

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.0963, 76.9511, 77.7856)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.0963, 76.9511, 77.7856)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(49.1211, 76.9611,  
77.9117)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	27FFD9
RGB	39, 255, 217
RGB Percent	15%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.8470, 0.0000, 0.1490
CMYK	0.85, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	169°, 100%, 58%
HSV	169°, 85%, 100%
XYZ	49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117
YIQ	186.0840, -116.5380, -57.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

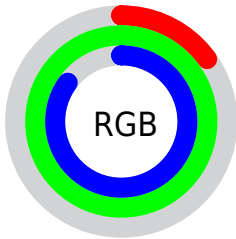
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">39, 157, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">2621401</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.30, -56.96, 4.40</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">90, 57.127, 175.587</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">76.9611, 0.2408, 0.3773</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4280811481</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF27FFD9</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">186.0840, 15.2416, -128.9927</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">87.7275, -53.5759, 8.7532</a>

# Details

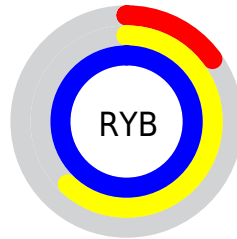
The XYZ color **49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **43.3062, 23.2482, 9.2289**, and the grayscale version is **46.6858, 49.1171, 53.4885**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.5624, 83.2520, 107.3796**, and **26.4878, 42.5411, 40.9976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.8826, 76.3891, 74.8499**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.0245, 77.8739, 81.0901**.

# Distribution



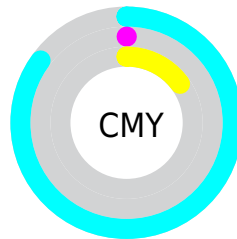
- Red (15%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.1211, 76.9611,  
77.9117


 49.1211, 76.9611,  
77.9117


373.7279,  
484.6314, 507.3869


 34.9305, 57.2209,  
57.4854


 88.0709, 129.0846,  
132.2104


 23.7756, 41.1827,  
40.9831


 113.5609,  
162.2367, 166.9199

 15.2911, 28.4618,  
27.9863


 143.5479,  
200.6282, 207.2275

 9.1116, 18.6741,  
18.0764

 178.3975,  
244.6436, 253.5518

 4.8717, 11.4350,  
10.8348

218.4749,  
294.6672, 306.3114

 2.2062, 6.3602,  
5.8431

264.1456,

 0.7460, 3.0653,

351.0835, 365.9247

2.6827

315.7748,  
414.2767, 432.8104

■ 0.0000, 1.1659,  
0.9347

■ 0.0000, 0.0336,  
0.0000

■ 49.1211, 76.9611,  
77.9117

■ 49.1211, 76.9611,  
77.9117

■ 47.8826, 76.3891,  
74.8499

■ 51.0245, 77.8739,  
81.0901

■ 47.4100, 76.1800,  
73.2682

■ 53.7021, 79.1841,  
84.3868

■ 57.2462, 80.9391,  
87.8082

■ 61.7352, 83.1793,  
91.3585

67.2387, 85.9407,  
95.0417

73.8196, 89.2555,  
98.8612

81.5356, 93.1537,  
102.8203

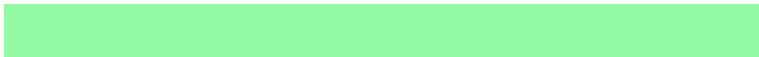
90.4406, 97.6628,  
106.9223

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8200, 76.9611, 46.8568



49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



51.1436, 76.9611, 122.3974

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



85.6129, 76.9611, 176.1981



89.7267, 76.9611, 34.3525

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



43.3062, 23.2482, 9.2289

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.7045, 76.9611, 54.3082



49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



98.1216, 76.9611, 136.3394

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



71.0641, 76.9611, 188.7138



103.9590, 76.9611, 89.9726



75.2747, 76.9611, 27.4370



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



55.6242, 76.9611, 153.1542



103.9590, 76.9611, 89.9726



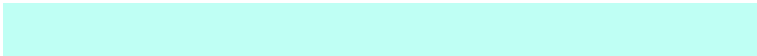
94.0154, 76.9611, 39.3636

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1220, 76.9615, 77.9131



73.6052, 89.1474, 98.7442



39.3190, 73.3124, 13.9994



15.2351, 18.8193, 20.8450



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1220, 76.9615, 77.9131



47.4100, 76.1800, 73.2682



36.5741, 43.0252, 100.9848



18.4096, 20.4234, 22.4600



24.8228, 39.8257, 38.5478



2.4513, 3.8914, 3.9342



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.3062, 23.2482, 9.2289



41.7110, 21.4484, 4.4103



46.9072, 32.0081, 5.6269



18.1398, 18.0392, 19.3533



21.8325, 11.2223, 2.5022

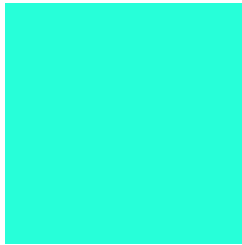


2.1598, 1.1063, 0.4229



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

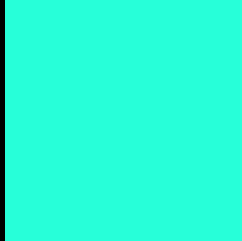
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

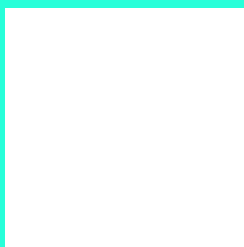
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117.



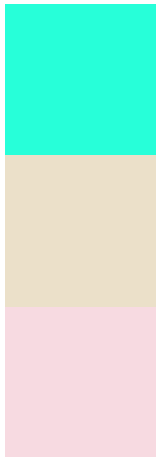
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.1211, 76.9611,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117

### Protanopia

71.4592, 75.1905, 66.0053

### Deuteranopia

77.0198, 75.3532, 81.7194



## Tritanopia

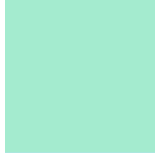
61.5379, 76.3336, 106.0982

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



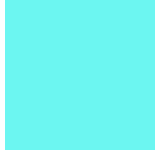
## Protanomaly

56.2807, 71.8142, 69.9267



## Deuteranomaly

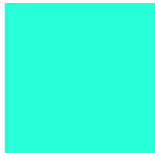
58.5553, 71.0837, 79.7416



## Tritanomaly

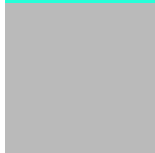
55.0173, 75.4506, 94.8828

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117



## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



## Achromatomaly

43.0452, 55.6063, 61.2877

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 255, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 255, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 255, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 255, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 255, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 255, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 255, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 255, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 255, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 255,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.1211, 76.9611, 77.9117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 255, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 255,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor