

Converting Colors

XYZ(49.5300, 52.5766, 61.5713)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(49.5300, 52.5766, 61.5713)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(49.6285, 52.7026,
61.5897)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | BAC1C7 |
| RGB | 186, 193, 199 |
| RGB Percent | 73%, 76%, 78% |
| CMY | 0.2706, 0.2431, 0.2196 |
| CMYK | 0.07, 0.03, 0.00, 0.22 |
| HSL | 208°, 10%, 75% |
| HSV | 208°, 7%, 78% |
| XYZ | 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 |
| YIQ | 191.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

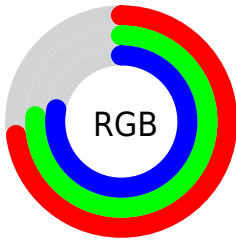
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 186, 191, 199 |
| Decimal | 12239303 |
| CIE Lab | 77.70, -1.25, -3.85 |
| CIE LCh | 78, 4.052, 252.027 |
| Yxy | 52.7026, 0.3028, 0.3215 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290429383 (0xFFBAC1C7) |
| YUV | 191.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033 |
| Hunter-Lab | 72.5966, -5.0177, 0.5169 |

Details

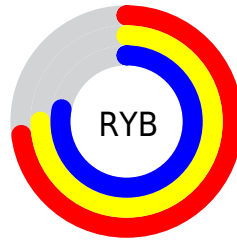
The XYZ color **49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **51.2659, 53.3861, 54.0578**, and the grayscale version is **49.8478, 52.4438, 57.1113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.5436, 93.8486, 108.0556**, and **24.1618, 25.7870, 30.4920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.1602, 46.4497, 60.7245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8991, 59.5590, 62.5307**.

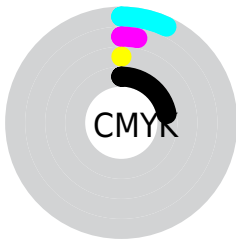
Distribution



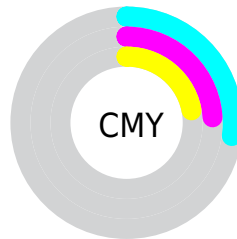
- Red (73%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.6285, 52.7026,
61.5897

■ 49.6285, 52.7026,
61.5897

375.6874,
397.1431, 448.3991

■ 35.3349, 37.5654,
44.2676

■ 88.8193, 94.1666,
108.6981

■ 24.0887, 25.6456,
30.5422

114.4472,
121.2622, 139.3216

■ 15.5245, 16.5587,
19.9950

144.5840,
153.1127, 175.2159

■ 9.2770, 9.9203,
12.2073

179.5949,
190.1026, 216.7996

■ 4.9809, 5.3462,
6.7608

219.8454,
232.6161, 264.4912

■ 2.2707, 2.4518,
3.2368

265.7007,

■ 0.7796, 0.8523,

281.0378, 318.7093

1.2168

317.5263,
335.7520, 379.8724

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 49.6285, 52.7026,
61.5897

■ 49.6285, 52.7026,
61.5897

■ 43.1602, 46.4497,
60.7245

■ 56.8991, 59.5590,
62.5307

■ 37.4598, 40.7749,
59.9296

■ 64.9958, 67.0301,
63.5461

■ 32.4968, 35.6604,
59.2040

■ 73.9468, 75.1351,
64.6387

■ 28.2369, 31.0851,
58.5454

■ 79.7691, 81.8238,
65.6229

■ 24.6431, 27.0260,
57.9513

■ 82.3874, 87.0604,
66.4957

■ 21.6742, 23.4583,
57.4191

■ 85.1422, 92.5700,
67.4139

■ 19.2842, 20.3543,
56.9460

■ 87.3089, 96.9036,
68.1362

■ 17.4200, 17.6825,
56.5285

■ 16.0129, 15.4033,
56.1628

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.9807, 52.7026, 60.3234



49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897



50.4070, 52.7026, 61.7113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897



51.5812, 52.7026, 56.4892



49.0897, 52.7026, 54.2364

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897



51.2659, 53.3861, 54.0578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.7788, 52.7026, 53.2642



49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897



51.2204, 52.7026, 54.5420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897



51.5399, 52.7026, 58.7267



50.5589, 52.7026, 53.3746



48.6719, 52.7026, 56.0622

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897



50.8960, 52.7026, 61.1229



50.5589, 52.7026, 53.3746



49.2970, 52.7026, 53.8011

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.6300, 52.7048, 61.5909



92.4526, 97.5536, 108.5647



50.1718, 55.0859, 57.7712



19.8159, 20.9062, 23.2408



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



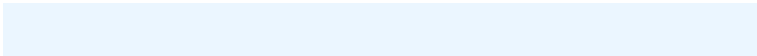
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.6300, 52.7048, 61.5909



85.0101, 90.4762, 107.5909



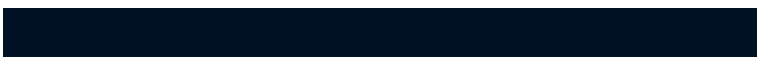
48.2556, 49.9559, 61.1327



10.5220, 11.2180, 13.5282



10.1116, 9.6172, 36.0677



0.5507, 0.5992, 1.7318

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7389, 51.1112, 57.6460



87.4055, 87.0765, 99.0595



52.6911, 56.2365, 54.5329



10.8688, 10.7309, 12.2921



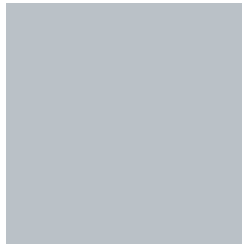
16.9032, 8.5109, 9.9662



0.8367, 0.4175, 0.6630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

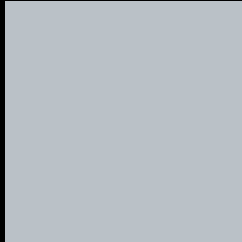
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

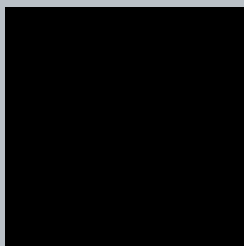
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

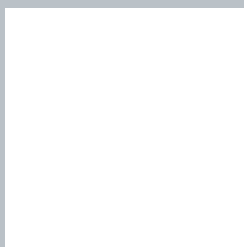
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897.

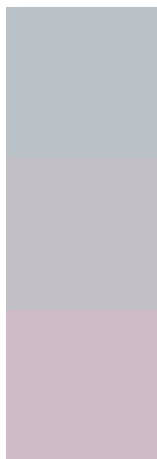


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.6285, 52.7026,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897

Protanopia

51.0720, 52.8082, 60.9273

Deuteranopia

53.7164, 52.5533, 61.9562



Tritanopia

50.6056, 52.7691, 66.5497

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897

Protanomaly

50.5285, 52.8529, 60.9646

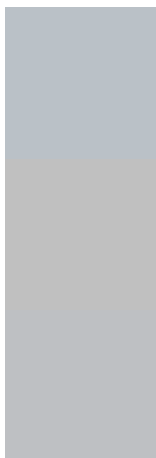
Deuteranomaly

52.1761, 52.7074, 62.0672

Tritanomaly

50.2422, 52.6237, 64.6361

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897

Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Achromatomaly

49.9352, 52.5866, 59.1481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 193, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 193, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 193, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 193, 199) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 193, 199) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 193, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 193, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 193, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 193, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 193,  
199) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.6285, 52.7026, 61.5897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 193, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
193, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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