

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.6624, 56.2755, 66.1564)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.6624, 56.2755, 66.1564)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.5767, 56.1774,  
66.0407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6CDCD
RGB	166, 205, 205
RGB Percent	65%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.3490, 0.1961, 0.1961
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	180°, 28%, 73%
HSV	180°, 19%, 80%
XYZ	48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407
YIQ	193.3390, -23.2440, -8.2680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

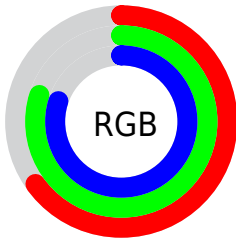
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 186, 205
Decimal	10931661
CIELab	79.71, -12.80, -4.27
CIELCh	80, 13.496, 198.448
Yxy	56.1774, 0.2844, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289121741 (0xFFA6CDCD)
YUV	193.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763
Hunter-Lab	74.9516, -15.4780, 0.2250

# Details

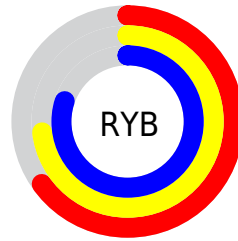
The XYZ color **48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.6980, 43.0064, 41.9714**, and the grayscale version is **50.8663, 53.5153, 58.2782**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.9342, 94.2696, 108.3798**, and **23.4626, 27.8783, 33.4226** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6175, 54.1378, 65.8557**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.2242, 58.5747, 66.2603**.

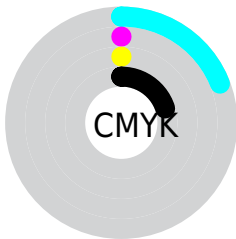
# Distribution



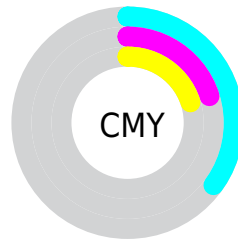
- Red (65%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5767, 56.1774,  
66.0407

■ 48.5767, 56.1774,  
66.0407

371.6182,  
410.3597, 464.9306

■ 34.4970, 40.3452,  
47.8488

■ 87.2669, 99.2639,  
115.1723

■ 23.4403, 27.8078,  
33.3480

■ 112.6082,  
127.2870, 146.9490

■ 15.0415, 18.1808,  
22.1199

142.4339,  
160.1425, 184.0911

■ 8.9350, 11.0799,  
13.7458

177.1096,  
198.2147, 227.0171

■ 4.7556, 6.1206,  
7.8074

217.0004,  
241.8882, 276.1455

■ 2.1378, 2.9185,  
3.8859

262.4719,

■ 0.7097, 1.0894,

291.5473, 331.8948

1.5630

313.8894,  
347.5763, 394.6837

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2642

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.5767, 56.1774,  
66.0407

■ 48.5767, 56.1774,  
66.0407

■ 44.6175, 54.1378,  
65.8557

■ 53.2242, 58.5747,  
66.2603

■ 41.3093, 52.4324,  
65.7001


■ 58.5853, 61.3385,  
66.5120


■ 38.6187, 51.0454,  
65.5733


■ 64.6901, 64.4856,  
66.7986


■ 36.5075, 49.9570,  
65.4736


■ 71.5654, 68.0299,  
67.1212


 34.9331, 49.1454,  
65.3991


 74.0927, 69.3328,  
67.2403


 33.8472, 48.5856,  
65.3474


 74.0929, 69.3328,  
67.2412


 33.1928, 48.2483,  
65.3159

 74.0931, 69.3329,  
67.2421

 32.8756, 48.0848,  
65.3002

 74.0932, 69.3330,  
67.2429

 32.8506, 48.0719,  
65.2989

 74.0934, 69.3330,  
67.2438

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4237, 56.1774, 58.2113



48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407



49.9940, 56.1774, 73.1000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407



57.4133, 56.1774, 71.6718



54.4512, 56.1774, 47.6108

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407



45.6980, 43.0064, 41.9714

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9467, 56.1774, 50.6100



48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407



58.6953, 56.1774, 64.2224

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407



55.0704, 56.1774, 76.5369



58.5217, 56.1774, 56.5404



51.7538, 56.1774, 48.0073



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407



51.4930, 56.1774, 76.2146



58.5217, 56.1774, 56.5404



55.3431, 56.1774, 48.2442

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5783, 56.1797, 66.0420



89.6432, 97.2127, 108.6461



44.5785, 54.5956, 44.2660



19.0671, 20.7455, 23.2491



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

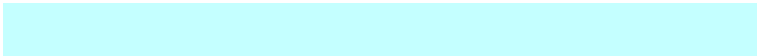


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5783, 56.1797, 66.0420



76.6655, 90.5225, 108.0363



44.3376, 47.6977, 64.6299



11.5433, 12.7271, 14.4184



20.4498, 29.9252, 40.6493



1.0550, 1.5438, 2.0971



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.6980, 43.0064, 41.9714



71.0631, 64.8996, 61.2175



49.3794, 50.3695, 43.1973



11.2124, 11.2137, 11.6531



15.6736, 8.0800, 0.7338



0.8086, 0.4168, 0.0379



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

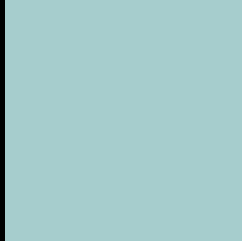
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

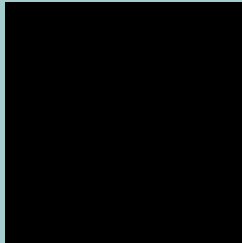
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407.



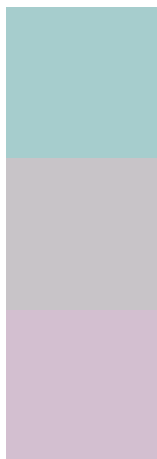
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.5767, 56.1774,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407

### Protanopia

53.9847, 55.9293, 62.5937

### Deuteranopia

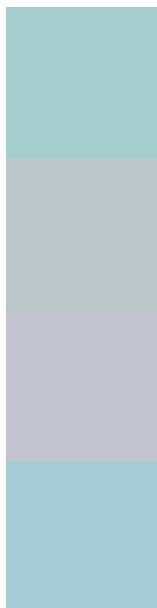
56.8799, 55.6646, 67.4209



## **Tritanopia**

50.5043, 56.2614, 75.2155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407

## Protanomaly

51.8231, 55.8025, 63.9167

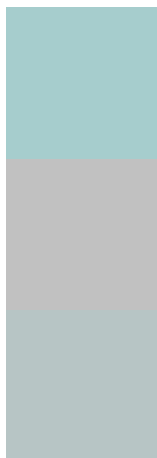
## Deuteranomaly

53.5081, 55.5870, 66.9407

## Tritanomaly

49.8789, 56.3656, 71.8691

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407

## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738

## Achromatomaly

49.5727, 54.0310, 60.6396

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 205, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 205, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 205, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 205, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

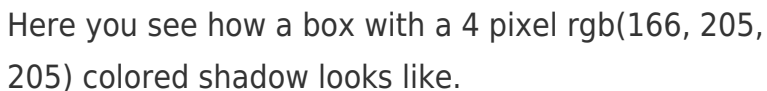
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 205, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 205, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 205, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 205, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 205, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 205,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.5767, 56.1774, 66.0407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 205, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
205, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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