

Converting Colors

XYZ(49.3790, 52.3857, 55.6499)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(49.3790, 52.3857, 55.6499)
contains.

XYZ(49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(49.2701, 52.3205,
55.6462)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BEC0BD
RGB	190, 192, 189
RGB Percent	75%, 75%, 74%
CMY	0.2549, 0.2470, 0.2588
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.25
HSL	100°, 2%, 75%
HSV	100°, 2%, 75%
XYZ	49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462
YIQ	191.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

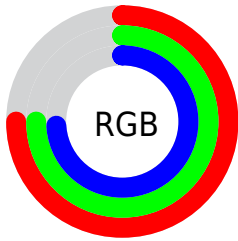
Format	Color
RYB	189, 192, 191
Decimal	12501181
CIELab	77.47, -1.24, 1.26
CIELCh	77, 1.768, 134.702
Yxy	52.3205, 0.3133, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290691261 (0xFFBEC0BD)
YUV	191.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296
Hunter-Lab	72.3329, -4.9960, 5.0208

Details

The XYZ color **49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.1999, 51.2788, 57.1765**, and the grayscale version is **49.5631, 52.1442, 56.7850**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.0549, 93.3202, 99.7578**, and **23.9931, 25.5612, 26.9618** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.2627, 49.9657, 45.2430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.8376, 54.9352, 67.5181**.

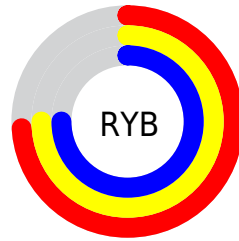
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (75%)

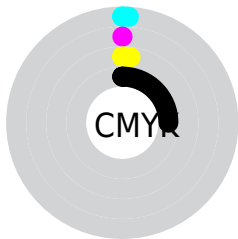
Blue (74%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

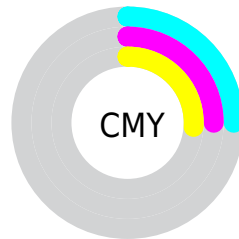


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.2701, 52.3205,
55.6462

■ 49.2701, 52.3205,
55.6462

374.3040,
395.6727, 425.7076

■ 35.0492, 37.2606,
39.5172

■ 88.2908, 93.6037,
99.9677

■ 23.8675, 25.4093,
26.8514

113.8213,
120.5959, 128.9974

■ 15.3595, 16.3823,
17.2302

143.8524,
152.3342, 163.1643

■ 9.1601, 9.7951,
10.2351

178.7494,
189.2031, 202.8871

■ 4.9037, 5.2633,
5.4475

218.8777,
231.5870, 248.5843

■ 2.2250, 2.4026,
2.4488

264.6027,

■ 0.7559, 0.8272,

279.8703, 300.6744

0.8129

316.2897,
334.4374, 359.5760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 49.2701, 52.3205,
55.6462

■ 49.2701, 52.3205,
55.6462

■ 44.2627, 49.9657,
45.2430

■ 54.8376, 54.9352,
67.5181

■ 39.7931, 47.8560,
36.2482

■ 60.9780, 57.8106,
80.9092

■ 35.8437, 45.9851,
28.6020

■ 67.7090, 60.9564,
95.8718

■ 32.3945, 44.3443,
22.2395

■ 73.2576, 63.6640,
103.0350

■ 29.4239, 42.9238,
17.0900

■ 77.7910, 66.0010,
103.2472

■ 26.9087, 41.7133,
13.0763

■ 78.1406, 66.1813,
103.2635

■ 24.8234, 40.7018,
10.1121

■ 23.1398, 39.8767,
8.0986

■ 21.8253, 39.2238,
6.9186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5631, 52.3205, 55.1742



49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462



49.1004, 52.3205, 56.4750

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462



49.5566, 52.3205, 58.7953



50.3648, 52.3205, 56.4937

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462



49.1999, 51.2788, 57.1765

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.3630, 52.3205, 57.4641



49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462



49.8954, 52.3205, 58.8005

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462



49.2653, 52.3205, 58.2968



50.1909, 52.3205, 58.3108



50.1957, 52.3205, 55.6598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462



49.0796, 52.3205, 57.1219



50.1909, 52.3205, 58.3108



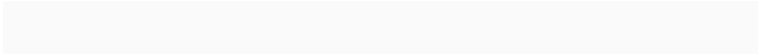
50.3842, 52.3205, 56.8146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2716, 52.3227, 55.6473



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



49.5564, 52.1444, 55.5979



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2716, 52.3227, 55.6473



88.8258, 94.5909, 99.8840



49.0772, 52.2162, 55.9224



11.1119, 11.8220, 12.5136



14.1771, 26.1374, 4.2978



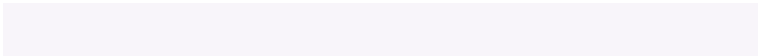
0.6865, 1.1674, 0.1892

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.1999, 51.2788, 57.1765



88.6577, 92.1411, 103.4725



49.3968, 51.3867, 56.8967



11.0925, 11.5394, 12.9275



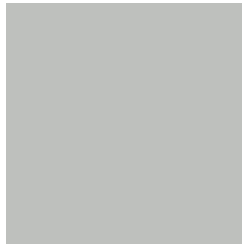
12.4867, 5.6975, 33.9982



0.6100, 0.2825, 1.4723

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

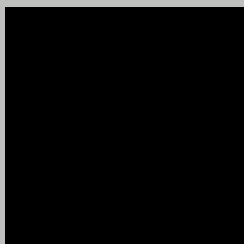
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

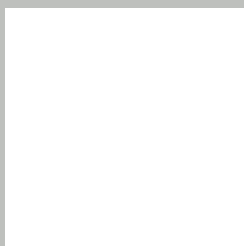
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.2701, 52.3205,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462

Protanopia

49.9962, 52.0599, 54.9904

Deuteranopia

53.2216, 52.1173, 55.9698



Tritanopia

51.1711, 52.4412, 65.1828

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462

Protanomaly

49.7002, 52.2299, 55.0388

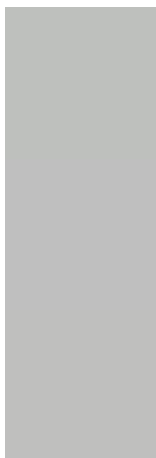
Deuteranomaly

51.9061, 52.3807, 56.0899

Tritanomaly

50.4255, 52.4615, 61.5012

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462

Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

Achromatomaly

49.4109, 52.0557, 56.1587

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 192, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 192, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 192, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 192, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 192, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 192, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 192, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 192, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 192, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 192,  
189) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.2701, 52.3205, 55.6462 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 192, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
192, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor