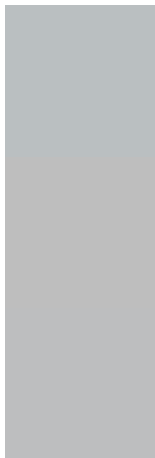
## Deuteranomaly

51.0611, 51.5778, 58.3032

## Tritanomaly

49.3323, 51.5618, 61.9959

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

48.8037, 51.4073, 56.6406

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 191, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 191, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 191, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 191, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 191, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 191, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 191, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 191, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 191, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 191,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.5061, 51.5510, 57.8459 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 191, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
191, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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