

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.1512, 65.1495, 17.2872)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.1512, 65.1495, 17.2872)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.0755, 65.1063,  
17.3774)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCE14F
RGB	188, 225, 79
RGB Percent	74%, 88%, 31%
CMY	0.2627, 0.1176, 0.6902
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.65, 0.12
HSL	75°, 71%, 60%
HSV	75°, 65%, 88%
XYZ	49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774
YIQ	197.2930, 24.8140, -53.2500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

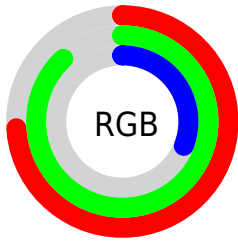
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	79, 225, 116
Decimal	12378447
CIELab	84.54, -32.23, 64.86
CIELCh	85, 72.424, 116.426
Yxy	65.1063, 0.3730, 0.4949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290568527 (0xFFBCE14F)
YUV	197.2930, -58.3184, -8.1500
Hunter-Lab	80.6885, -32.6394, 43.7130

# Details

The XYZ color **49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. The color can be described as light muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **23.5916, 14.7430, 72.8403**, and the grayscale version is **53.5808, 56.3712, 61.3882**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4909, 93.0434, 36.7439**, and **23.7952, 33.5989, 5.5477** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.0143, 64.1250, 13.7058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4723, 66.2329, 22.5135**.

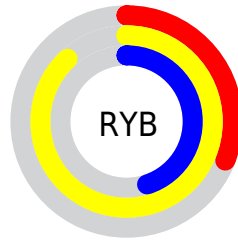
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (88%)

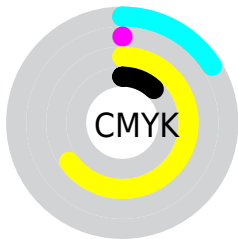
Blue (31%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (45%)

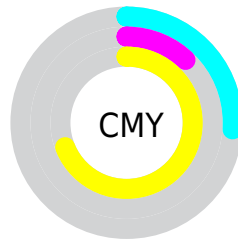


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.0755, 65.1063,  
17.3774

■ 49.0755, 65.1063,  
17.3774

373.5515,  
443.1739, 249.4551

■ 34.8942, 47.5473,  
10.3391

■ 88.0036, 112.2027,  
39.7730

■ 23.7475, 33.4685,  
5.5159

■ 113.4811,  
142.5088, 55.9675

■ 15.2701, 22.4856,  
2.4890

■ 143.4547,  
177.8328, 76.0511

■ 9.0967, 14.2141,  
0.8343

■ 178.2897,  
218.5590, 100.4423

■ 4.8620, 8.2698,  
0.0000

■ 218.3516,  
265.0718, 129.5598

■ 2.2004, 4.2680,  
0.0000

264.0056,

■ 0.7430, 1.8246,

317.7556, 163.8221

0.0000

315.6171,  
376.9948, 203.6477

■ 0.0000, 0.5024,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.0755, 65.1063,  
17.3774

■ 49.0755, 65.1063,  
17.3774

■ 47.0143, 64.1250,  
13.7058

■ 51.4723, 66.2329,  
22.5135

■ 45.2544, 63.2683,  
11.3405

■ 54.2261, 67.5064,  
29.2428

■ 43.7607, 62.5243,  
10.0941

■ 57.3613, 68.9391,  
37.6845

■ 43.0697, 62.1754,  
9.7310

■ 60.8988, 70.5393,  
47.9453

■ 64.8579, 72.3148,  
60.1234

■ 69.2563, 74.2728,  
74.3097

■ 74.1109, 76.4202,  
90.5894

■ 78.7851, 78.5022,  
105.6078

■ 80.6839, 79.4811,  
105.6966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8360, 65.1063, 14.0473



49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774



39.4642, 65.1063, 32.2304

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774



46.2607, 65.1063, 173.6824



98.2991, 65.1063, 76.5748

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774



23.5916, 14.7430, 72.8403

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.4977, 65.1063, 132.2566



49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774



59.9674, 65.1063, 201.6928

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774



38.0484, 65.1063, 118.2421



76.7416, 65.1063, 183.9457



94.0311, 65.1063, 38.2429



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774



36.3567, 65.1063, 52.0130



76.7416, 65.1063, 183.9457



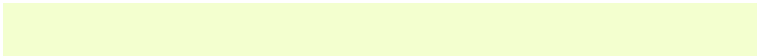
97.2055, 65.1063, 93.8566

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0770, 65.1092, 17.3788



83.8330, 95.0079, 72.6633



38.6530, 28.9500, 10.9487



17.6220, 20.1912, 14.5672



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0770, 65.1092, 17.3788



61.5390, 84.7268, 16.8647



35.4750, 58.0971, 16.7422



14.5148, 15.8456, 14.6003



24.9304, 35.8846, 5.6125



1.8089, 2.5290, 0.3928



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5916, 14.7430, 72.8403



25.4742, 13.1538, 95.8040



37.2514, 21.7849, 73.4796



13.2760, 13.4103, 17.2764



8.8961, 3.6814, 41.2901



0.6984, 0.2973, 2.8658



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

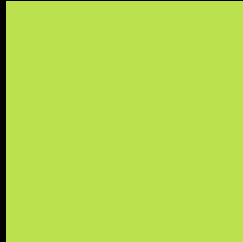
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

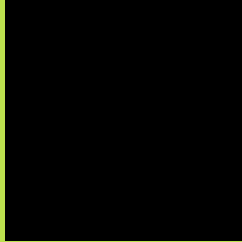
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774.



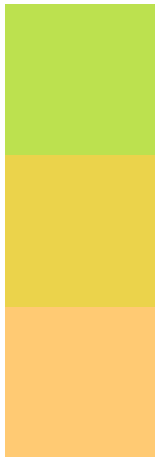
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.0755, 65.1063,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774

### Protanopia

58.8252, 64.7587, 16.0559

### Deuteranopia

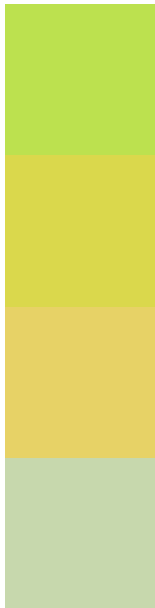
65.4550, 64.7389, 25.2657



## Tritanopia

62.3362, 65.1137, 81.9558

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774

## Protanomaly

54.7738, 64.5390, 16.4079

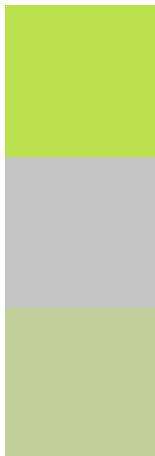
## Deuteranomaly

58.3999, 64.0414, 21.8536

## Tritanomaly

55.6519, 64.2710, 49.0075

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774

## Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

## Achromatomaly

50.3937, 58.4281, 39.1936

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 225, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 225, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 225, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 225, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 225, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 225, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 225, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 225, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 225, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 225,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.0755, 65.1063, 17.3774 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 225, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
225, 79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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