

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.7264, 48.0478,  
93.0922)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5B6F5
RGB	165, 182, 245
RGB Percent	65%, 71%, 96%
CMY	0.3529, 0.2863, 0.0392
CMYK	0.33, 0.26, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	227°, 80%, 80%
HSV	227°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922
YIQ	184.0990, -30.3550, 15.9890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

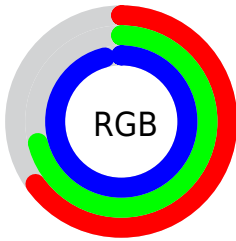
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	165, 179, 245
Decimal	10860277
CIE Lab	74.86, 8.55, -33.18
CIE LCh	75, 34.261, 284.458
Yxy	48.0478, 0.2566, 0.2531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289050357 (0xFFA5B6F5)
YUV	184.0990, 30.0242, -16.7498
Hunter-Lab	69.3165, 4.1736, -31.1050

# Details

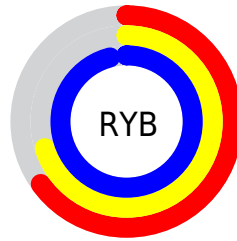
The XYZ color **48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **72.1921, 77.6167, 46.7755**, and the grayscale version is **45.4673, 47.8352, 52.0925**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.7487, 83.8987, 106.6513**, and **23.4829, 22.7109, 50.7229** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.4275, 38.3034, 91.6496**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5490, 59.3879, 94.7642**.

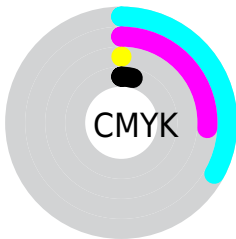
# Distribution



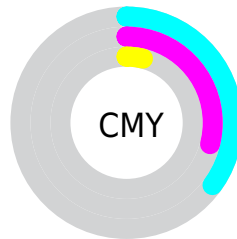
- Red (65%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.7264, 48.0478,  
93.0922

■ 48.7264, 48.0478,  
93.0922

372.1991,  
378.9816, 558.8667

■ 34.6161, 33.8647,  
69.9600

■ 87.4881, 87.2756,  
153.5991

■ 23.5325, 22.7897,  
51.0174

■ 112.8703,  
113.0891, 191.8109

■ 15.1100, 14.4383,  
35.8456

142.7405,  
143.5482, 235.8863

■ 8.9835, 8.4261,  
24.0262

177.4640,  
179.0373, 286.2439

■ 4.7874, 4.3688,  
15.1407

217.4063,  
219.9408, 343.3022

■ 2.1565, 1.8819,  
8.7705

262.9327,

■ 0.7197, 0.5375,

266.6431, 407.4797

4.4970

314.4085,  
319.5285, 479.1950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.9018

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4939

■ 48.7264, 48.0478,  
93.0922

■ 48.7264, 48.0478,  
93.0922

■ 40.4275, 38.3034,  
91.6496

■ 58.5490, 59.3879,  
94.7642

■ 33.5695, 30.0760,  
90.4230

■ 69.9627, 72.3864,  
96.6716

■ 28.0688, 23.2885,  
89.4028

■ 83.0369, 87.1093,  
98.8243

■ 23.8307, 17.8544,  
88.5773

■ 93.4816, 99.3726,  
100.6409

■ 20.7479, 13.6771,  
87.9335

■ 18.6935, 10.6460,  
87.4567

■ 17.7125, 9.0544,  
87.2012

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.5312, 48.0478, 92.8457



48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922



54.5877, 48.0478, 80.8409

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922



54.7684, 48.0478, 31.7687



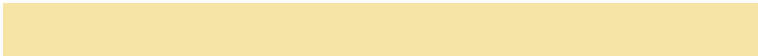
35.0663, 48.0478, 43.6468

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922



72.1921, 77.6167, 46.7755

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.7771, 48.0478, 31.4406



48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922



48.9554, 48.0478, 25.7236

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922



58.2853, 48.0478, 44.2049



42.7403, 48.0478, 25.6191



35.0171, 48.0478, 61.3629



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922



57.3586, 48.0478, 68.5561



42.7403, 48.0478, 25.6191



35.6847, 48.0478, 38.8671

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.7280, 48.0497, 93.0933



80.2080, 83.3306, 106.4647



62.1280, 78.8882, 85.1100



16.7533, 17.3679, 22.7193



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.7280, 48.0497, 93.0933



47.3331, 45.5626, 100.9075



50.5950, 44.1536, 92.2429



15.8665, 16.4974, 20.8906



9.6229, 5.0395, 47.0036



0.9175, 0.5865, 4.1551



# Inverse Universe

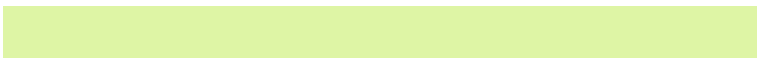
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5562, 49.7017, 50.7123



60.9574, 48.0479, 47.4913



69.6715, 83.6048, 48.0642



16.6432, 16.5401, 17.8677



20.6617, 10.6081, 2.9269

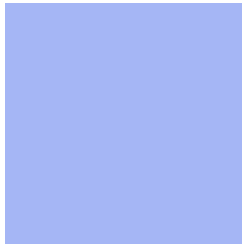


1.8522, 0.9468, 0.4480



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

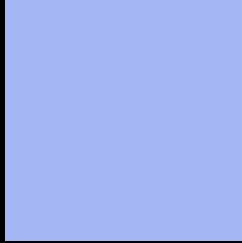
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.7264, 48.0478,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922

### Protanopia

48.9353, 48.1555, 93.1020

### Deuteranopia

49.1538, 47.9652, 93.0537



## Tritanopia

42.9273, 47.8709, 64.7351

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922

## Protanomaly

48.9353, 48.1555, 93.1020

## Deuteranomaly

48.9417, 47.8558, 93.0438

## Tritanomaly

44.7752, 47.6560, 74.5488

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

46.2055, 47.6703, 65.1585

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 182, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 182, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 182, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 182, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

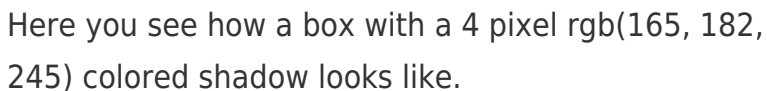
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 182, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 182, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 182, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 182, 245); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 182, 245); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 182, 245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.7264, 48.0478, 93.0922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 182, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
182, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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