

# Converting Colors

XYZ(48.9952, 58.0553, 94.1803)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(48.9952, 58.0553, 94.1803)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(48.9835, 57.9455,  
94.1908)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	83D3F4
RGB	131, 211, 244
RGB Percent	51%, 83%, 96%
CMY	0.4863, 0.1725, 0.0431
CMYK	0.46, 0.14, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	198°, 84%, 74%
HSV	198°, 46%, 96%
XYZ	48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908
YIQ	190.8420, -58.2730, -6.6970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

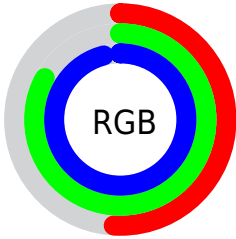
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	131, 178, 244
Decimal	8639476
CIELab	80.71, -15.97, -23.83
CIELCh	81, 28.686, 236.163
Yxy	57.9455, 0.2436, 0.2881
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286829556 (0xFF83D3F4)
YUV	190.8420, 26.2069, -52.4814
Hunter-Lab	76.1219, -18.3509, -20.0781

# Details

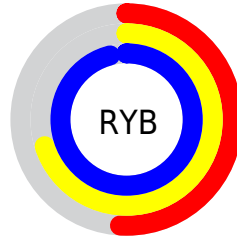
The XYZ color **48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **54.6818, 47.4242, 27.7463**, and the grayscale version is **49.3086, 51.8765, 56.4935**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.7963, 89.5588, 107.9521**, and **23.6381, 28.7855, 51.8873** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9092, 52.7609, 93.4586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.0297, 63.7502, 94.9936**.

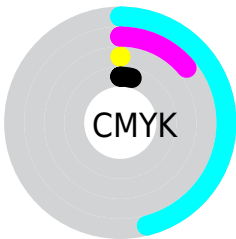
# Distribution



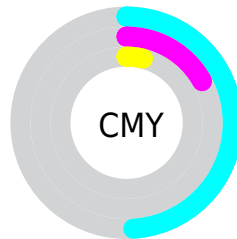
- Red (51%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.9835, 57.9455,  
94.1908

■ 48.9835, 57.9455,  
94.1908

373.1954,  
416.9828, 562.4892

■ 34.8209, 41.7648,  
70.8685

■ 87.8678, 101.8435,  
155.1321

■ 23.6908, 28.9172,  
51.7537

■ 113.3202,  
130.3296, 193.5882

■ 15.2279, 19.0182,  
36.4279

■ 143.2666,  
163.6863, 237.9260

■ 9.0668, 11.6834,  
24.4726

178.0723,  
202.2980, 288.5641

■ 4.8423, 6.5285,  
15.4691

218.1026,  
246.5492, 345.9208

■ 2.1888, 3.1690,  
8.9990

263.7231,

■ 0.7368, 1.2206,

296.8241, 410.4149

4.6437

315.2989,  
353.5072, 482.4649

■ 0.0000, 0.0784,  
1.9847

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5459

■ 48.9835, 57.9455,  
94.1908

■ 48.9835, 57.9455,  
94.1908

■ 43.9092, 52.7609,  
93.4586

■ 55.0297, 63.7502,  
94.9936

■ 39.7370, 48.1550,  
92.7894

■ 62.1005, 70.1998,  
95.8658

■ 36.3957, 44.0910,  
92.1811

■ 70.2512, 77.3255,  
96.8116

■ 33.8004, 40.5235,  
91.6293

■ 79.5314, 85.1543,  
97.8336

■ 31.8453, 37.3964,  
91.1287

■ 89.9875, 93.7115,  
98.9342

■ 31.2243, 36.3217,  
90.9540

■ 92.9339, 98.5208,  
99.7072

■ 93.3293, 99.3117,  
99.8390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

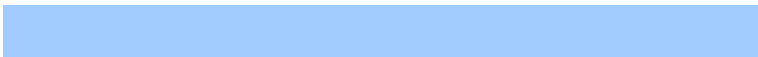
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.4873, 57.9455, 78.5678



48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



54.3180, 57.9455, 101.4805

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



67.2173, 57.9455, 65.2973



50.2125, 57.9455, 38.1459

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



54.6818, 47.4242, 27.7463

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.8399, 57.9455, 35.8599



48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



65.9243, 57.9455, 49.7962

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



65.0702, 57.9455, 83.0183



61.6527, 57.9455, 39.7255



46.1605, 57.9455, 46.6416



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



58.3016, 57.9455, 99.8229



61.6527, 57.9455, 39.7255



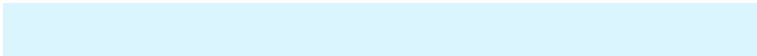
51.9705, 57.9455, 36.6994

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9853, 57.9477, 94.1922



79.8776, 87.3744, 107.2627



48.3247, 72.1729, 46.0439



16.6446, 18.3150, 22.9078



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

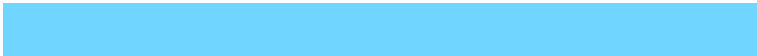


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9853, 57.9477, 94.1922



48.6270, 58.4168, 103.3204



37.4929, 34.9628, 90.3614



16.5641, 17.8925, 21.1231



17.1016, 19.9970, 49.4965



1.5915, 1.9344, 4.3797



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1840, 40.1707, 66.3701



59.1045, 37.7118, 67.3137



66.8728, 71.8063, 31.8100



16.9953, 16.6810, 19.7219



24.4366, 12.1181, 22.8054

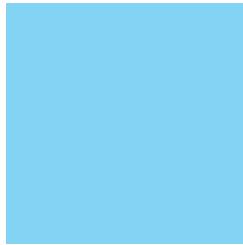


2.1924, 1.0829, 2.2394



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

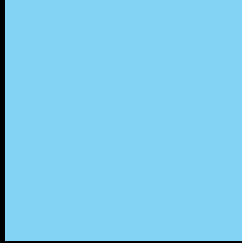
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 48.9835, 57.9455,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908

### Protanopia

56.9277, 57.5928, 86.7134

### Deuteranopia

58.5517, 57.2149, 95.9533



## Tritanopia

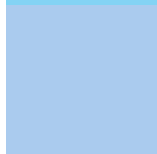
46.8296, 57.8137, 83.5539

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



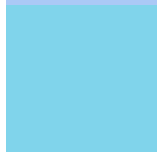
## Protanomaly

53.3661, 57.4310, 89.1615



## Deuteranomaly

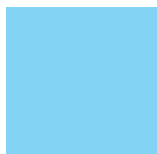
54.3158, 57.0850, 95.3445



## Tritanomaly

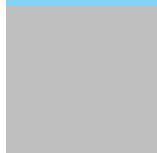
47.4410, 57.6743, 87.2291

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908



## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364



## Achromatomaly

48.1891, 53.4763, 68.7549

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 211, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 211, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 211, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 211, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 211, 244) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 211, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 211, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 211, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 211, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 211,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 48.9835, 57.9455, 94.1908 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 211, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
211, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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