

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.2320, 38.7348,  
20.8013)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F38B72
RGB	243, 139, 114
RGB Percent	95%, 55%, 45%
CMY	0.0471, 0.4549, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.53, 0.05
HSL	12°, 84%, 70%
HSV	12°, 53%, 95%
XYZ	49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013
YIQ	167.2460, 70.0090, 14.2730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

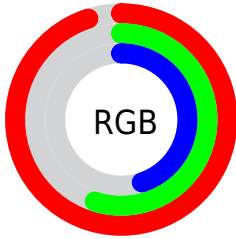
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 145, 114
Decimal	15960946
CIE Lab	68.56, 37.07, 30.60
CIE LCh	69, 48.072, 39.539
Yxy	38.7348, 0.4526, 0.3561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294151026 (0xFFFF38B72)
YUV	167.2460, -26.2503, 66.4363
Hunter-Lab	62.2373, 32.2849, 23.7499

# Details

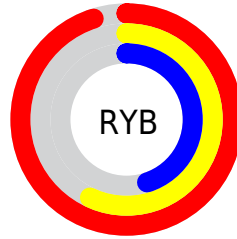
The XYZ color **49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **48.1869, 60.1881, 93.8714**, and the grayscale version is **36.9516, 38.8760, 42.3360**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.4147, 62.5967, 44.6056**, and **23.9200, 17.2770, 7.2283** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.4414, 33.0810, 13.5965**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.9001, 45.5560, 30.1116**.

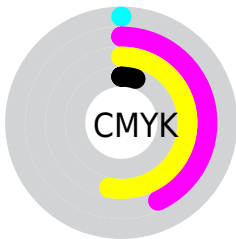
# Distribution



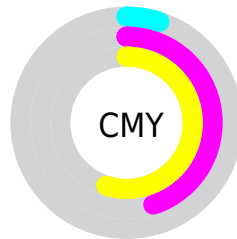
- Red (95%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.2320, 38.7348,  
20.8013


 49.2320, 38.7348,  
20.8013


374.1568,  
340.7617, 268.9669

 35.0188, 26.5535,  
12.7890


 88.2346, 73.2330,  
45.6331


 23.8440, 17.2382,  
7.1544


 113.7547, 96.3187,  
63.2897

 15.3420, 10.4044,  
3.4789


 143.7746,  
123.8079, 84.9981

 9.1477, 5.6679,  
1.3441

 178.6595,  
156.0852, 111.1769

 4.8955, 2.6442,  
0.0975

218.7748,  
193.5348, 142.2447

 2.2202, 0.9490,  
0.0000

264.4859,

 0.7534, 0.0000,

236.5411, 178.6199

0.0000

316.1581,  
285.4886, 220.7211

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.2320, 38.7348,  
20.8013

■ 49.2320, 38.7348,  
20.8013

■ 45.4414, 33.0810,  
13.5965

■ 53.9001, 45.5560,  
30.1116

■ 42.4685, 28.5223,  
8.3292

■ 59.4946, 53.5995,  
41.6732

■ 40.2502, 24.9877,  
4.8088

■ 66.0638, 62.9238,  
55.6217

■ 38.7117, 22.3946,  
2.8045

■ 73.6521, 73.5819,  
72.0810

■ 37.9827, 21.0960,  
2.0700

■ 82.3009, 85.6238,  
91.1665

90.7720, 97.7946,  
108.6998

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1319, 38.7348, 35.6326



49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013



42.1470, 38.7348, 13.9195

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013



24.7849, 38.7348, 29.2080



39.2836, 38.7348, 98.1478

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013



48.1869, 60.1881, 93.8714

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.9551, 38.7348, 94.5828



49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013



24.2378, 38.7348, 49.4742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013



28.2994, 38.7348, 17.4894



26.6859, 38.7348, 74.7001



46.8905, 38.7348, 83.2248



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013



36.9336, 38.7348, 12.7006



26.6859, 38.7348, 74.7001



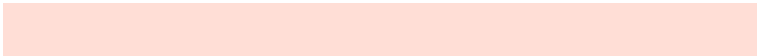
36.6992, 38.7348, 99.1620

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2329, 38.7368, 20.8020



79.5534, 78.4257, 74.6971



55.8117, 36.2224, 71.3096



16.6486, 16.2543, 15.1644



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2329, 38.7368, 20.8020



50.3002, 36.3035, 14.4356



61.1551, 62.5810, 24.7761



16.7591, 17.0024, 17.1960



20.9196, 11.7248, 1.1605



1.9069, 1.1671, 0.1248



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1869, 60.1881, 93.8714



48.9288, 62.4553, 104.0840



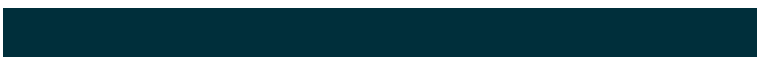
34.8137, 33.4415, 89.4136



16.7078, 18.1799, 21.1710



19.7957, 25.3852, 50.3945



1.8081, 2.3677, 4.4520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

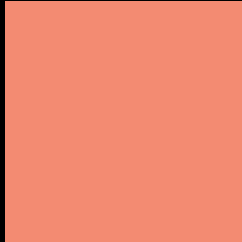
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

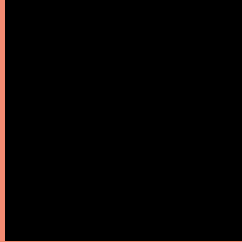
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2320, 38.7348,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013

### Protanopia

36.4070, 38.8471, 25.3180

### Deuteranopia

39.4727, 38.6849, 20.1384



## Tritanopia

51.4310, 38.7848, 31.5636

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013

## Protanomaly

40.1984, 38.2156, 23.6700

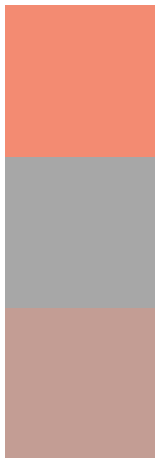
## Deuteranomaly

42.4164, 38.2031, 20.1773

## Tritanomaly

50.4155, 38.5626, 27.3404

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

39.9079, 37.8542, 33.2202

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 139, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 139, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 139, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 139, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 139, 114) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 139, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 139, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 139, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 139, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 139,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.2320, 38.7348, 20.8013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 139, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
139, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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