

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.4236, 32.1366, 21.5846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.4236, 32.1366, 21.5846)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.4426, 32.1432,  
21.6875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6679
RGB	255, 102, 121
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 47%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6000, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.53, 0.00
HSL	353°, 100%, 70%
HSV	353°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875
YIQ	149.9130, 85.0890, 38.3450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

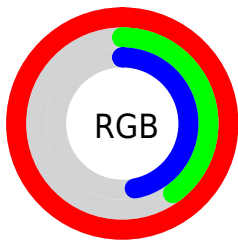
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 102, 121
Decimal	16737913
CIE Lab	63.46, 59.62, 20.20
CIE LCh	63, 62.947, 18.719
Yxy	32.1432, 0.4788, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294927993 (0xFFFF6679)
YUV	149.9130, -14.2541, 92.1613
Hunter-Lab	56.6950, 56.4502, 17.0063

# Details

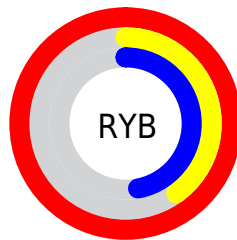
The XYZ color **49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **56.3819, 80.4017, 91.9104**, and the grayscale version is **28.9871, 30.4966, 33.2108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.0097, 48.7308, 45.7256**, and **24.0229, 13.4744, 7.6380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.0958, 27.3937, 14.5789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.8786, 38.5639, 30.7238**.

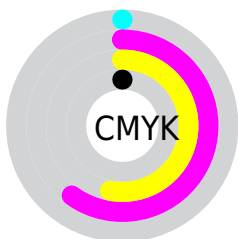
# Distribution



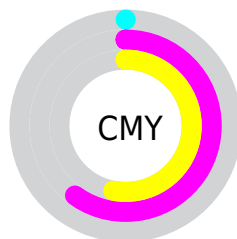
- Red (100%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.4426, 32.1432,  
21.6875


 49.4426, 32.1432,  
21.6875


374.9703,  
311.7711, 273.8100


 35.1867, 21.4709,  
13.4313


 88.5452, 63.0355,  
47.1245


 23.9739, 13.4686,  
7.5920


 114.1227, 84.0243,  
65.1424

 15.4389, 7.7520,  
3.7510


 144.2046,  
109.2207, 87.2514

 9.2163, 3.9367,  
1.4898

 179.1565,  
139.0092, 113.8698

 4.9408, 1.6382,  
0.2103

219.3437,  
173.7741, 145.4164

 2.2470, 0.3832,  
0.0000

265.1315,

 0.7673, 0.0000,

213.8997, 182.3096

0.0000

316.8852,  
259.7706, 224.9680

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.4426, 32.1432,  
21.6875

■ 49.4426, 32.1432,  
21.6875

■ 46.0958, 27.3937,  
14.5789

■ 53.8786, 38.5639,  
30.7238

■ 43.7402, 24.1548,  
9.2551

■ 59.4853, 46.7864,  
41.8132

■ 42.2643, 22.2435,  
5.5555

■ 66.3393, 56.9347,  
55.0724

■ 41.4962, 21.3626,  
3.2789

■ 74.5100, 69.1200,  
70.6087

■ 41.4960, 21.3624,  
3.2783

■ 84.0616, 83.4451,  
88.5223

95.0499, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2262, 32.1432, 45.3095



49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875



43.0664, 32.1432, 9.8227

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875



19.5607, 32.1432, 11.8441



27.3730, 32.1432, 106.8256

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875



56.3819, 80.4017, 91.9104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.7310, 32.1432, 85.2081



49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875



16.8306, 32.1432, 26.3840

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



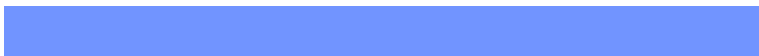
49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875



25.4580, 32.1432, 6.3072



17.2135, 32.1432, 52.8749



36.2819, 32.1432, 103.4539



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875



37.0817, 32.1432, 6.5455



17.2135, 32.1432, 52.8749



24.8362, 32.1432, 101.9414

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.4434, 32.1450, 21.6880



76.3048, 71.8059, 73.9921



56.9316, 34.3188, 98.2311



15.7764, 14.5376, 14.7886



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.4434, 32.1450, 21.6880



45.5477, 26.6291, 13.3741



55.8835, 46.7092, 18.6431



18.1011, 18.0238, 19.1496



21.7110, 11.1737, 1.8625



2.1415, 1.0990, 0.3265



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.4434, 32.1450, 21.6880



45.5477, 26.6291, 13.3741



43.9316, 50.8476, 102.1067



18.1011, 18.0238, 19.1496



21.7110, 11.1737, 1.8625



2.1415, 1.0990, 0.3265



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.4426, 32.1432,

21.6875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875

### Protanopia

30.8776, 32.2287, 31.7875

### Deuteranopia

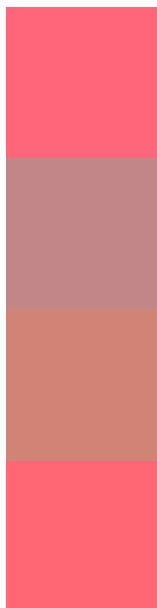
32.9186, 32.3398, 20.4268



## Tritanopia

48.6926, 32.1192, 18.6722

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875

## Protanomaly

35.2886, 30.3257, 27.6604

## Deuteranomaly

37.6217, 31.0723, 20.8443

## Tritanomaly

48.8178, 32.0091, 19.8251

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

33.7868, 29.3305, 28.3067

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 102, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 102, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 102, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 102, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 102, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 102, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 102, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 102, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.4426, 32.1432, 21.6875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 102, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
102, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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