

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.4733, 32.1555, 21.8494)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.4733, 32.1555, 21.8494)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.5042, 32.1679,  
22.0122)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF667A
RGB	255, 102, 122
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 48%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6000, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.52, 0.00
HSL	352°, 100%, 70%
HSV	352°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122
YIQ	150.0270, 84.7680, 38.6560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

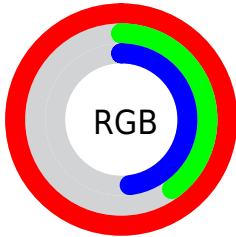
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 102, 122
Decimal	16737914
CIE Lab	63.48, 59.70, 19.66
CIE LCh	63, 62.849, 18.225
Yxy	32.1679, 0.4775, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294927994 (0xFFFF667A)
YUV	150.0270, -13.8173, 92.0613
Hunter-Lab	56.7168, 56.5462, 16.6908

# Details

The XYZ color **49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **56.2370, 80.3436, 91.1474**, and the grayscale version is **29.0338, 30.5458, 33.2644**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1068, 48.7697, 46.2372**, and **24.0563, 13.4878, 7.8141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.1517, 27.4161, 14.8736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.9421, 38.5893, 31.0586**.

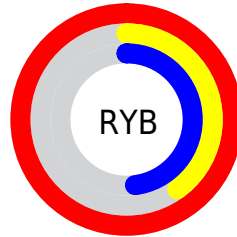
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (40%)

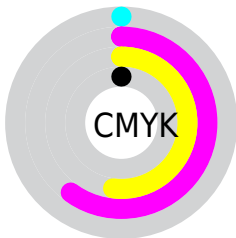
Blue (48%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (48%)

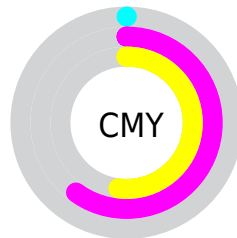


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (52%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.5042, 32.1679,  
22.0122


 49.5042, 32.1679,  
22.0122

375.2080,  
311.8834, 275.5656

 35.2358, 21.4898,  
13.6675


 88.6361, 63.0742,  
47.6686


 24.0119, 13.4825,  
7.7536


 114.2302, 84.0712,  
65.8174

 15.4673, 7.7616,  
3.8522

 144.3304,  
109.2766, 88.0712

 9.2364, 3.9428,  
1.5446

 179.3018,  
139.0747, 114.8487

 4.9540, 1.6416,  
0.2508

219.5100,  
173.8501, 146.5683

 2.2548, 0.3854,  
0.0000

265.3201,

 0.7714, 0.0000,

213.9871, 183.6486

0.0000

317.0977,  
259.8700, 226.5082

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.5042, 32.1679,  
22.0122

■ 49.5042, 32.1679,  
22.0122

■ 46.1517, 27.4161,  
14.8736

■ 53.9421, 38.5893,  
31.0586

■ 43.7872, 24.1737,  
9.5031

■ 59.5464, 46.8110,  
42.1354

■ 42.3000, 22.2578,  
5.7439

■ 66.3933, 56.9564,  
55.3569

■ 41.5191, 21.3718,  
3.4000

■ 74.5517, 69.1368,  
70.8282

■ 41.5188, 21.3715,  
3.3993

■ 84.0854, 83.4548,  
88.6476

95.0498, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1829, 32.1679, 45.8089



49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122



43.2108, 32.1679, 9.9770

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122



19.6642, 32.1679, 11.7306



27.2677, 32.1679, 106.5537

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122



56.2370, 80.3436, 91.1474

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6787, 32.1679, 84.6583



49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122



16.8831, 32.1679, 26.0827

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122



25.6082, 32.1679, 6.2964



17.2150, 32.1679, 52.3621



36.1449, 32.1679, 103.6345



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



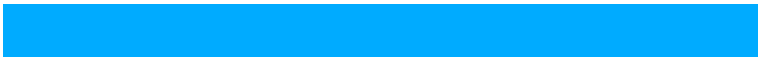
49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122



37.2513, 32.1679, 6.6273



17.2150, 32.1679, 52.3621



24.7476, 32.1679, 101.5441

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5050, 32.1697, 22.0127



76.3433, 71.8213, 74.1950



56.9315, 34.3189, 98.2309



15.7856, 14.5413, 14.8371



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5050, 32.1697, 22.0127



45.6021, 26.6509, 13.6605



55.8835, 46.7092, 18.6432



18.1060, 18.0257, 19.1752



21.7242, 11.1790, 1.9319



2.1438, 1.0999, 0.3385



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.5050, 32.1697, 22.0127



45.6021, 26.6509, 13.6605



43.9316, 50.8476, 102.1064



18.1060, 18.0257, 19.1752



21.7242, 11.1790, 1.9319

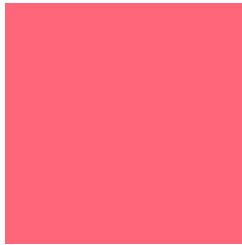


2.1438, 1.0999, 0.3385



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

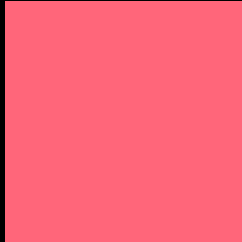
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5042, 32.1679,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122

### Protanopia

30.7582, 32.1582, 32.1898

### Deuteranopia

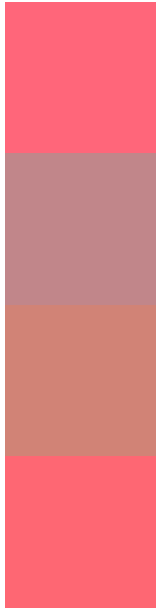
32.9758, 32.3627, 20.7283



## Tritanopia

48.6926, 32.1192, 18.6722

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122

## Protanomaly

35.1049, 30.2226, 28.0281

## Deuteranomaly

37.6808, 31.0959, 21.1557

## Tritanomaly

48.8178, 32.0091, 19.8251

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

33.8602, 29.3599, 28.6933

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 102, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 102, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 102, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 102, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 102, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 102, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 102, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 102, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.5042, 32.1679, 22.0122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 102, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
102, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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