

Converting Colors

XYZ(49.1712, 50.7106, 54.3107)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(49.1712, 50.7106, 54.3107)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(49.2456, 50.7306,
54.2102)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | C3BBBB |
| RGB | 195, 187, 187 |
| RGB Percent | 76%, 73%, 73% |
| CMY | 0.2353, 0.2666, 0.2667 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.24 |
| HSL | 0°, 6%, 75% |
| HSV | 0°, 4%, 76% |
| XYZ | 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 |
| YIQ | 189.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

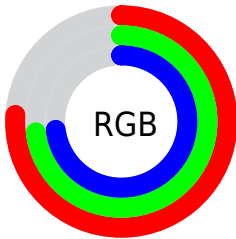
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 195, 187, 187 |
| Decimal | 12827579 |
| CIE Lab | 76.52, 2.81, 0.99 |
| CIE LCh | 77, 2.984, 19.470 |
| Yxy | 50.7306, 0.3194, 0.3290 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291017659 (0xFFC3BBBB) |
| YUV | 189.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182 |
| Hunter-Lab | 71.2254, -1.2287, 4.7317 |

Details

The XYZ color **49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.8588, 53.5342, 59.3356**, and the grayscale version is **48.6000, 51.1310, 55.6817**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.3731, 91.2677, 97.7527**, and **23.8127, 24.4341, 26.0155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.4403, 42.2366, 42.6656**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.8986, 60.4650, 67.4372**.

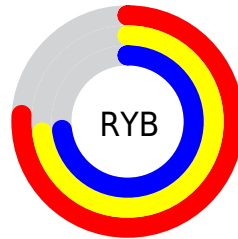
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (73%)

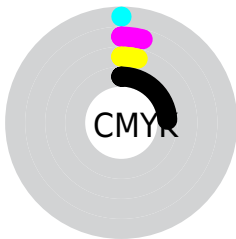
Blue (73%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (73%)

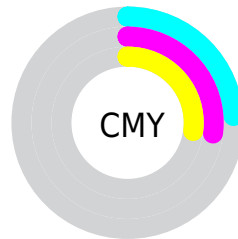


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.2456, 50.7306,
54.2102

■ 49.2456, 50.7306,
54.2102

374.2093,
389.5162, 420.1083

■ 35.0297, 35.9943,
38.3754

■ 88.2546, 91.2564,
97.8423

■ 23.8524, 24.4298,
25.9701

113.7785,
117.8147, 126.4767

■ 15.3483, 15.6527,
16.5757

143.8023,
149.0824, 160.2148

■ 9.1521, 9.2787,
9.7737

178.6916,
185.4439, 199.4750

■ 4.8984, 4.9234,
5.1455

218.8115,
227.2837, 244.6759

■ 2.2219, 2.2024,
2.2727

264.5276,

■ 0.7543, 0.7213,

274.9860, 296.2361

0.7159

316.2051,
328.9354, 354.5740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 49.2456, 50.7306,
54.2102

■ 49.2456, 50.7306,
54.2102

■ 43.4403, 42.2366,
42.6656

■ 55.8986, 60.4650,
67.4372

■ 38.4445, 34.9268,
32.7328

■ 63.4268, 71.4797,
82.4066

■ 34.2236, 28.7507,
24.3411

■ 71.8620, 83.8213,
99.1799

■ 30.7389, 23.6516,
17.4134

■ 76.3159, 90.3422,
108.0233

■ 27.9481, 19.5678,
11.8658

■ 25.8049, 16.4315,
7.6060

■ 24.2573, 14.1664,
4.5305

■ 23.2451, 12.6848,
2.5196

■ 22.6957, 11.8804,
1.4290

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.2899, 50.7306, 55.8054



49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102



48.9247, 50.7306, 52.9143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102



47.3999, 50.7306, 53.2470



48.0204, 50.7306, 58.3410

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102



49.8588, 53.5342, 59.3356

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5180, 50.7306, 57.6267



49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102



47.1616, 50.7306, 54.6725

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



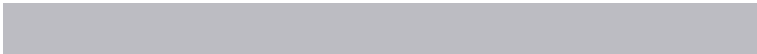
49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102



47.8580, 50.7306, 52.3657



47.2046, 50.7306, 56.2767



48.5796, 50.7306, 58.2114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102



48.5985, 50.7306, 52.3846



47.2046, 50.7306, 56.2767



47.8393, 50.7306, 58.1911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2470, 50.7328, 54.2113



91.7145, 96.0026, 104.0777



50.1270, 51.0836, 58.8484



20.0972, 21.0421, 22.8172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



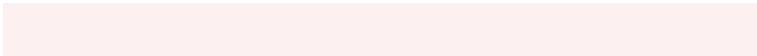
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2470, 50.7328, 54.2113



87.1215, 89.2824, 94.9452



50.1067, 52.4522, 54.4979



10.5598, 10.7900, 11.4431



14.6282, 7.5422, 0.6848



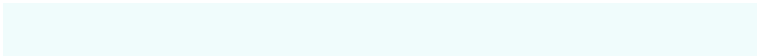
0.6322, 0.3261, 0.0296

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8588, 53.5342, 59.3356



88.4690, 95.4524, 106.2311



48.9753, 51.7672, 59.0411



10.7411, 11.6202, 12.9616



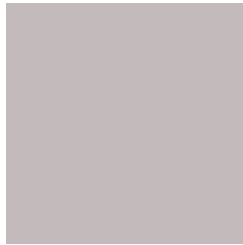
19.0742, 27.9048, 37.9375



0.8243, 1.2059, 1.6392

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

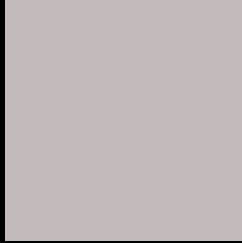
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

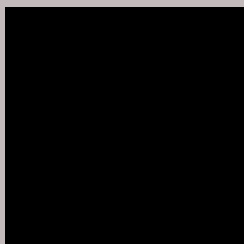
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

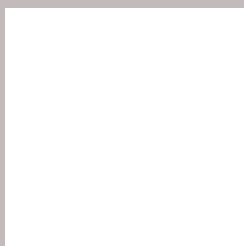
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102.

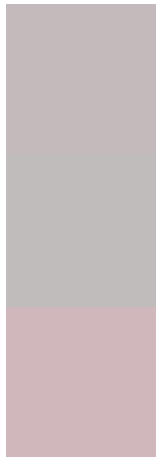


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2456, 50.7306,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102

Protanopia

48.6911, 50.7608, 54.2452

Deuteranopia

51.7427, 50.7632, 54.6481



Tritanopia

50.8002, 50.7384, 61.7596

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102

Protanomaly

48.9452, 50.8918, 54.2571

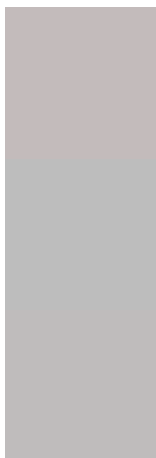
Deuteranomaly

50.8462, 50.6083, 54.6655

Tritanomaly

50.1742, 50.7937, 58.7895

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102

Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

Achromatomaly

48.5462, 50.6736, 54.7993

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 187, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 187, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 187, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 187, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 187, 187) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 187, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 187, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 187, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 187, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 187, 187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.2456, 50.7306, 54.2102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 187, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
187, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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