

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.5622, 33.0724, 19.6007)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.5622, 33.0724, 19.6007)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(49.5350, 32.9903,  
19.6766)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6B72
RGB	255, 107, 114
RGB Percent	100%, 42%, 45%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5804, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.55, 0.00
HSL	357°, 100%, 71%
HSV	357°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766
YIQ	152.0500, 85.9610, 33.5530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

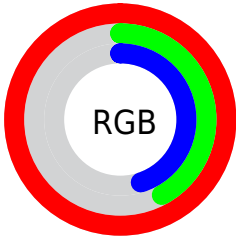
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 107, 114</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16739186</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">64.15, 56.88, 25.12</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">64, 62.185, 23.827</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.9903, 0.4847, 0.3228</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294929266 (0xFFFF6B72)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">152.0500, -18.7586, 90.2872</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.4372, 53.4270, 19.8947</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **58.7688, 81.4239, 101.4320**, and the grayscale version is **29.9203, 31.4785, 34.2801**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.2201, 50.2076, 42.5408**, and **24.1163, 14.0120, 6.5878** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.0532, 27.9539, 12.5757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.1692, 39.7444, 28.9737**.

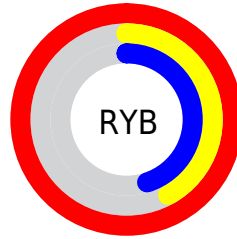
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (42%)

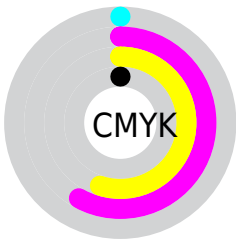
Blue (45%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (45%)

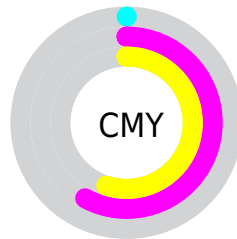


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)


Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.5350, 32.9903,  
19.6766


 49.5350, 32.9903,  
19.6766

375.3268,  
315.6060, 262.7050

 35.2603, 22.1190,  
11.9784


 88.6815, 64.3604,  
43.7261


 24.0309, 13.9444,  
6.6066


 114.2840, 85.6280,  
60.9146

 15.4814, 8.0820,  
3.1426


 144.3932,  
111.1298, 82.1036

 9.2465, 4.1475,  
1.1679

 179.3745,  
141.2502, 107.7116

 4.9607, 1.7564,  
0.0000

219.5931,  
176.3737, 138.1572

 2.2587, 0.4598,  
0.0000

265.4145,

 0.7734, 0.0000,

216.8845, 173.8589

0.0000

317.2039,  
263.1672, 215.2354

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.5350, 32.9903,  
19.6766

■ 49.5350, 32.9903,  
19.6766

■ 46.0532, 27.9539,  
12.5757

■ 54.1692, 39.7444,  
28.9737

■ 43.6206, 24.4756,  
7.4888

■ 60.0425, 48.3464,  
40.6259

■ 42.1194, 22.3754,  
4.2073

■ 67.2360, 58.9202,  
54.7790

■ 41.3940, 21.4086,  
2.4735

■ 75.8231, 71.5774,  
71.5670

■ 41.3065, 21.2866,  
2.2810

■ 85.8721, 86.4214,  
91.1140

95.0499, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.3818, 32.9903, 41.3912



49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766



42.4490, 32.9903, 9.2740

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766



19.5781, 32.9903, 14.2287



29.5707, 32.9903, 108.9148

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766



58.7688, 81.4239, 101.4320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.3869, 32.9903, 91.0053



49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766



17.3554, 32.9903, 30.9550

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766



25.0015, 32.9903, 7.3165



18.2780, 32.9903, 59.2872



38.7058, 32.9903, 101.0431



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766



36.3127, 32.9903, 6.5765



18.2780, 32.9903, 59.2872



26.8727, 32.9903, 105.5197

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5358, 32.9921, 19.6772



76.7952, 73.0118, 73.4615



61.8783, 37.6207, 98.6076



16.0369, 15.0366, 14.9430



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5358, 32.9921, 19.6772



45.4961, 27.1529, 11.4236



58.9540, 52.4413, 20.9273



18.0442, 18.0010, 18.8497



21.5983, 11.1286, 1.2692



2.1146, 1.0882, 0.1851



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.5358, 32.9921, 19.6772



45.4961, 27.1529, 11.4236



42.1840, 46.4855, 101.3567



18.0442, 18.0010, 18.8497



21.5983, 11.1286, 1.2692



2.1146, 1.0882, 0.1851



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5350, 32.9903,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766

### Protanopia

31.2695, 33.0068, 28.0154

### Deuteranopia

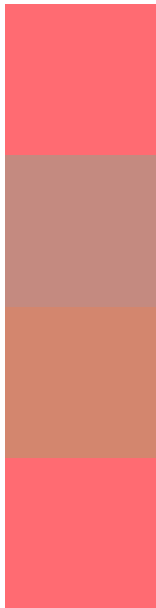
33.6510, 32.9955, 18.5051



## Tritanopia

49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766

## Protanomaly

35.7497, 31.4712, 24.6124

## Deuteranomaly

38.2035, 32.0249, 18.9197

## Tritanomaly

49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

34.3779, 30.2621, 28.0740

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 107, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 107, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 107, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 107, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 107, 114) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 107, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 107, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 107, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 107, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 107,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.5350, 32.9903, 19.6766 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 107, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
107, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor