

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.5154, 27.8556, 75.4539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.5154, 27.8556, 75.4539)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.5610, 27.9115,  
75.5011)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E352E3
RGB	227, 82, 227
RGB Percent	89%, 32%, 89%
CMY	0.1098, 0.6784, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	300°, 72%, 61%
HSV	300°, 64%, 89%
XYZ	48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011
YIQ	141.8850, 39.8750, 75.8350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

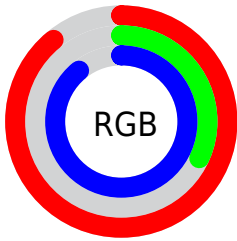
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	227, 82, 227
Decimal	14897891
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.81, 72.96, -46.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 86.417, 327.590
Yxy	27.9115, 0.3195, 0.1837
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293087971 (0xFFE352E3)
YUV	141.8850, 41.9617, 74.6459
Hunter-Lab	52.8313, 71.6171, -47.7492

# Details

The XYZ color **48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **32.4730, 57.3425, 17.3408**, and the grayscale version is **25.4955, 26.8232, 29.2105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550**, and **23.4991, 11.2651, 39.4639** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.1240, 25.0367, 75.0222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.5660, 31.9207, 76.1698**.

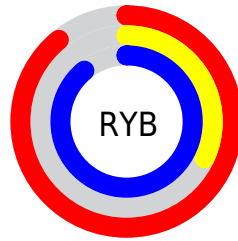
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (32%)

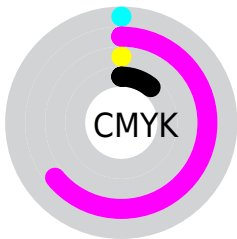
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (89%)

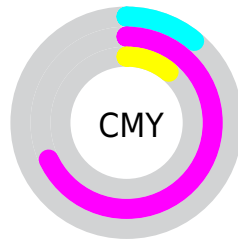


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (68%)


Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 48.5610, 27.9115,  
75.5011

 48.5610, 27.9115,  
75.5011

371.5572,  
292.0438, 498.9394


 34.4845, 18.2590,  
55.5193


 87.2437, 56.3431,  
128.7751

 23.4307, 11.1361,  
39.4162


 112.5807, 75.8910,  
162.9043

 15.0343, 6.1584,  
26.7734


 142.4017, 99.5061,  
202.5864

 8.9299, 2.9417,  
17.1722

 177.0724,  
127.5728, 248.2400

 4.7522, 1.1013,  
10.1941

216.9579,  
160.4755, 300.2835

 2.1359, 0.0000,  
5.4205

262.4236,

 0.7086, 0.0000,

198.5987, 359.1356

2.4330

313.8349,  
242.3266, 425.2147

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8043

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.5610, 27.9115,  
75.5011

■ 48.5610, 27.9115,  
75.5011

■ 47.1240, 25.0367,  
75.0222

■ 50.5660, 31.9207,  
76.1698

■ 46.1936, 23.1760,  
74.7120

■ 53.1863, 37.1612,  
77.0433


■ 45.7000, 22.1888,  
74.5473


■ 56.4677, 43.7240,  
78.1372


■ 45.5442, 21.8772,  
74.4953


■ 60.4509, 51.6904,  
79.4651

 65.1733, 61.1351,  
81.0393

 70.6696, 72.1276,  
82.8715

 76.9723, 84.7331,  
84.9726

 81.3045, 93.3973,  
86.4167

 81.3045, 93.3973,  
86.4168

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5198, 27.9115, 121.2369



48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



53.6044, 27.9115, 32.9971

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



27.4241, 27.9115, 1.1884



11.9054, 27.9115, 67.7298

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



32.4730, 57.3425, 17.3408

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5669, 27.9115, 27.9256



48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



17.9262, 27.9115, 2.1568

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



39.4849, 27.9115, 2.6212



12.4318, 27.9115, 8.1790



16.7713, 27.9115, 114.9715



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



52.0760, 27.9115, 15.5717



12.4318, 27.9115, 8.1790



11.0982, 27.9115, 52.4894

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5620, 27.9128, 75.5017



81.4939, 72.8879, 104.3810



20.3633, 13.3758, 74.1828



17.0746, 14.8640, 22.2190



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5620, 27.9128, 75.5017



60.8358, 31.5720, 97.4941



40.5716, 24.7166, 33.4248



14.9952, 14.6153, 18.1750



26.5611, 12.7587, 43.4452



1.9628, 0.9428, 3.2105



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5620, 27.9128, 75.5017



60.8358, 31.5720, 97.4941



36.8246, 59.0831, 40.2557



14.9952, 14.6153, 18.1750



26.5611, 12.7587, 43.4452



1.9628, 0.9428, 3.2105



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

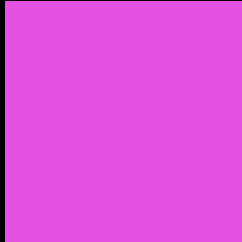
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

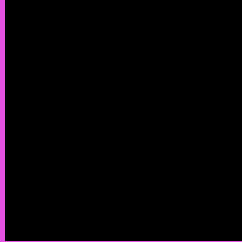
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5610, 27.9115,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011

### Protanopia

31.7913, 28.4434, 98.4223

### Deuteranopia

29.0532, 28.3358, 69.5837



## Tritanopia

37.5545, 27.8868, 21.8157

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



## Protanomaly

34.0131, 25.6010, 89.5350



## Deuteranomaly

33.0254, 25.6675, 71.6203



## Tritanomaly

40.3100, 27.1009, 36.3641

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011



## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572



## Achromatomaly

31.4929, 25.3343, 42.7653

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 82, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 82, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 82, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 82, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 82, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 82, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 82, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 82, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 82, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 82,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.5610, 27.9115, 75.5011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 82, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227, 82,  
227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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