

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.5621, 57.5421, 25.8585)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.5621, 57.5421, 25.8585)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.5182, 57.5511,  
25.9513)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | CACD77                      |
| RGB         | 202, 205, 119               |
| RGB Percent | 79%, 80%, 47%               |
| CMY         | 0.2078, 0.1961, 0.5333      |
| CMYK        | 0.01, 0.00, 0.42, 0.20      |
| HSL         | 62°, 46%, 64%               |
| HSV         | 62°, 42%, 80%               |
| XYZ         | 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513   |
| YIQ         | 194.2990, 25.8180, -27.3820 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

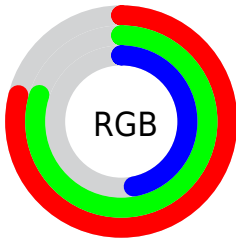
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 119, 205, 122                 |
| Decimal                             | 13290871                      |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 80.49, -13.57, 42.36          |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 80, 44.479, 107.767           |
| Yxy                                 | 57.5511, 0.3723,<br>0.4326    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4291480951<br>(0xFFCACD77)    |
| YUV                                 | 194.2990, -37.1224,<br>6.7538 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 75.8624, -16.2458,<br>32.8216 |

# Details

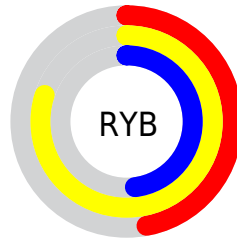
The XYZ color **49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **25.6443, 21.7404, 60.6057**, and the grayscale version is **51.6590, 54.3493, 59.1863**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.5428, 95.7971, 53.5700**, and **23.9641, 28.6616, 9.7380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2247, 57.0134, 20.1429**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.0810, 58.2007, 33.1608**.

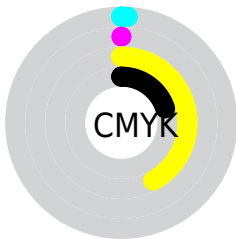
# Distribution



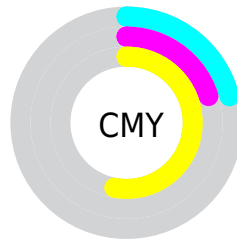
- Red (79%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.5182, 57.5511,  
25.9513


 49.5182, 57.5511,  
25.9513


375.2620,  
415.5111, 296.1408

 35.2470, 41.4479,  
16.5618


 88.6567, 101.2689,  
54.1795

 24.0206, 28.6692,  
9.7639


 114.2547,  
129.6522, 73.8552

 15.4737, 18.8307,  
5.1391


 144.3589,  
162.8977, 97.7968

 9.2410, 11.5480,  
2.2690

179.3349,  
201.3897, 126.4227

 4.9571, 6.4367,  
0.7138

219.5478,  
245.5127, 160.1515

 2.2566, 3.1124,  
0.0000

265.3630,

 0.7723, 1.1907,

295.6510, 199.4018

0.0000

317.1460,  
352.1890, 244.5920

■ 0.0000, 0.0541,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.5182, 57.5511,  
25.9513

■ 49.5182, 57.5511,  
25.9513

■ 48.2247, 57.0134,  
20.1429

■ 51.0810, 58.2007,  
33.1608

■ 47.1790, 56.5729,  
15.6410


■ 52.9247, 58.9607,  
41.8504


■ 46.3632, 56.2244,  
12.3455


■ 55.0650, 59.8395,  
52.0976


■ 45.7554, 55.9593,  
10.1399


■ 57.5155, 60.8425,  
63.9735


 45.3289, 55.7668,  
8.8850


 60.2888, 61.9747,  
77.5446

 45.0795, 55.6494,  
8.3655

 63.3970, 63.2409,  
92.8741

 65.6189, 64.1527,  
103.5320

 65.8195, 64.2562,  
103.5414

 66.0211, 64.3601,  
103.5508

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5042, 57.5511, 25.2598



49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513



42.7081, 57.5511, 34.5873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513



43.7320, 57.5511, 107.7312



73.7072, 57.5511, 73.9282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513



25.6443, 21.7404, 60.6057

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.7510, 57.5511, 102.8818



49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513



51.0655, 57.5511, 125.7367

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513



39.6320, 57.5511, 79.2857



60.2325, 57.5511, 123.7494



73.1735, 57.5511, 48.5435



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513



40.0105, 57.5511, 45.5044



60.2325, 57.5511, 123.7494



72.6070, 57.5511, 83.6702

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5196, 57.5537, 25.9525



89.7398, 97.8268, 83.1546



35.4517, 28.1988, 21.0279



19.0339, 20.8676, 16.9622



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5196, 57.5537, 25.9525



79.2431, 93.4901, 34.1188



39.4878, 52.3821, 25.4830



12.1136, 13.0760, 11.9649



28.0796, 34.6508, 5.2083



1.4610, 1.7940, 0.2693



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.6443, 21.7404, 60.6057



35.2129, 27.4302, 98.0464



33.1073, 25.5877, 60.9550



10.6374, 10.8624, 14.1064



6.9325, 2.7814, 36.1277



0.3706, 0.1502, 1.8644



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

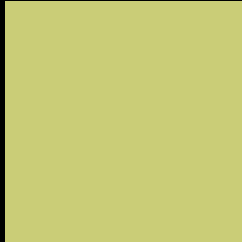
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

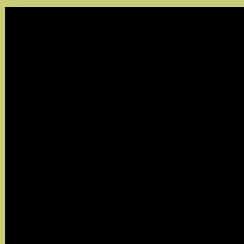
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513

### Protanopia

53.0786, 57.6530, 25.1602

### Deuteranopia

58.7616, 57.5440, 26.4224



## Tritanopia

58.0760, 57.2338, 68.9591

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513

## Protanomaly

51.8311, 57.6952, 25.5440

## Deuteranomaly

54.8697, 57.1912, 26.2362

## Tritanomaly

54.1423, 56.9724, 49.7381

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513

## Achromatopsia

51.2775, 53.9479, 58.7493

## Achromatomaly

50.1951, 55.0485, 44.5391

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 205, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 205, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 205, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 205, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 205, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 205, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 205, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 205, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 205, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 205,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.5182, 57.5511, 25.9513 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 205, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
205, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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