

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.8018, 36.3840, 4.4507)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.8018, 36.3840, 4.4507)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.8294, 36.4387,  
4.4598)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | FF7F00                       |
| RGB         | 255, 127, 0                  |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 50%, 0%                |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.5019, 1.0000       |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.50, 1.00, 0.00       |
| HSL         | 30°, 100%, 50%               |
| HSV         | 30°, 100%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598     |
| YIQ         | 150.7940, 117.0550, -12.3610 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

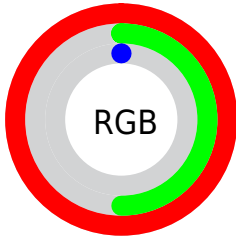
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 253, 0                    |
| Decimal                             | 16744192                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 66.85, 43.32, 73.91            |
| CIE LCh                             | 67, 85.672, 59.622             |
| Yxy                                 | 36.4387, 0.5442,<br>0.4061     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294934272<br>(0xFFFF7F00)     |
| YUV                                 | 150.7940, -74.3414,<br>91.3887 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 60.3645, 38.7525,<br>37.8747   |

# Details

The XYZ color **48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**, and the color name is **orange (color wheel)**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **25.7694, 22.6587, 97.6225**, and the grayscale version is **29.6017, 31.1433, 33.9151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.9665, 54.7888, 13.7708**, and **23.7513, 15.9793, 1.8325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8295, 36.4394, 4.4599**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.7708, 40.0323, 5.9999**.

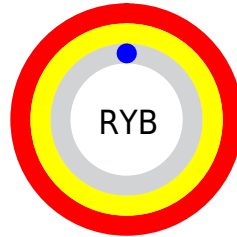
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (50%)

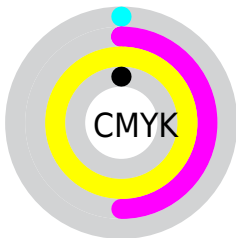
Blue (0%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (0%)

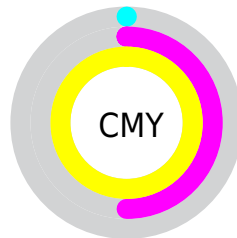


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.8294, 36.4387,  
4.4598


 48.8294, 36.4387,  
4.4598


372.5984,  
330.8740, 153.2066


 34.6981, 24.7732,  
1.8808


 87.6403, 69.7087,  
15.0570

 23.5959, 15.9082,  
0.4805


 113.0506, 92.0819,  
23.9124

 15.1572, 9.4592,  
0.0000


 142.9513,  
118.7932, 35.6969

 9.0168, 5.0419,  
0.0000

 177.7078,  
150.2269, 50.8292

 4.8094, 2.2719,  
0.0000

 217.6854,  
186.7674, 69.7278


 2.1694, 0.7588,  
0.0000

 263.2495,


 0.7266, 0.0000,


228.7992, 92.8112


0.0000


 314.7654,  
276.7066, 120.4979


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 48.8294, 36.4387,  
4.4598


 48.8294, 36.4387,  
4.4598


 48.8295, 36.4394,  
4.4599

 50.7708, 40.0323,  
5.9999

 53.1646, 44.1531,  
8.8535

 56.0907, 48.8461,  
13.4028

 59.6000, 54.1424,  
19.8822

 63.7360, 60.0698,  
28.4887

68.5371, 66.6536,  
39.3944

74.0382, 73.9173,  
52.7535

80.2715, 81.8830,  
68.7071

87.2670, 90.5717,  
87.3850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.1338, 36.4387, 13.8179



48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598



34.7985, 36.4387, 2.5447

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598



15.2103, 36.4387, 39.2066



48.4723, 36.4387, 139.7028

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598



25.7694, 22.6587, 97.6225

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.4698, 36.4387, 162.4235



48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598



17.1709, 36.4387, 86.4512

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598



17.2740, 36.4387, 13.4182



23.4966, 36.4387, 138.6160



60.8941, 36.4387, 87.8289



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598



26.9199, 36.4387, 3.2681



23.4966, 36.4387, 138.6160



43.6965, 36.4387, 152.0482

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.8302, 36.4407, 4.4604



74.0363, 73.9147, 52.7480



45.3879, 22.9193, 23.7735



15.3317, 15.1473, 10.0187



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.8302, 36.4407, 4.4604



48.8298, 36.4396, 4.4599



75.6587, 90.0978, 13.4033



18.7567, 19.4817, 18.9161



25.6638, 19.3388, 2.3801



2.6080, 2.1013, 0.2681



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.7694, 22.6587, 97.6225



25.7687, 22.6575, 97.6229



18.0962, 7.3125, 95.0648



17.7564, 18.8845, 22.9592



13.6142, 12.1379, 51.0599



1.4348, 1.4003, 5.0079



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.8294, 36.4387,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598

### Protanopia

33.1874, 36.7992, 6.1128

### Deuteranopia

37.1749, 36.5645, 5.0983



## Tritanopia

51.9737, 36.4933, 24.7267

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598

## Protanomaly

37.7242, 35.8666, 5.3501

## Deuteranomaly

40.8659, 36.0981, 4.8138

## Tritanomaly

49.8082, 36.0200, 12.1120

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

32.7706, 31.0093, 15.3245

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 127, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 127, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 127, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 127, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 127, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 127, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 127, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 127, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 127, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 127,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.8294, 36.4387, 4.4598 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 127, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
127, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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