

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.9139, 43.8970, 24.5974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.9139, 43.8970, 24.5974)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(49.1286, 44.0937,  
24.6605)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6A27B
RGB	230, 162, 123
RGB Percent	90%, 64%, 48%
CMY	0.0980, 0.3647, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.47, 0.10
HSL	22°, 68%, 69%
HSV	22°, 47%, 90%
XYZ	49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605
YIQ	177.8860, 53.0470, 2.2870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

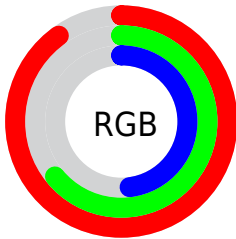
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 184, 123
Decimal	15114875
CIE Lab	72.29, 20.70, 30.31
CIE LCh	72, 36.710, 55.668
Yxy	44.0937, 0.4168, 0.3740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293304955 (0xFFE6A27B)
YUV	177.8860, -27.0588, 45.7040
Hunter-Lab	66.4031, 15.8586, 24.4633

# Details

The XYZ color **49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **41.0813, 47.1838, 81.8049**, and the grayscale version is **42.3765, 44.5834, 48.5513**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.8893, 74.0203, 51.4673**, and **23.8252, 20.4169, 9.1637** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.4279, 38.7321, 17.1388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.4690, 50.1934, 34.0650**.

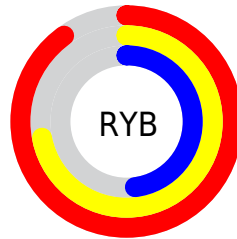
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (64%)

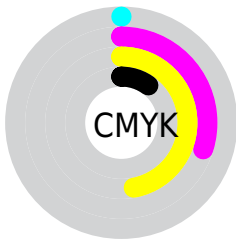
Blue (48%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (48%)

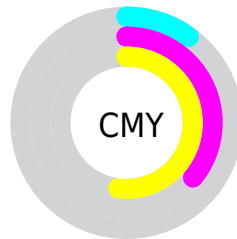


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.1286, 44.0937,  
24.6605

 49.1286, 44.0937,  
24.6605


373.7569,  
363.0905, 289.5363

 34.9365, 30.7442,  
15.6076


 88.0820, 81.3587,  
52.0632

 23.7802, 20.4041,  
9.0956


 113.5740,  
106.0430, 71.2500

 15.2945, 12.6891,  
4.7059


 143.5633,  
135.2743, 94.6520

 9.1140, 7.2148,  
2.0201

178.4152,  
169.4371, 122.6875

 4.8733, 3.5968,  
0.5676

218.4952,  
208.9157, 155.7751

 2.2071, 1.4507,  
0.0000

264.1686,

 0.7465, 0.2536,

254.0946, 194.3334

0.0000

315.8007,  
305.3580, 238.7810

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.1286, 44.0937,  
24.6605

■ 49.1286, 44.0937,  
24.6605

■ 45.4279, 38.7321,  
17.1388

■ 53.4690, 50.1934,  
34.0650

■ 42.3294, 34.0722,  
11.3671

■ 58.4773, 57.0529,  
45.4671

■ 39.7961, 30.0837,  
7.1995

■ 64.1836, 64.7007,  
58.9757

■ 37.7848, 26.7308,  
4.4645

■ 70.6154, 73.1622,  
74.6909

■ 36.2432, 23.9732,  
2.9468

■ 77.7984, 82.4612,  
92.7063

■ 35.7912, 23.1392,  
2.5799

■ 84.7756, 92.2280,  
107.9414

■ 86.4430, 95.5629,  
108.4972

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.8189, 44.0937, 34.4820



49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605



42.8324, 44.0937, 21.0367

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605



30.9422, 44.0937, 45.4347



47.3857, 44.0937, 86.6144

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605



41.0813, 47.1838, 81.8049

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.0004, 44.0937, 91.6413



49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605



31.9014, 44.0937, 64.6824

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605



32.6711, 44.0937, 30.9648



35.4351, 44.0937, 82.7846



52.7439, 44.0937, 70.3848



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605



38.7189, 44.0937, 21.7316



35.4351, 44.0937, 82.7846



45.2713, 44.0937, 89.8201

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1297, 44.0959, 24.6614



83.0108, 84.2804, 79.1177



49.2917, 34.8195, 54.3124



17.4060, 17.5605, 16.0601



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1297, 44.0959, 24.6614



57.4970, 49.0768, 21.8300



60.2422, 66.3209, 28.3655



14.8050, 15.2239, 15.0626



20.3693, 13.3128, 1.4960



1.5913, 1.1558, 0.1392

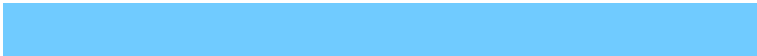


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0813, 47.1838, 81.8049



46.1004, 53.3636, 102.4782



31.6916, 28.4043, 78.6750



14.3426, 15.4065, 18.3622



14.0395, 15.1411, 44.5657



1.1251, 1.2942, 3.3225



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

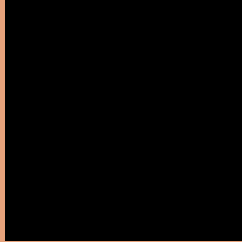
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.1286, 44.0937,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605

### Protanopia

41.2373, 44.1324, 27.4641

### Deuteranopia

44.9773, 44.1270, 24.2360



## Tritanopia

52.8880, 44.0965, 42.7698

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605

## Protanomaly

43.7601, 44.0165, 26.2683

## Deuteranomaly

46.5450, 44.1026, 24.4718

## Tritanomaly

51.4986, 44.0444, 35.4929

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605

## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

## Achromatomaly

43.9500, 43.8440, 38.4941

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 162, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 162, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 162, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 162, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 162, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 162, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 162, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 162, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 162, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 162,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.1286, 44.0937, 24.6605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 162, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
162, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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