

# Converting Colors

XYZ(49.6021, 48.0032, 26.7867)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(49.6021, 48.0032, 26.7867)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(49.5922, 47.8802,  
26.7067)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DFAF7F
RGB	223, 175, 127
RGB Percent	87%, 69%, 50%
CMY	0.1255, 0.3137, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.43, 0.13
HSL	30°, 60%, 69%
HSV	30°, 43%, 87%
XYZ	49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067
YIQ	183.8800, 44.0160, -4.7520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

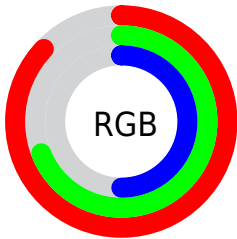
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	223, 223, 127
Decimal	14659455
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.75, 11.37, 31.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 33.272, 70.025
Yxy	47.8802, 0.3994, 0.3856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292849535 (0xFFDFAF7F)
YUV	183.8800, -28.0418, 34.3082
Hunter-Lab	69.1955, 6.8382, 25.5533

# Details

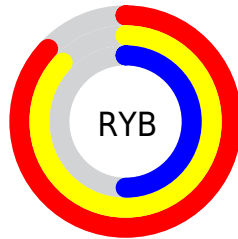
The XYZ color **49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **37.4012, 40.4983, 75.6578**, and the grayscale version is **45.6276, 48.0038, 52.2762**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.0541, 81.7071, 54.8372**, and **24.1484, 22.8087, 10.1509** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.2158, 43.2015, 19.1872**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.4719, 53.0505, 35.9817**.

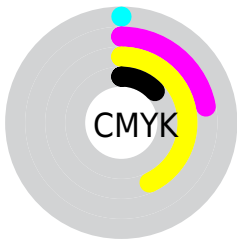
# Distribution



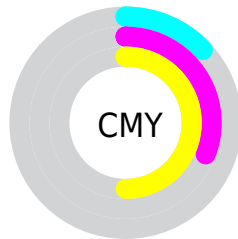
- Red (87%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.5922, 47.8802,  
26.7067

 49.5922, 47.8802,  
26.7067


375.5474,  
378.3171, 299.9493

 35.3060, 33.7320,  
17.1226


 88.7658, 87.0260,  
55.4109

 24.0663, 22.6878,  
10.1590


 114.3839,  
112.7924, 75.3680

 15.5078, 14.3632,  
5.3976


 144.5099,  
143.2004, 99.6198

 9.2652, 8.3737,  
2.4196

179.5093,  
178.6343, 128.5850

 4.9730, 4.3350,  
0.7971

219.7474,  
219.4785, 162.6820

 2.2660, 1.8627,  
0.0000

265.5896,

 0.7772, 0.5258,

266.1174, 202.3293

0.0000

317.4011,  
318.9355, 247.9456

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.5922, 47.8802,  
26.7067

■ 49.5922, 47.8802,  
26.7067

■ 46.2158, 43.2015,  
19.1872

■ 53.4719, 53.0505,  
35.9817

■ 43.3132, 38.9903,  
13.3060

■ 57.8749, 58.7217,  
47.1136

■ 40.8573, 35.2303,  
8.9358


■ 62.8243, 64.9113,  
60.1990


■ 38.8154, 31.9012,  
5.9288


■ 68.3409, 71.6336,  
75.3273


■ 37.1492, 28.9798,  
4.1066

■ 74.4439, 78.9026,  
92.5821

 36.1718, 27.1687,  
3.3376

 80.2035, 86.3522,  
107.0482

 83.6219, 93.1888,  
108.1876

 84.2414, 94.4280,  
108.3942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.9932, 47.8802, 33.5361



49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067



43.5170, 47.8802, 25.7622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067



35.0042, 47.8802, 58.1398



53.3931, 47.8802, 81.9739

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067



37.4012, 40.4983, 75.6578

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5603, 47.8802, 92.2207



49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067



37.1826, 47.8802, 76.5809

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067



35.4437, 47.8802, 41.5772



41.6557, 47.8802, 90.0541



57.3187, 47.8802, 64.3402



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067



39.9417, 47.8802, 28.3143



41.6557, 47.8802, 90.0541



51.5703, 47.8802, 86.5558

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5934, 47.8825, 26.7077



85.1036, 87.9237, 81.4874



45.7590, 33.9624, 44.7015



17.8826, 18.4070, 16.5479



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5934, 47.8825, 26.7077



62.9122, 58.9442, 26.6041



60.6500, 69.9957, 30.3932



14.2707, 14.8273, 14.4166



21.3816, 16.2011, 2.0002



1.5716, 1.3021, 0.1685



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4012, 40.4983, 75.6578



44.2645, 47.6503, 101.4722



29.6615, 25.0191, 73.0779



13.5154, 14.3698, 17.4490



11.3185, 10.1065, 42.4026



0.8741, 0.8796, 2.9690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

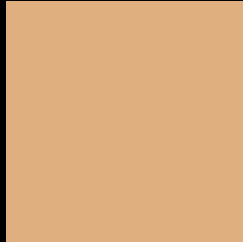
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

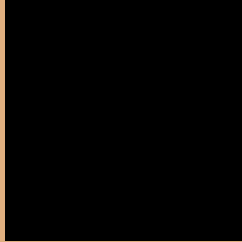
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 49.5922, 47.8802,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067

### Protanopia

44.7904, 48.0618, 28.3889

### Deuteranopia

48.8713, 47.7986, 26.7289



## Tritanopia

54.3380, 47.8354, 50.0853

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067

## Protanomaly

46.5656, 48.0693, 27.9431

## Deuteranomaly

49.1749, 47.9551, 26.7431

## Tritanomaly

52.3600, 47.8678, 40.1979

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

46.4234, 47.6979, 41.4102

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 175, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 175, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 175, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 175, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 175, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 175, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 175, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 175, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 175, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 175,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 49.5922, 47.8802, 26.7067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 175, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
175, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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