

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.5722, 51.7595, 56.8898)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.5722, 51.7595, 56.8898)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(49.5557, 51.7950,  
56.6758)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0BEBF
RGB	192, 190, 191
RGB Percent	75%, 75%, 75%
CMY	0.2471, 0.2549, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.25
HSL	330°, 2%, 75%
HSV	330°, 1%, 75%
XYZ	49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758
YIQ	190.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

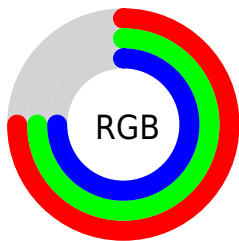
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	192, 190, 191
Decimal	12631743
CIELab	77.16, 0.88, -0.27
CIElCh	77, 0.924, 343.311
Yxy	51.7950, 0.3136, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290821823 (0xFFC0BEBF)
YUV	190.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296
Hunter-Lab	71.9687, -3.0351, 3.6869

# Details

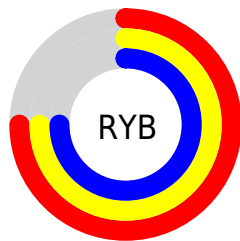
The XYZ color **49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.4908, 52.4094, 56.8005**, and the grayscale version is **49.3546, 51.9249, 56.5462**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.4557, 92.5834, 101.2040**, and **24.1806, 25.2153, 27.6373** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6447, 43.6107, 49.9883**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.0870, 61.1072, 63.9141**.

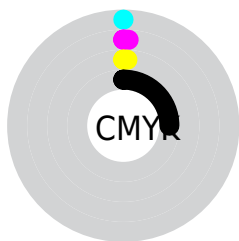
# Distribution



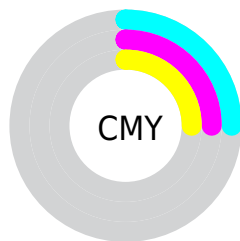
- Red (75%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.5557, 51.7950,  
56.6758

■ 49.5557, 51.7950,  
56.6758

375.4067,  
393.6447, 429.6930

■ 35.2769, 36.8417,  
40.3374

■ 88.7120, 92.8288,  
101.4876

■ 24.0437, 25.0849,  
27.4859

114.3202,  
119.6782, 130.7981

■ 15.4910, 16.1404,  
17.7028

144.4355,  
151.2616, 165.2697

■ 9.2532, 9.6235,  
10.5696

179.4233,  
187.9636, 205.3209

■ 4.9652, 5.1501,  
5.6677

219.6490,  
230.1685, 251.3703

■ 2.2614, 2.3356,  
2.5786

265.4778,

■ 0.7748, 0.7924,

278.2607, 303.8364

0.8814

317.2753,  
332.6247, 363.1378

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.5557, 51.7950,  
56.6758

■ 49.5557, 51.7950,  
56.6758

■ 44.6447, 43.6107,  
49.9883

■ 55.0870, 61.1072,  
63.9141

■ 40.3270, 36.5046,  
43.8343

■ 61.2555, 71.5813,  
71.7134

■ 36.5800, 30.4331,  
38.2001

■ 68.0830, 83.2582,  
80.0878

■ 33.3781, 25.3471,  
33.0702

■ 71.7065, 88.4098,  
87.7555

■ 30.6936, 21.1935,  
28.4283

■ 73.0906, 88.9635,  
95.0439

■ 28.4961, 17.9141,  
24.2569

■ 74.5503, 89.5473,  
102.7306

■ 26.7521, 15.4441,  
20.5369

■ 75.5486, 89.9467,  
107.9873

■ 25.4232, 13.7095,  
17.2477

■ 24.4642, 12.6227,  
14.3658

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.4630, 51.7950, 57.1068



49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758



49.5609, 51.7950, 56.1723

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758



49.1514, 51.7950, 55.4545



48.9828, 51.7950, 57.0659

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758



49.4908, 52.4094, 56.8005

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8998, 51.7950, 56.6202



49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758



48.9969, 51.7950, 55.6910

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758



49.3272, 51.7950, 55.4692



48.9049, 51.7950, 56.1170



49.1321, 51.7950, 57.3330



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758



49.5140, 51.7950, 55.8634



48.9049, 51.7950, 56.1170



48.9463, 51.7950, 56.9319

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5572, 51.7972, 56.6769



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



49.4157, 51.7115, 57.2468



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



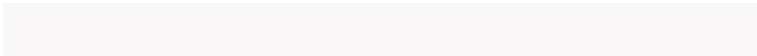
92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5572, 51.7972, 56.6769



89.8161, 93.8902, 102.7241



49.4478, 51.7535, 56.1011



11.2262, 11.7412, 12.8413



16.0826, 8.1228, 8.3468



0.7297, 0.3649, 0.5439



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.5572, 51.7972, 56.6769



89.8161, 93.8902, 102.7241



49.6009, 52.4535, 57.3803



11.2262, 11.7412, 12.8413



16.0826, 8.1228, 8.3468

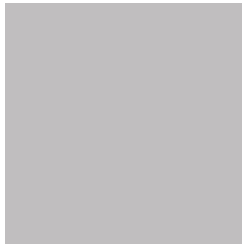


0.7297, 0.3649, 0.5439



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

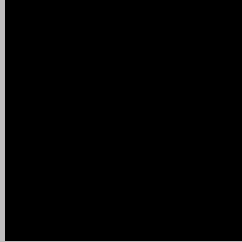
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

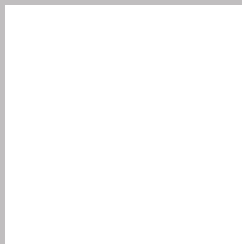


**XYZ 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758.



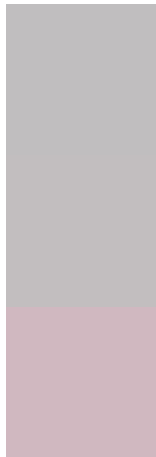
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5557, 51.7950,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758

### Protanopia

50.0656, 52.0578, 56.6996

### Deuteranopia

52.6673, 51.4966, 57.0332



## Tritanopia

51.0108, 51.7476, 63.7996

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758

## Protanomaly

49.8097, 51.9260, 56.6877

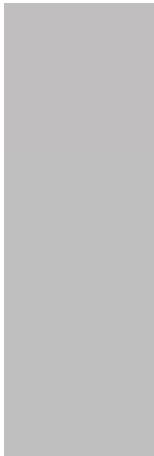
## Deuteranomaly

51.4305, 51.4801, 57.0952

## Tritanomaly

50.4987, 51.8562, 61.3805

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 190, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 190, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 190, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 190, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 190, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 190, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 190, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 190, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 190, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 190,  
191) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.5557, 51.7950, 56.6758 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 190, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
190, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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