

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.3594, 46.8670,  
115.9269)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.3594, 46.8670, 115.9269)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(46.5645, 45.8498,  
101.0034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95B3FF
RGB	149, 179, 255
RGB Percent	58%, 70%, 100%
CMY	0.4157, 0.2980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.42, 0.30, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	223°, 100%, 79%
HSV	223°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034
YIQ	178.6940, -42.2760, 17.2760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

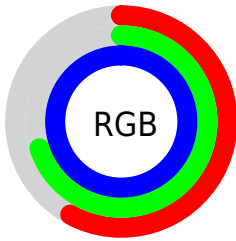
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 172, 255
Decimal	9810943
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.45, 8.61, -40.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 41.732, 281.908
Yxy	45.8498, 0.2407, 0.2371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288001023 (0xFF95B3FF)
YUV	178.6940, 37.6189, -26.0416
Hunter-Lab	67.7125, 4.2540, -41.0413

# Details

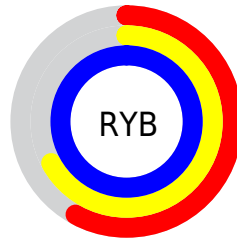
The XYZ color **46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **73.5907, 77.2811, 39.4737**, and the grayscale version is **42.5087, 44.7225, 48.7028**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.2119, 79.7585, 106.1440**, and **22.2966, 21.5831, 56.4169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.9867, 36.8603, 99.6677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.6494, 56.3393, 102.5493**.

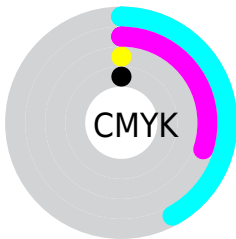
# Distribution



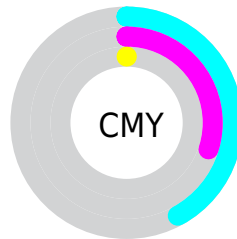
- Red (58%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.5645, 45.8498,  
101.0034

■ 46.5645, 45.8498,  
101.0034

363.7515,  
370.2045, 584.6790

■ 32.8980, 32.1273,  
76.5172

■ 84.2859, 83.9942,  
164.5993

■ 22.2072, 21.4588,  
56.3475

■ 109.0715,  
109.1848, 204.5461

■ 14.1267, 13.4598,  
40.0758

138.2942,  
138.9670, 250.4835

■ 8.2911, 7.7459,  
27.2834

172.3194,  
173.7251, 302.8301

■ 4.3352, 3.9328,  
17.5519

211.5123,  
213.8435, 362.0044

■ 1.8934, 1.6360,  
10.4626

256.2384,

■ 0.5730, 0.3817,

259.7066, 428.4250

5.5972

306.8630,  
311.6988, 502.5103

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.5369

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8596

■ 46.5645, 45.8498,  
101.0034

■ 46.5645, 45.8498,  
101.0034

■ 38.9867, 36.8603,  
99.6677

■ 55.6494, 56.3393,  
102.5493

■ 32.8256, 29.2933,  
98.5318

■ 66.3162, 68.3912,  
104.3133

■ 27.9872, 23.0712,  
97.5858

■ 78.6396, 82.0702,  
106.3041

■ 24.3633, 18.1060,  
96.8185

■ 92.6881, 97.4358,  
108.5295

■ 21.8261, 14.2970,  
96.2170

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 20.3784, 11.8767,  
95.8261

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3305, 45.8498, 99.2042



46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034



53.7305, 45.8498, 86.5648

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034



54.9812, 45.8498, 27.4510



31.4642, 45.8498, 38.3654

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034



73.5907, 77.2811, 39.4737

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.7939, 45.8498, 25.4281



46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034



48.1226, 45.8498, 20.4588

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034



58.9433, 45.8498, 42.0184



40.7236, 45.8498, 19.8409



31.1473, 45.8498, 58.7607



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034



57.2926, 45.8498, 71.5410



40.7236, 45.8498, 19.8409



32.2492, 45.8498, 33.1675

# Sweetspot

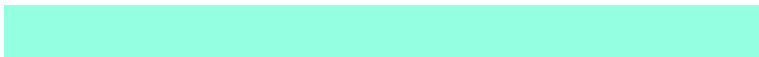
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5660, 45.8514, 101.0037



78.0706, 81.4433, 106.2131



61.7415, 83.3445, 84.0442



16.3472, 17.0316, 22.6758



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5660, 45.8514, 101.0037



40.0784, 38.1731, 99.8635



45.8048, 37.4835, 99.4286



17.4216, 18.2148, 22.8475



10.7566, 6.4228, 50.1074



1.1353, 0.8013, 4.9081



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.1251, 46.0111, 48.3616



55.5575, 39.2336, 39.5704



74.4750, 90.8516, 42.0465



18.2207, 18.0716, 19.7793



22.2176, 11.3763, 4.5306



2.2077, 1.1254, 0.6750



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

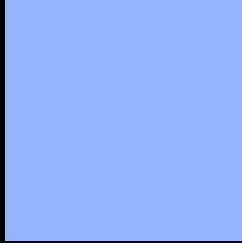
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.5645, 45.8498,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034

### Protanopia

47.3218, 45.6680, 100.0866

### Deuteranopia

46.9193, 45.7362, 100.9628



## **Tritanopia**

39.2500, 45.9891, 63.9348

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034

## Protanomaly

46.9467, 45.7689, 100.1258

## Deuteranomaly

46.7329, 45.6401, 100.9541

## Tritanomaly

41.6527, 45.6884, 76.4354

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

43.5310, 45.0700, 65.4365

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 179, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 179, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 179, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 179, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 179, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 179, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 179, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 179, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 179, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 179,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.5645, 45.8498, 101.0034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 179, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
179, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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