

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.1087, 54.9551, 37.3676)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.1087, 54.9551, 37.3676)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(49.0353, 54.9515,  
37.3004)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5C797
RGB	197, 199, 151
RGB Percent	77%, 78%, 59%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2196, 0.4078
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.24, 0.22
HSL	63°, 30%, 69%
HSV	63°, 24%, 78%
XYZ	49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004
YIQ	192.9300, 14.2160, -15.3520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

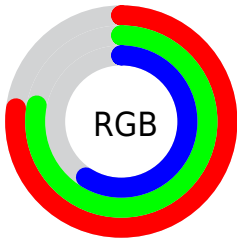
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 199, 153
Decimal	12961687
CIELab	79.01, -8.53, 23.87
CIELCh	79, 25.351, 109.652
Yxy	54.9515, 0.3471, 0.3889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291151767 (0xFFC5C797)
YUV	192.9300, -20.6715, 3.5694
Hunter-Lab	74.1293, -11.6514, 22.0569

# Details

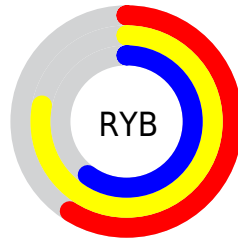
The XYZ color **49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **34.5143, 33.0304, 58.5923**, and the grayscale version is **50.7604, 53.4039, 58.1568**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.6525, 96.9986, 71.8604**, and **23.7533, 27.0105, 16.0182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3373, 54.2491, 29.4849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.0102, 55.7686, 46.5551**.

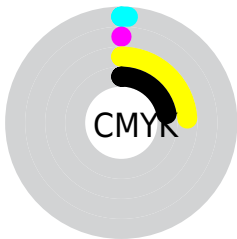
# Distribution



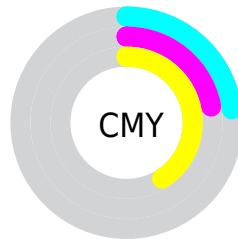
- Red (77%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.0353, 54.9515,  
37.3004

■ 49.0353, 54.9515,  
37.3004

373.3959,  
405.7281, 349.8170

■ 34.8621, 39.3629,  
25.1426

■ 87.9443, 97.4699,  
72.2260

■ 23.7227, 27.0422,  
15.9633

■ 113.4108,  
125.1685, 95.8309

■ 15.2517, 17.6049,  
9.3441

143.3725,  
157.6725, 124.0886

■ 9.0837, 10.6667,  
4.8664

178.1947,  
195.3663, 157.4175

■ 4.8533, 5.8432,  
2.1117

218.2428,  
238.6344, 196.2363

■ 2.1953, 2.7500,  
0.6227

263.8822,

■ 0.7403, 1.0026,

287.8612, 240.9634

0.0000

315.4781,  
343.4309, 292.0175

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.0353, 54.9515,  
37.3004

■ 49.0353, 54.9515,  
37.3004

■ 47.3373, 54.2491,  
29.4849

■ 51.0102, 55.7686,  
46.5551

■ 45.8981, 53.6485,  
23.0331

■ 53.2706, 56.6980,  
57.3126

■ 44.7045, 53.1463,  
17.8677

■ 55.8296, 57.7471,  
69.6369

■ 43.7400, 52.7358,  
13.9024

■ 58.6986, 58.9204,  
83.5872

■ 42.9862, 52.4098,  
11.0405

■ 61.8883, 60.2220,  
99.2197

■ 42.4218, 52.1596,  
9.1700

■ 62.8280, 60.6238,  
102.9979

■ 42.0212, 51.9751,  
8.1557

■ 63.0535, 60.7400,  
103.0085

■ 41.8338, 51.8860,  
7.8101

■ 63.2801, 60.8569,  
103.0191

■ 63.5080, 60.9744,  
103.0297

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9914, 54.9515, 36.4558



49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004



45.1810, 54.9515, 43.5904

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004



46.1985, 54.9515, 83.5979



62.3640, 54.9515, 64.9624

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004



34.5143, 33.0304, 58.5923

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.9759, 54.9515, 79.6789



49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004



50.5068, 54.9515, 91.5297

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004



43.6177, 54.9515, 69.6693



55.5600, 54.9515, 89.9902



61.9068, 54.9515, 50.9688



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004



43.6534, 54.9515, 50.6844



55.5600, 54.9515, 89.9902



61.8617, 54.9515, 70.0208

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0367, 54.9539, 37.3016



92.0343, 98.7621, 94.4480



40.4667, 37.0296, 34.2935



19.6461, 21.1174, 19.9628



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0367, 54.9539, 37.3016



84.2187, 95.5373, 57.7447



43.3335, 52.0138, 37.0347



11.4784, 12.3936, 11.3500



26.9177, 33.3719, 5.0227



1.2884, 1.5873, 0.2385



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5143, 33.0304, 58.5923



54.3843, 50.4955, 101.4880



39.4175, 35.5581, 58.8217



10.0970, 10.3082, 13.3750



6.7141, 2.6955, 34.9108



0.3325, 0.1352, 1.6537



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

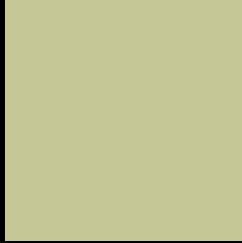
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

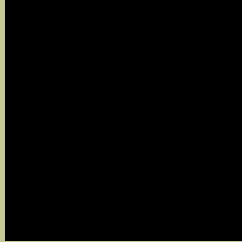
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

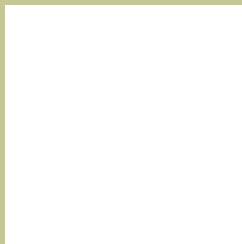
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.0353, 54.9515,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004

### Protanopia

51.2344, 54.7554, 36.3023

### Deuteranopia

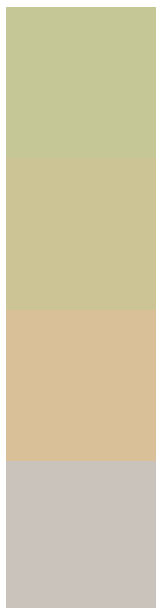
56.0461, 54.9244, 37.7845



## Tritanopia

55.0140, 55.0416, 66.7560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004

## Protanomaly

50.4218, 54.6610, 36.7473

## Deuteranomaly

53.1324, 54.7180, 37.4670

## Tritanomaly

52.5721, 55.0356, 54.8658

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004

## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738

## Achromatomaly

49.7991, 53.7139, 49.8626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 199, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 199, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 199, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 199, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 199, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 199, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 199, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 199, 151); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 199, 151); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 199, 151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.0353, 54.9515, 37.3004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 199, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
199, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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