

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.9884, 60.6623, 90.6567)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.9884, 60.6623, 90.6567)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(48.9636, 60.6599,  
90.7892)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CDAEF
RGB	124, 218, 239
RGB Percent	49%, 85%, 94%
CMY	0.5137, 0.1451, 0.0627
CMYK	0.48, 0.09, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	191°, 78%, 71%
HSV	191°, 48%, 94%
XYZ	48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892
YIQ	192.2880, -62.7650, -13.3970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

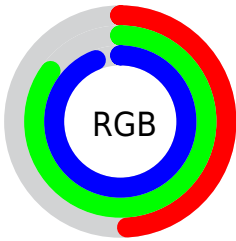
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 176, 239
Decimal	8182511
CIELab	82.20, -22.44, -18.94
CIELCh	82, 29.364, 220.170
Yxy	60.6599, 0.2443, 0.3027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286372591 (0xFF7CDAEF)
YUV	192.2880, 23.0290, -59.8886
Hunter-Lab	77.8845, -24.0803, -14.5947

# Details

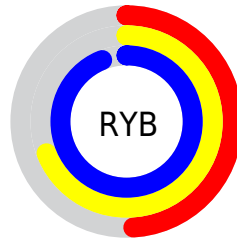
The XYZ color **48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.3614, 40.0581, 24.2010**, and the grayscale version is **50.1688, 52.7815, 57.4790**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.1014, 88.6851, 107.8728**, and **23.6943, 30.6700, 49.4708** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.8028, 56.8583, 90.2758**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.9949, 64.9572, 91.3546**.

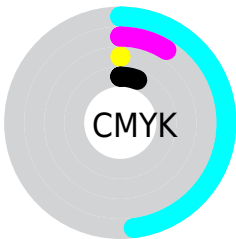
# Distribution



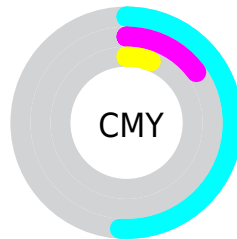
- Red (49%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



48.9636, 60.6599,  
90.7892

48.9636, 60.6599,  
90.7892

373.1183,  
427.0259, 551.2310

34.8050, 43.9508,  
68.0580

87.8384, 105.7863,  
150.3792

23.6785, 30.6318,  
49.4779

113.2854,  
134.9724, 188.0751

15.2188, 20.3186,  
34.6305

143.2259,  
169.0863, 231.5963

9.0604, 12.6269,  
23.0971

178.0252,  
208.5123, 281.3614

4.8380, 7.1721,  
14.4592

218.0488,  
253.6349, 337.7889

2.1863, 3.5700,  
8.2984

263.6619,

0.7355, 1.4360,

304.8384, 401.2972

4.1960

315.2300,  
362.5073, 472.3051

■ 0.0000, 0.2431,  
1.7335

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3835

■ 48.9636, 60.6599,  
90.7892

■ 48.9636, 60.6599,  
90.7892

■ 44.8028, 56.8583,  
90.2758

■ 53.9949, 64.9572,  
91.3546

■ 41.4451, 53.5132,  
89.8071

■ 59.9466, 69.7723,  
91.9703

■ 38.8222, 50.5905,  
89.3812

■ 66.8714, 75.1339,  
92.6402

■ 36.8515, 48.0472,  
88.9942

■ 74.8164, 81.0666,  
93.3666

■ 35.4178, 45.8237,  
88.6405

■ 83.8256, 87.5935,  
94.1516

■ 35.1762, 45.4241,  
88.5762

■ 89.2275, 92.3066,  
94.7766

■ 90.5576, 94.9669,  
95.2200

■ 91.9190, 97.6897,  
95.6738

■ 92.5802, 99.0121,  
95.8942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

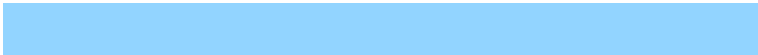
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6325, 60.6599, 72.3042



48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892



53.6799, 60.6599, 103.9381

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892



69.6963, 60.6599, 78.4056



55.5624, 60.6599, 37.6682

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892



49.3614, 40.0581, 24.2010

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.8226, 60.6599, 38.7076



48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892



70.2914, 60.6599, 60.1641

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892



65.7475, 60.6599, 95.9426



67.3194, 60.6599, 46.2678



50.2561, 60.6599, 43.1146



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892



57.6911, 60.6599, 106.7192



67.3194, 60.6599, 46.2678



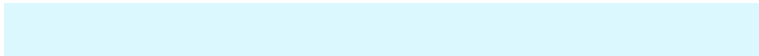
57.6198, 60.6599, 37.2982

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9655, 60.6622, 90.7906



81.0693, 89.7578, 107.6599



44.1508, 68.0077, 36.8546



16.9369, 18.8997, 23.0053



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

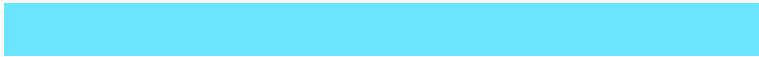


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9655, 60.6622, 90.7906



51.8672, 65.8355, 104.5816



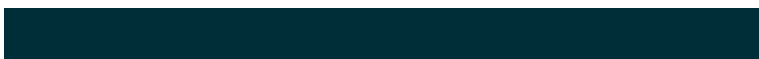
36.8730, 36.4773, 86.7598



15.9877, 17.4094, 20.2393



19.5282, 25.2807, 48.9783



1.6877, 2.2293, 4.0956



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.4608, 37.8298, 70.7109



60.5109, 37.3974, 77.4236



60.0452, 61.4256, 27.7622



16.3232, 15.9790, 19.2582



25.1826, 12.3455, 29.9416

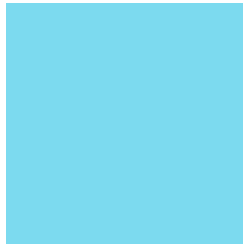


2.1268, 1.0398, 2.6585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

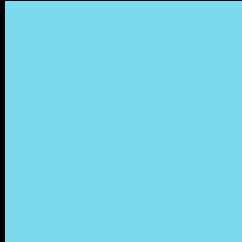
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

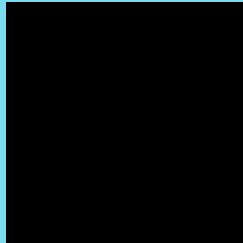
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892.



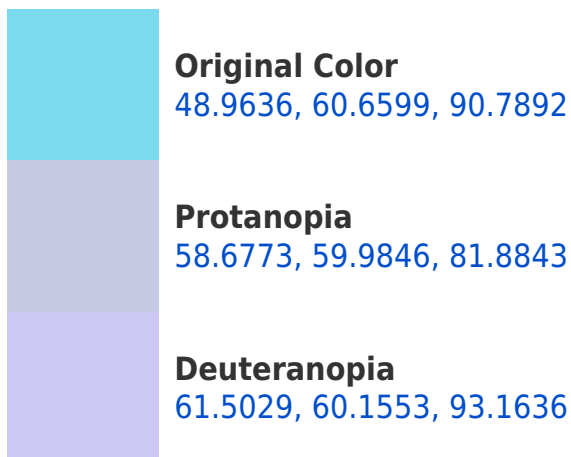
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.9636, 60.6599,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

48.3801, 60.4099, 88.4673

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892

**Protanomaly**

54.1346, 59.7086, 85.0156

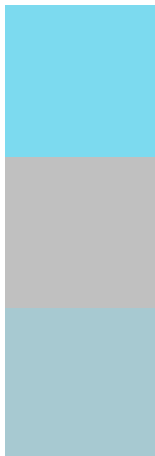
**Deuteranomaly**

55.7775, 59.6674, 92.5816

**Tritanomaly**

48.5258, 60.4682, 89.2347

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892

**Achromatopsia**

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

**Achromatomaly**

48.3316, 54.5922, 68.3116

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 218, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 218, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 218, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 218, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 218, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 218, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 218, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 218, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 218, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 218,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.9636, 60.6599, 90.7892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 218, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
218, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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