

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.9528, 35.1479,  
106.2769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.9528, 35.1479, 106.2769)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(47.5365, 34.6697,  
98.7942)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE84FF
RGB	190, 132, 255
RGB Percent	75%, 52%, 100%
CMY	0.2549, 0.4823, 0.0000
CMYK	0.25, 0.48, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	268°, 100%, 76%
HSV	268°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942
YIQ	163.3640, -4.9150, 50.5490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

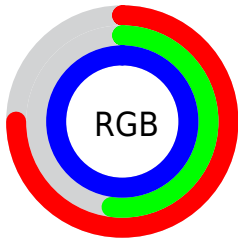
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	190, 132, 255
Decimal	12485887
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.49, 45.63, -53.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 70.030, 310.664
Yxy	34.6697, 0.2626, 0.1915
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290675967 (0xFFBE84FF)
YUV	163.3640, 45.1765, 23.3598
Hunter-Lab	58.8810, 41.0670, -58.2638

# Details

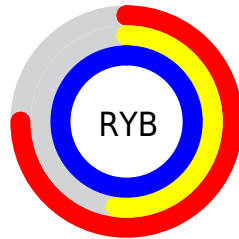
The XYZ color **47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **62.9511, 85.0564, 34.9306**, and the grayscale version is **34.7807, 36.5920, 39.8487**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.6758, 62.4775, 102.7313**, and **22.8083, 14.9486, 55.1093** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.2802, 26.9239, 97.6289**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.9514, 44.2684, 100.2561**.

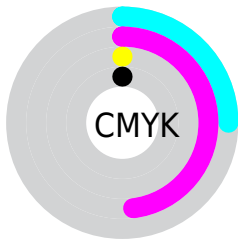
# Distribution



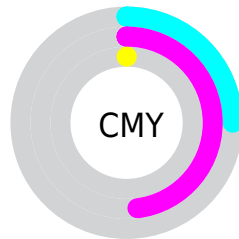
- Red (75%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.5365, 34.6697,  
98.7942

47.5365, 34.6697,  
98.7942

367.5652,  
323.1080, 577.5334

33.6697, 23.4086,  
74.6826

85.7278, 66.9738,  
161.5365

22.8017, 14.8955,  
54.8528

110.7830, 88.7855,  
201.0044

14.5670, 8.7461,  
38.8861

140.2983,  
114.8828, 246.4281

8.6004, 4.5759,  
26.3639

174.6392,  
145.6502, 298.2263

4.5365, 2.0007,  
16.8679

214.1710,  
181.4720, 356.8173

2.0099, 0.6079,  
9.9794

259.2590,

0.6395, 0.0000,

222.7327, 422.6198

5.2799

310.2686,  
269.8165, 496.0523

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.3508

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7595

■ 47.5365, 34.6697,  
98.7942

■ 47.5365, 34.6697,  
98.7942

■ 41.2802, 26.9239,  
97.6289

■ 54.9514, 44.2684,  
100.2561

■ 36.1077, 20.8974,  
96.7383

■ 63.5857, 55.8330,  
102.0333

■ 31.9403, 16.4444,  
96.0984

■ 73.4998, 69.4717,  
104.1433

■ 28.6843, 13.3915,  
95.6807

■ 84.7488, 85.2835,  
106.6024

■ 26.2140, 11.5012, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
95.4461 108.9000

■ 25.8300, 11.2308,  
95.4141

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.7361, 34.6697, 124.8279



47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



55.2683, 34.6697, 59.6927

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



39.9185, 34.6697, 5.6100



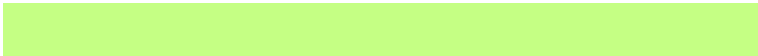
17.1306, 34.6697, 49.1883

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



62.9511, 85.0564, 34.9306

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6341, 34.6697, 21.9747



47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



29.4381, 34.6697, 5.0128

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



50.2778, 34.6697, 11.6205



21.7056, 34.6697, 9.0807



20.1492, 34.6697, 87.7711



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



56.8506, 34.6697, 37.0986



21.7056, 34.6697, 9.0807



16.9123, 34.6697, 38.4078

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.5377, 34.6710, 98.7944



78.0966, 75.8956, 105.1409



47.6694, 52.3321, 102.1964



16.2080, 15.5336, 22.3940



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.5377, 34.6710, 98.7944



41.4139, 27.0850, 97.6529



66.0494, 44.2141, 99.6607



17.8176, 17.7977, 22.7462



13.6660, 5.9556, 49.8638



1.4555, 0.6443, 4.8609



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5698, 41.7947, 57.7509



55.2922, 35.3099, 49.9424



50.0952, 78.4289, 34.3290



18.4105, 18.1475, 20.7788



23.9009, 12.0497, 13.3947

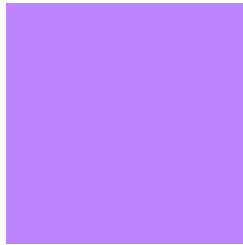


2.3824, 1.1953, 1.5951



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

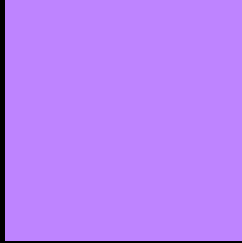
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

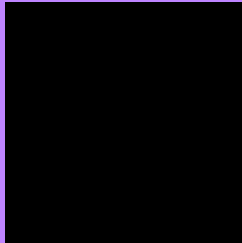
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.5365, 34.6697,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942

### Protanopia

37.6842, 34.9900, 99.3753

### Deuteranopia

36.0526, 35.0153, 94.4810



## Tritanopia

35.6383, 34.4977, 40.3777

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



## Protanomaly

40.1608, 34.1072, 99.0744



## Deuteranomaly

38.9752, 34.0354, 95.7821



## Tritanomaly

39.1408, 34.0313, 57.9318

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942



## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849



## Achromatomaly

38.4256, 35.3262, 57.0179

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 132, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 132, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 132, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 132, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 132, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 132, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 132, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 132, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 132, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 132,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.5365, 34.6697, 98.7942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 132, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
132, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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