

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.5366, 52.6986, 40.3949)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.5366, 52.6986, 40.3949)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.3539, 52.5134,  
40.3885)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5C19F
RGB	197, 193, 159
RGB Percent	77%, 76%, 62%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2431, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.19, 0.23
HSL	54°, 25%, 70%
HSV	54°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885
YIQ	190.3200, 13.2980, -9.7260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

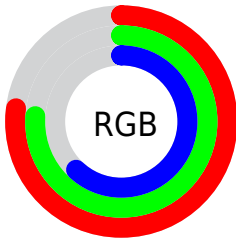
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	163, 197, 159
Decimal	12960159
CIELab	77.59, -4.24, 17.65
CIELCh	78, 18.157, 103.514
Yxy	52.5134, 0.3423, 0.3718
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291150239 (0xFFC5C19F)
YUV	190.3200, -15.4408, 5.8584
Hunter-Lab	72.4661, -7.7094, 17.6814

# Details

The XYZ color **48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.4732, 37.5958, 58.1053**, and the grayscale version is **49.2100, 51.7728, 56.3806**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.8863, 93.6772, 77.1204**, and **23.3596, 25.6573, 17.6311** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.3246, 50.9759, 31.9396**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.6648, 54.1774, 50.2768**.

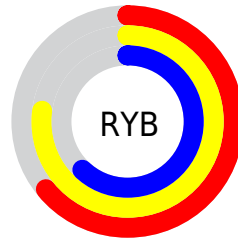
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (76%)

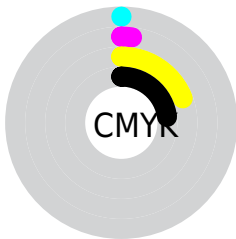
Blue (62%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (62%)

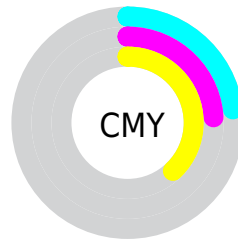


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.3539, 52.5134,  
40.3885

■ 48.3539, 52.5134,  
40.3885

370.7525,  
396.4154, 363.3590

■ 34.3196, 37.4145,  
27.5255

■ 86.9376, 93.8880,  
76.9983

■ 23.3033, 25.5286,  
17.7324

■ 112.2178,  
120.9324, 101.5822

■ 14.9396, 16.4713,  
10.5906

141.9773,  
152.7274, 130.9101

■ 8.8630, 9.8583,  
5.6815

176.5815,  
189.6574, 165.4005

■ 4.7083, 5.3051,  
2.5868

216.3958,  
232.1068, 205.4721

■ 2.1102, 2.4274,  
0.8856

261.7854,

■ 0.6947, 0.8399,

280.4600, 251.5434

0.0000

313.1159,  
335.1014, 304.0328

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.3539, 52.5134,  
40.3885

■ 48.3539, 52.5134,  
40.3885

■ 46.3246, 50.9759,  
31.9396

■ 50.6648, 54.1774,  
50.2768

■ 44.5600, 49.5526,  
24.8588

■ 53.2654, 55.9658,  
61.6645

■ 43.0475, 48.2404,  
19.0741

■ 56.1682, 57.8855,  
74.6122

■ 41.7717, 47.0330,  
14.5052

■ 59.3841, 59.9408,  
89.1763

■ 40.7159, 45.9237,  
11.0630

■ 62.5177, 61.9735,  
103.2748

■ 39.8607, 44.9047,  
8.6463

■ 63.0113, 62.9608,  
103.4393

■ 39.1834, 43.9669,  
7.1357

■ 63.5115, 63.9612,  
103.6061

■ 38.6442, 43.0943,  
6.3215

■ 64.0183, 64.9748,  
103.7750

■ 38.6075, 43.0332,  
6.2714

■ 64.5317, 66.0016,  
103.9461

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.8496, 52.5134, 40.5944



48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885



45.4141, 52.5134, 44.2910

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885



45.1824, 52.5134, 71.5251



56.6582, 52.5134, 62.8327

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885



37.4732, 37.5958, 58.1053

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6984, 52.5134, 72.3501



48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885



48.0241, 52.5134, 77.7564

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885



43.6417, 52.5134, 61.8086



51.5041, 52.5134, 78.0749



56.7567, 52.5134, 52.7850



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885



44.1196, 52.5134, 48.9944



51.5041, 52.5134, 78.0749



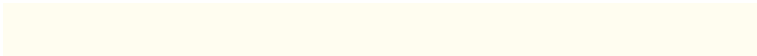
56.1913, 52.5134, 66.2260

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3553, 52.5157, 40.3896



92.1725, 98.0313, 96.2685



42.0744, 39.3272, 40.2283



19.6642, 20.9380, 20.3243



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3553, 52.5157, 40.3896



85.0678, 92.9096, 65.8835



45.6187, 52.4340, 40.5181



11.4250, 12.2191, 11.3191



25.4302, 28.3776, 4.1371



1.2322, 1.3998, 0.2052



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4732, 37.5958, 58.1053



62.1482, 61.4869, 103.2003



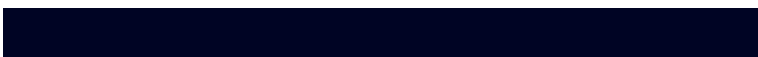
39.8360, 37.7772, 58.0158



10.1450, 10.4640, 13.4025



6.8317, 3.0574, 34.9744

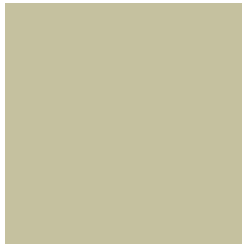


0.3546, 0.2070, 1.6664



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

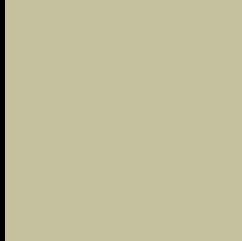
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

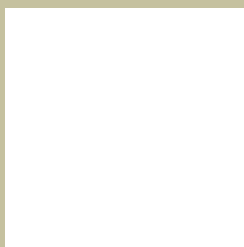
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.3539, 52.5134,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885

### Protanopia

49.4310, 52.4267, 39.8618

### Deuteranopia

53.3923, 52.2263, 40.9848



## Tritanopia

53.0596, 52.5014, 63.2144

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885

## Protanomaly

49.1086, 52.5854, 39.9094

## Deuteranomaly

51.2669, 52.0758, 40.6073

## Tritanomaly

51.1479, 52.3579, 53.8647

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

48.7598, 51.8537, 50.0867

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 193, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 193, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 193, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 193, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 193, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 193, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 193, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 193, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 193, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 193,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.3539, 52.5134, 40.3885 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 193, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
193, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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