

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.2948, 16.4301, 5.8827)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.2948, 16.4301, 5.8827)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.8083, 18.6955,
6.1093)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008B32
RGB	0, 139, 50
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4549, 0.8039
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.64, 0.45
HSL	142°, 100%, 27%
HSV	142°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093
YIQ	87.2930, -54.2750, -57.1470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

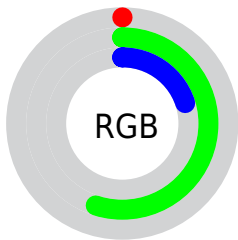
Format	Color
RYB	0, 102, 139
Decimal	35634
CIELab	50.33, -51.38, 37.79
CIELCh	50, 63.780, 143.661
Yxy	18.6955, 0.2834, 0.5401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225714 (0xFF008B32)
YUV	87.2930, -18.3854, -76.5560
Hunter-Lab	43.2383, -35.1756, 21.8895

Details

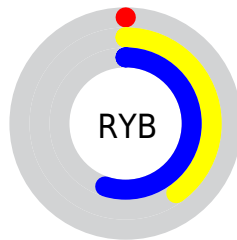
The XYZ color **9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **12.4510, 6.2104, 9.9936**, and the grayscale version is **9.1695, 9.6470, 10.5056**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1593, 41.3427, 18.7105**, and **3.4082, 6.8164, 1.1361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8088, 18.6963, 6.1097**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.1994, 18.8733, 7.2298**.

Distribution



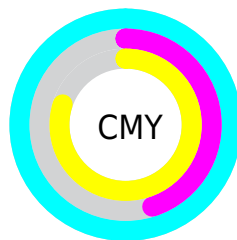
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.8083, 18.6955,
6.1093

■ 9.8083, 18.6955,
6.1093

183.3807,
244.7626, 169.3825

■ 5.3333, 11.4505,
2.8418

■ 25.0873, 41.2189,
18.6389

■ 2.4809, 6.3707,
1.0144

■ 36.6220, 57.2661,
28.7381

■ 0.8856, 3.0718,
0.0000

■ 51.2406, 77.0161,
41.9516

■ 0.0000, 1.1693,
0.0000

■ 69.3086, 100.8534,
58.6979

■ 0.0000, 0.0364,
0.0000

■ 91.1912, 129.1622,
79.3956

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.2539,

162.3271, 104.4633

147.8619,
200.7324, 134.3194

■ 9.8083, 18.6955,
6.1093

■ 9.8083, 18.6955,
6.1093

■ 9.8088, 18.6963,
6.1097

■ 10.1994, 18.8733,
7.2298

■ 10.7438, 19.1250,
8.5626

■ 11.5047, 19.4835,
10.1206

■ 12.5054, 19.9608,
11.9141

■ 13.7660, 20.5668,
13.9526

■ 15.3042, 21.3107,
16.2449

■ 17.1365, 22.2006,
18.7997

■ 19.2776, 23.2440,
21.6249

■ 21.7415, 24.4481,
24.7283

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4114, 18.6955, 2.3828



9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



8.3769, 18.6955, 16.8226

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



16.4885, 18.6955, 76.4368



31.0394, 18.6955, 9.5188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



12.4510, 6.2104, 9.9936

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4034, 18.6955, 24.3530



9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



22.9822, 18.6955, 70.2007

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



11.6131, 18.6955, 61.9622



29.1736, 18.6955, 47.9425



25.7890, 18.6955, 3.4006

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



8.5376, 18.6955, 29.5061



29.1736, 18.6955, 47.9425



32.0114, 18.6955, 13.3254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8088, 18.6963, 6.1097



30.4566, 39.6436, 33.3526



13.4837, 20.6573, 3.2766



6.7246, 8.9923, 7.2821



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8088, 18.6963, 6.1097



17.4919, 33.4512, 10.5554



12.5120, 19.7776, 20.3450



5.0414, 5.6360, 5.7388



8.8602, 16.8767, 5.5545



0.0654, 0.1147, 0.0714

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4510, 6.2104, 9.9936



22.2156, 11.0889, 17.4685



10.7819, 5.5428, 1.2038



5.1588, 5.0989, 5.9244



11.2456, 5.6083, 9.0633



0.0817, 0.0401, 0.0972

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

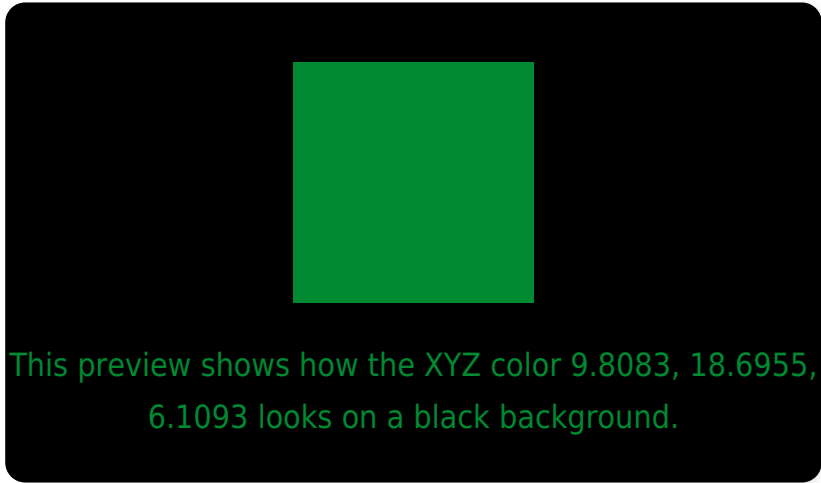
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8083, 18.6955,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093

Protanopia

16.7243, 18.3620, 5.0456

Deuteranopia

18.8137, 18.5432, 6.5906



Tritanopia

14.4212, 18.7291, 28.0543

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



Protanomaly

11.7003, 17.0503, 5.2591



Deuteranomaly

12.3886, 16.8214, 6.2083



Tritanomaly

11.8219, 18.2328, 17.0836

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093



Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790



Achromatomaly

7.9656, 11.6147, 8.3006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 139, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 139, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 139, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 139, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 139, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 139, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 139, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 139, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 139, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 139, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8083, 18.6955, 6.1093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 139, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 139,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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