

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.4778, 48.0388, 60.1311)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.4778, 48.0388, 60.1311)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(49.4021, 47.9238,  
60.0725)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6B2C6
RGB	198, 178, 198
RGB Percent	78%, 70%, 78%
CMY	0.2235, 0.3019, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	300°, 15%, 74%
HSV	300°, 10%, 78%
XYZ	49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725
YIQ	186.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

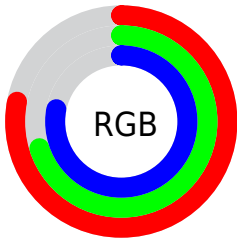
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 178, 198
Decimal	13021894
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.78, 10.73, -7.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 13.106, 324.972
Yxy	47.9238, 0.3139, 0.3045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291211974 (0xFFC6B2C6)
YUV	186.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960
Hunter-Lab	69.2270, 6.2347, -2.9906

# Details

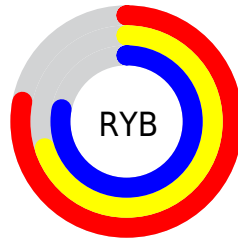
The XYZ color **49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.5919, 53.0688, 49.9096**, and the grayscale version is **46.7854, 49.2219, 53.6027**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7128, 87.3256, 106.7876**, and **23.8693, 22.6101, 29.4917** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.7439, 40.6068, 58.8537**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6317, 56.3822, 61.4829**.

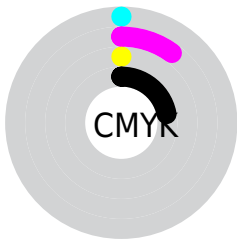
# Distribution



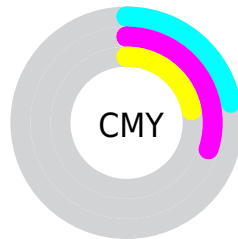
- Red (78%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 49.4021, 47.9238,  
60.0725

 49.4021, 47.9238,  
60.0725


374.8139,  
378.4900, 442.6770

 35.1544, 33.7665,  
43.0514


 88.4855, 87.0909,  
106.4792

 23.9489, 22.7143,  
29.5937


114.0519,  
112.8696, 136.7019

 15.4203, 14.3827,  
19.2810

144.1220,  
143.2909, 172.1623

 9.2031, 8.3873,  
11.6946

179.0610,  
178.7392, 213.2787

 4.9321, 4.3438,  
6.4161

219.2343,  
219.5988, 260.4699

 2.2418, 1.8677,  
3.0269

265.0074,

 0.7646, 0.5288,

266.2542, 314.1543

1.1084

316.7454,  
319.0898, 374.7505

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.4021, 47.9238,  
60.0725

■ 49.4021, 47.9238,  
60.0725

■ 45.7439, 40.6068,  
58.8537

■ 53.6317, 56.3822,  
61.4829

■ 42.6288, 34.3764,  
57.8153

■ 58.4513, 66.0214,  
63.0895

■ 40.0319, 29.1828,  
56.9497

■ 63.8838, 76.8864,  
64.9003

■ 37.9254, 24.9698,  
56.2475

■ 69.2422, 87.6032,  
66.6864

■ 36.2784, 21.6757,  
55.6985

■ 69.2422, 87.6032,  
66.6864

■ 35.0565, 19.2321,  
55.2912

■ 69.2423, 87.6032,  
66.6864

■ 34.2209, 17.5608,  
55.0127

■ 69.2423, 87.6032,  
66.6864

■ 33.7252, 16.5696,  
54.8475

■ 69.2423, 87.6033,  
66.6864

■ 33.4820, 16.0831,  
54.7664

■ 69.2423, 87.6033,  
66.6864

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5100, 47.9238, 64.9892



49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725



50.2636, 47.9238, 53.3382

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725



45.9525, 47.9238, 40.1814



41.5255, 47.9238, 57.9132

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725



46.5919, 53.0688, 49.9096

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1409, 47.9238, 51.0404



49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725



43.6449, 47.9238, 41.1767

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725



48.2282, 47.9238, 42.1655



41.9038, 47.9238, 45.0125



42.9731, 47.9238, 63.6684



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725



50.1166, 47.9238, 48.8669



41.9038, 47.9238, 45.0125



41.2698, 47.9238, 55.6414

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.4035, 47.9259, 60.0735



92.6579, 95.2158, 108.1026



44.5421, 45.5183, 59.8651



19.6992, 20.1134, 23.0940



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.4035, 47.9259, 60.0735



86.0533, 82.0066, 105.9011



48.3237, 47.4940, 54.3875



11.0832, 10.8166, 13.4212



21.7739, 10.4591, 35.6156



1.0310, 0.4952, 1.6864



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.2467, 47.0632, 48.7160



81.5122, 80.1901, 81.9879



47.5971, 53.4708, 55.2027



10.6339, 10.6369, 11.0554



15.1452, 7.8077, 0.7088



0.7171, 0.3697, 0.0336



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

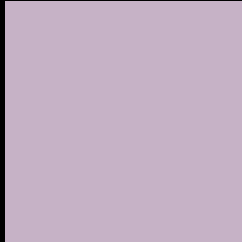
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

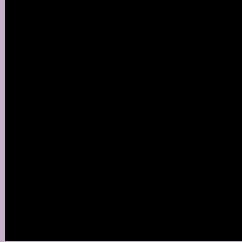
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.4021, 47.9238,

60.0725.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725

### Protanopia

46.7675, 48.0291, 62.0640

### Deuteranopia

49.0781, 48.0532, 60.1146



## Tritanopia

48.7717, 47.9608, 57.1389

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725

## Protanomaly

47.6882, 47.9092, 61.3775

## Deuteranomaly

49.3391, 48.1877, 60.1268

## Tritanomaly

48.9964, 48.0506, 58.3221

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

47.4630, 48.5318, 55.5812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 178, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 178, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 178, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 178, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 178, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 178, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 178, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 178, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 178, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 178,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.4021, 47.9238, 60.0725 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 178, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
178, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor