

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.1871, 43.1590, 70.8112)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.1871, 43.1590, 70.8112)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.1344, 43.0779,  
70.6909)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8A2D8
RGB	200, 162, 216
RGB Percent	78%, 64%, 85%
CMY	0.2157, 0.3647, 0.1529
CMYK	0.07, 0.25, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	282°, 41%, 74%
HSV	282°, 25%, 85%
XYZ	49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909
YIQ	179.5180, 5.3140, 24.8500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

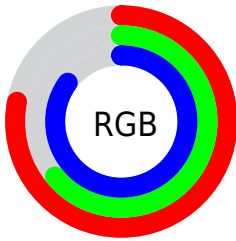
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	200, 162, 216
Decimal	13148888
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.61, 23.66, -22.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 32.401, 316.917
Y <sub>xy</sub>	43.0779, 0.3016, 0.2644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291338968 (0xFFC8A2D8)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	179.5180, 17.9856, 17.9627
Hunter-Lab	65.6338, 18.7687, -17.9147

# Details

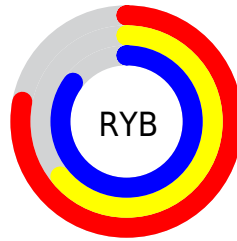
The XYZ color **49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **49.4390, 61.1864, 43.3889**, and the grayscale version is **43.0303, 45.2712, 49.3003**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.1029, 78.1057, 105.2510**, and **23.8630, 19.8361, 36.2892** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9781, 35.2492, 69.4522**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.0185, 52.2542, 72.1526**.

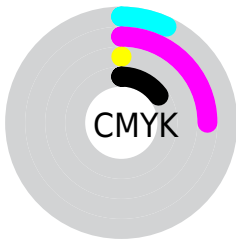
# Distribution



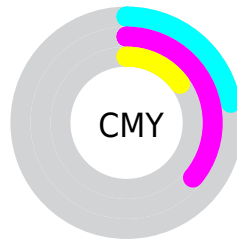
- Red (78%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.1344, 43.0779,  
70.6909


 49.1344, 43.0779,  
70.6909


373.7794,  
358.9320, 481.8267

 34.9411, 29.9462,  
51.6097


 88.0906, 79.8284,  
121.8838

 23.7838, 19.7978,  
36.3140


 113.5841,  
104.2160, 154.8327

 15.2972, 12.2481,  
24.3852


143.5751,  
133.1244, 193.2411

 9.1159, 6.9129,  
15.4048

178.4289,  
166.9380, 237.5277

 4.8746, 3.4077,  
8.9542

218.5109,  
206.0412, 288.1111

 2.2079, 1.3481,  
4.6149

264.1864,

 0.7469, 0.1780,

250.8183, 345.4096

1.9684

315.8208,  
301.6538, 409.8420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5357

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.1344, 43.0779,  
70.6909

■ 49.1344, 43.0779,  
70.6909

■ 43.9781, 35.2492,  
69.4522

■ 55.0185, 52.2542,  
72.1526

■ 39.5112, 28.6952,  
68.4226

■ 61.6582, 62.8351,  
73.8450

■ 35.6978, 23.3448,  
67.5909

■ 69.0848, 74.8808,  
75.7786

■ 32.4971, 19.1172,  
66.9436

■ 77.3262, 88.4464,  
77.9627

■ 29.8628, 15.9215,  
66.4656

■ 81.4343, 93.6341,  
78.7475

■ 27.7415, 13.6525,  
66.1394

■ 83.5500, 94.7248,  
78.8465

■ 26.0683, 12.1812,  
65.9436

■ 85.7422, 95.8549,  
78.9491

■ 25.3436, 11.6333,  
65.8760

■ 88.0116, 97.0248,  
79.0553

■ 89.3948, 97.7379,  
79.1201

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.0883, 43.0779, 82.1150



49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909



52.0921, 43.0779, 54.0745

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909



43.3767, 43.0779, 23.2188



31.6659, 43.0779, 56.2472

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909



49.4390, 61.1864, 43.3889

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.5124, 43.0779, 40.3981



49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909



37.9534, 43.0779, 23.5474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909



48.5736, 43.0779, 28.1324



33.7189, 43.0779, 29.1601



34.1588, 43.0779, 72.5843



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909



52.3236, 43.0779, 43.3626



33.7189, 43.0779, 29.1601



31.3473, 43.0779, 50.6342

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1358, 43.0797, 70.6918



87.6985, 88.1459, 106.9994



43.2569, 44.5616, 71.2877



18.6411, 18.6587, 22.8690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1358, 43.0797, 70.6918



67.4569, 56.4717, 101.9525



52.2841, 44.8588, 63.7882



12.5781, 12.4394, 15.6756



15.1136, 6.9439, 38.9969



0.9928, 0.4607, 2.3559



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.2765, 43.6558, 47.9507



67.8224, 57.5250, 62.8903



46.9811, 59.8036, 48.5028



12.5731, 12.4808, 13.6924



17.3512, 8.8768, 3.8875

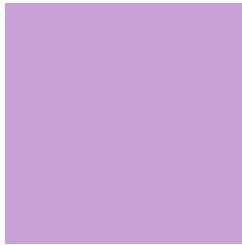


1.0826, 0.5498, 0.4246



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

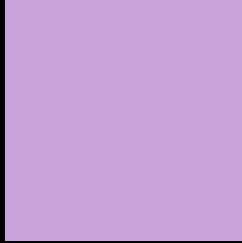
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.1344, 43.0779,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909

### Protanopia

43.6949, 43.4405, 76.6029

### Deuteranopia

44.1237, 43.2443, 69.6397



## Tritanopia

44.9518, 42.9848, 50.1836

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909

## Protanomaly

45.3304, 43.2000, 74.3559

## Deuteranomaly

45.7968, 42.9788, 70.1720

## Tritanomaly

46.3998, 43.0378, 56.9005

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909

## Achromatopsia

43.3819, 45.6411, 49.7032

## Achromatomaly

45.0627, 44.3022, 56.6282

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 162, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 162, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 162, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 162, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 162, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 162, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 162, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 162, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.1344, 43.0779, 70.6909 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 162, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
162, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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