

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.2900, 53.8507, 16.6152)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.2900, 53.8507, 16.6152)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(49.2904, 53.8544,  
16.6012)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8C256
RGB	216, 194, 86
RGB Percent	85%, 76%, 34%
CMY	0.1529, 0.2392, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.60, 0.15
HSL	50°, 62%, 59%
HSV	50°, 60%, 85%
XYZ	49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012
YIQ	188.2660, 47.7800, -28.9240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

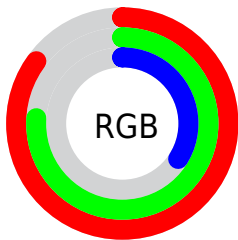
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	112, 216, 86
Decimal	14205526
CIELab	78.38, -5.09, 55.87
CIELCh	78, 56.104, 95.203
Yxy	53.8544, 0.4116, 0.4497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292395606 (0xFFD8C256)
YUV	188.2660, -50.4171, 24.3227
Hunter-Lab	73.3856, -8.5328, 37.9574

# Details

The XYZ color **49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **21.5949, 17.6609, 67.2361**, and the grayscale version is **48.2113, 50.7220, 55.2363**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.0858, 91.4953, 37.8655**, and **23.8727, 26.4178, 5.1372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.7453, 51.9529, 12.4224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1209, 55.9061, 22.1735**.

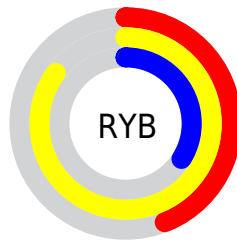
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (76%)

Blue (34%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (34%)

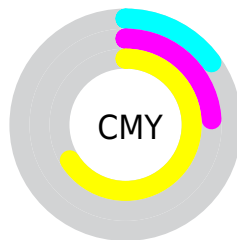


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (24%)


Yellow (66%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.2904, 53.8544,  
16.6012


 49.2904, 53.8544,  
16.6012


374.3825,  
401.5546, 244.8293


 35.0654, 38.4853,  
9.7916


 88.3207, 95.8604,  
38.4200

 23.8800, 26.3595,  
5.1572


 113.8568,  
123.2661, 54.2664

 15.3689, 17.0928,  
2.2795


 143.8939,  
155.4528, 73.9620

 9.1667, 10.3007,  
0.7197

 178.7973,  
192.8048, 97.9256

 4.9080, 5.5988,  
0.0000

218.9326,  
235.7066, 126.5755

 2.2276, 2.6027,  
0.0000

264.6650,

 0.7572, 0.9280,

284.5426, 160.3304

0.0000

316.3598,  
339.6971, 199.6088

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.2904, 53.8544,  
16.6012

■ 49.2904, 53.8544,  
16.6012

■ 47.7453, 51.9529,  
12.4224

■ 51.1209, 55.9061,  
22.1735

■ 46.4573, 50.1840,  
9.5046

■ 53.2548, 58.1094,  
29.2492

■ 45.3982, 48.5383,  
7.6955

■ 55.7126, 60.4747,  
37.9308

■ 44.5302, 47.0218,  
6.7291

■ 58.5121, 63.0093,  
48.3111

■ 61.6697, 65.7201,  
60.4756

■ 65.2007, 68.6133,  
74.5042

■ 69.1194, 71.6949,  
90.4718

■ 72.8209, 74.7232,  
105.1927

■ 73.8093, 76.6999,  
105.5221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5932, 53.8544, 19.0129



49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012



39.9230, 53.8544, 21.7287

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012



35.7585, 53.8544, 101.0140



72.9205, 53.8544, 87.9331

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012



21.5949, 17.6609, 67.2361

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3923, 53.8544, 123.4744



49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012



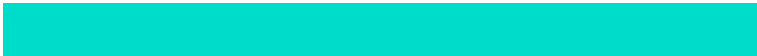
42.8084, 53.8544, 132.7325

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012



32.8598, 53.8544, 64.3122



53.1316, 53.8544, 142.1576



75.3079, 53.8544, 53.3083



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012



35.6908, 53.8544, 30.3886



53.1316, 53.8544, 142.1576



70.6224, 53.8544, 100.5094

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2917, 53.8569, 16.6023



86.0935, 92.5333, 73.7096



34.4523, 22.3772, 17.2085



18.1533, 19.5650, 14.7371



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2917, 53.8569, 16.6023



69.0290, 74.9977, 16.8665



43.8775, 58.8781, 17.8568



13.2857, 14.1457, 13.1909



26.4267, 27.9706, 4.0060



1.6424, 1.7839, 0.2578



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5949, 17.6609, 67.2361



25.4749, 18.1687, 96.7720



24.5002, 16.1389, 66.7892



11.9107, 12.3449, 15.6926



7.7734, 3.8087, 38.7786



0.5221, 0.3362, 2.3567



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2904, 53.8544,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012

### Protanopia

48.9958, 53.7025, 16.5874

### Deuteranopia

55.0873, 53.9445, 16.9601



## Tritanopia

58.0558, 53.6102, 59.5125

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012

## Protanomaly

48.9958, 53.7025, 16.5874

## Deuteranomaly

52.6997, 53.6599, 16.8124

## Tritanomaly

53.6839, 53.0477, 38.8623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012

## Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

## Achromatomaly

47.2881, 51.0670, 36.6427

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 194, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 194, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 194, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 194, 86) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 194, 86) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 194, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 194, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 194, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 194, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 194,  
86) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.2904, 53.8544, 16.6012 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 194, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
194, 86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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