

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.9545, 23.6221, 75.2512)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.9545, 23.6221, 75.2512)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.9286, 23.6060,  
75.3764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED00E4
RGB	237, 0, 228
RGB Percent	93%, 0%, 89%
CMY	0.0706, 0.9998, 0.1059
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.04, 0.07
HSL	302°, 100%, 46%
HSV	302°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764
YIQ	96.8550, 68.0640, 121.1520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

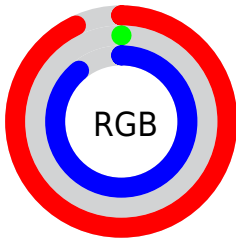
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 0, 228
Decimal	15532260
CIE Lab	55.69, 91.71, -53.32
CIE LCh	56, 106.083, 329.827
Yxy	23.6060, 0.3308, 0.1596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293722340 (0xFFED00E4)
YUV	96.8550, 64.6545, 122.9072
Hunter-Lab	48.5860, 94.7331, -57.9724

# Details

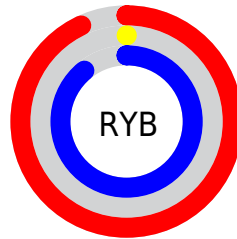
The XYZ color **48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **30.3346, 60.5891, 10.3558**, and the grayscale version is **11.1682, 11.7498, 12.7955**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.9437, 37.7874, 98.5312**, and **25.3509, 12.2087, 40.0501** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.9288, 23.6061, 75.3755**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.3758, 24.2991, 76.1438**.

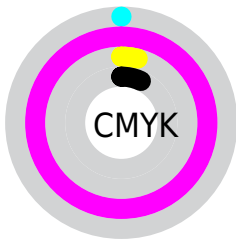
# Distribution



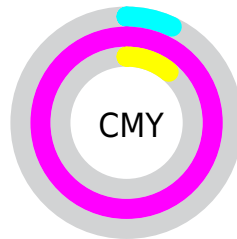
- Red (93%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 48.9286, 23.6060,  
75.3764


 48.9286, 23.6060,  
75.3764


372.9828,  
270.8224, 498.5002

 34.7771, 15.0416,  
55.4177


 87.7868, 49.3865,  
128.5970

 23.6570, 8.8486,  
39.3354


 113.2242, 67.3714,  
162.6960


 15.2027, 4.6426,  
26.7109


 143.1543, 89.2652,  
202.3456

 9.0490, 2.0391,  
17.1257

 177.9425,  
115.4524, 247.9642

 4.8305, 0.6300,  
10.1613

 217.9540,  
146.3173, 299.9705

 2.1819, 0.0000,  
5.3990

263.5544,

 0.7332, 0.0000,

182.2443, 358.7828

2.4204

315.1088,  
223.6179, 424.8199

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7975

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.9286, 23.6060,  
75.3764

■ 48.9286, 23.6060,  
75.3764

■ 48.9288, 23.6061,  
75.3755

■ 49.3758, 24.2991,  
76.1438

■ 50.2148, 25.7754,  
77.0449

■ 51.5695, 28.2822,  
78.1212

■ 53.5125, 31.9647,  
79.3968

■ 56.1050, 36.9449,  
80.8921

■ 59.4003, 43.3298,  
82.6248

■ 63.4463, 51.2150,  
84.6111

■ 68.2867, 60.6878,  
86.8654

■ 73.9618, 71.8290,  
89.4012

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.0041, 23.6060, 136.4694



48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



54.3845, 23.6060, 25.9036

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



22.5068, 23.6060, 0.0000



7.7679, 23.6060, 74.6683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



30.3346, 60.5891, 10.3558

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3544, 23.6060, 25.5033



48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



12.7944, 23.6060, 0.2788

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



36.1702, 23.6060, 0.3013



7.8024, 23.6060, 4.7258



12.7113, 23.6060, 135.8611



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



51.9503, 23.6060, 9.1569



7.8024, 23.6060, 4.7258



6.9635, 23.6060, 55.3168

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9295, 23.6071, 75.3769



74.8457, 60.3344, 99.8746



15.3861, 6.1667, 80.5010



15.5645, 12.0250, 21.1571



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9295, 23.6071, 75.3769



57.7694, 27.8718, 88.9727



37.7745, 19.1451, 16.6350



15.6887, 15.3033, 18.9117



26.7246, 12.8925, 41.2128



2.1063, 1.0155, 3.2769



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9295, 23.6071, 75.3769



57.7694, 27.8718, 88.9727



34.0782, 62.0865, 30.0692



15.6887, 15.3033, 18.9117



26.7246, 12.8925, 41.2128



2.1063, 1.0155, 3.2769



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

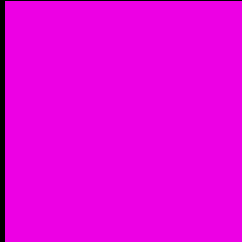
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.9286, 23.6060,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764

### Protanopia

28.2807, 24.5426, 97.8544

### Deuteranopia

25.0180, 24.3566, 67.0010



## Tritanopia

36.1531, 23.8265, 13.5200

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



## Protanomaly

28.3271, 17.2911, 88.2307



## Deuteranomaly

27.4417, 17.6097, 68.9705



## Tritanomaly

38.4160, 21.4034, 28.0931

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764



## Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177



## Achromatomaly

19.0462, 11.7855, 28.0590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 0, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 0, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 0, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 0, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 0, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 0, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 0, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 0, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 0, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 0,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.9286, 23.6060, 75.3764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 0, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237, 0,  
228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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