

Converting Colors

XYZ(48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(48.5074, 50.8026,
62.5076)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8BDC9
RGB	184, 189, 201
RGB Percent	72%, 74%, 79%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2588, 0.2118
CMYK	0.08, 0.06, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	222°, 14%, 75%
HSV	222°, 8%, 79%
XYZ	48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076
YIQ	188.8730, -6.8320, 2.6720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

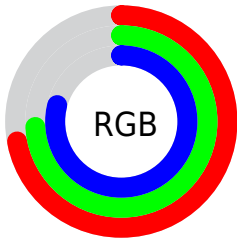
Format	Color
RYB	184, 188, 201
Decimal	12107209
CIELab	76.56, 0.61, -6.64
CIELCh	77, 6.664, 275.233
Yxy	50.8026, 0.2998, 0.3139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290297289 (0xFFB8BDC9)
YUV	188.8730, 5.9786, -4.2736
Hunter-Lab	71.2759, -3.2533, -2.1030

Details

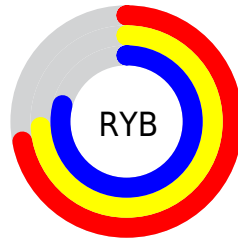
The XYZ color **48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **52.4793, 55.3577, 53.2675**, and the grayscale version is **48.2682, 50.7819, 55.3015**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159**, and **23.4307, 24.5402, 31.1056** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.1271, 42.6888, 61.3313**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8732, 59.8703, 63.8177**.

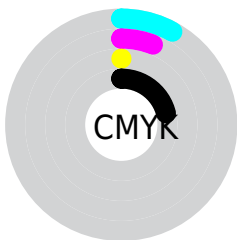
Distribution



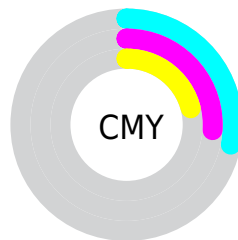
- Red (72%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.5074, 50.8026,
62.5076

■ 48.5074, 50.8026,
62.5076

371.3490,
389.7964, 451.8389

■ 34.4418, 36.0515,
45.0045

■ 87.1645, 91.3629,
110.0375

■ 23.3977, 24.4740,
31.1180

112.4868,
117.9410, 140.9015

■ 15.0098, 15.6856,
20.4295

142.2919,
149.2301, 177.0561

■ 8.9126, 9.3020,
12.5205

176.9454,
185.6148, 218.9200

■ 4.7409, 4.9387,
6.9724

216.8124,
227.4793, 266.9117

■ 2.1292, 2.2113,
3.3666

262.2585,

■ 0.7050, 0.7262,

275.2082, 321.4497

1.2848

313.6489,
329.1857, 382.9526

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0492

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 48.5074, 50.8026,
62.5076

■ 48.5074, 50.8026,
62.5076

■ 41.1271, 42.6888,
61.3313

■ 56.8732, 59.8703,
63.8177

■ 34.6908, 35.4906,
60.2811

■ 66.2554, 69.9157,
65.2622

■ 29.1601, 29.1765,
59.3538

■ 76.6887, 80.9698,
66.8459

■ 24.4926, 23.7106,
58.5448

■ 84.6609, 91.2334,
68.4068

■ 20.6422, 19.0545,
57.8490

■ 87.5428, 96.9971,
69.3674

■ 17.5580, 15.1664,
57.2611

■ 15.1834, 12.0006,
56.7752

■ 13.4525, 9.5052,
56.3848

■ 12.2685, 7.6109,
56.0815

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.2797, 50.8026, 61.8497



48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076



49.6958, 50.8026, 61.1713

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076



50.2899, 50.8026, 51.4129



46.1223, 50.8026, 52.4627

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076



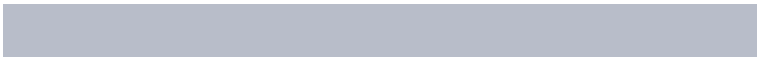
52.4793, 55.3577, 53.2675

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.9038, 50.8026, 49.8457



48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076



49.3072, 50.8026, 49.2583

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076



50.7364, 50.8026, 54.6857



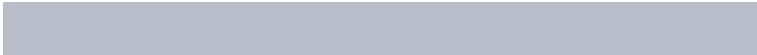
48.0660, 50.8026, 48.6972



45.9165, 50.8026, 55.9499

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076



50.3016, 50.8026, 59.3620



48.0660, 50.8026, 48.6972



46.3257, 50.8026, 51.4570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5089, 50.8047, 62.5087



90.5932, 95.1815, 108.2048



50.6071, 55.9455, 60.2970



19.1415, 20.1027, 23.1213



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5089, 50.8047, 62.5087



80.8083, 84.5312, 106.6648



48.2755, 49.1143, 62.1947



10.3068, 10.7877, 13.4565



7.6868, 4.7676, 35.2595



0.4280, 0.3537, 1.6909

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.4144, 50.3737, 55.2126



84.6845, 83.6904, 91.8144



52.7226, 57.1863, 53.6076



10.7601, 10.6874, 11.7202



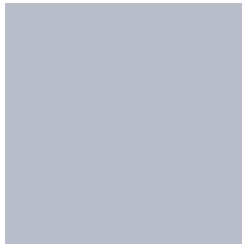
15.6793, 8.0213, 3.5211



0.7747, 0.3927, 0.3368

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

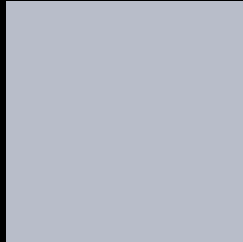
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

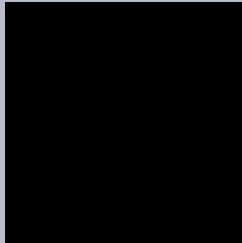
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

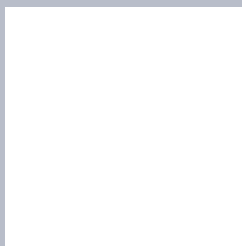
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076.

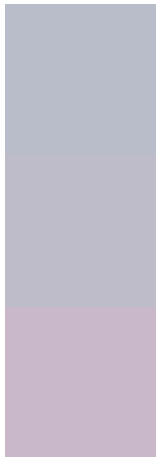


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5074, 50.8026,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076

Protanopia

49.3948, 50.9554, 61.8756

Deuteranopia

51.6816, 50.5487, 62.9101



Tritanopia

48.8638, 50.9452, 64.3847

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076

Protanomaly

48.9021, 50.7014, 61.8525

Deuteranomaly

50.5153, 50.5643, 62.9746

Tritanomaly

48.7443, 50.8973, 63.7550

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076

Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

Achromatomaly

48.3168, 50.8102, 57.7129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 189, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 189, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 189, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 189, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 189, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 189, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 189, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 189, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 189, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 189,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.5074, 50.8026, 62.5076 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 189, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
189, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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