

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.3889, 16.7811, 18.9012)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.3889, 16.7811, 18.9012)
contains.

XYZ(12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.7103, 20.5609,
19.2183)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008E72
RGB	0, 142, 114
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 45%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4431, 0.5529
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.20, 0.44
HSL	168°, 100%, 28%
HSV	168°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183
YIQ	96.3500, -75.6440, -38.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

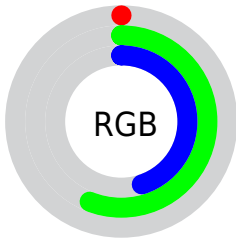
Format	Color
RYB	0, 79, 142
Decimal	36466
CIELab	52.47, -39.42, 5.86
CIELCh	52, 39.855, 171.552
Yxy	20.5609, 0.2421, 0.3917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226546 (0xFF008E72)
YUV	96.3500, 8.7015, -84.4989
Hunter-Lab	45.3441, -29.3173, 6.6119

Details

The XYZ color **12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **11.3657, 5.8353, 1.6271**, and the grayscale version is **11.1975, 11.7806, 12.8291**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.5053, 44.5705, 43.0716**, and **4.7245, 7.8755, 6.4254** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7105, 20.5615, 19.2177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0571, 20.7215, 20.0800**.

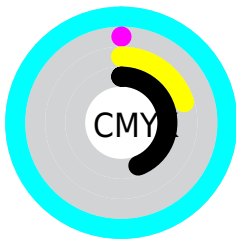
Distribution



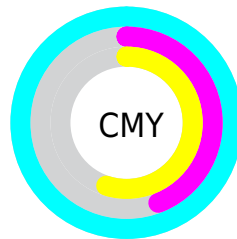
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.7103, 20.5609,
19.2183

■ 12.7103, 20.5609,
19.2183

202.7279,
254.9356, 260.1140

■ 7.3050, 12.8034,
11.6497

■ 30.3881, 44.3556,
42.9443

■ 3.7016, 7.2933,
6.3860

■ 43.3913, 61.1616,
59.9387

■ 1.5347, 3.6462,
3.0086

■ 59.6578, 81.7526,
80.9122

■ 0.3493, 1.4777,
1.0990

■ 79.5530, 106.5129,
106.2832

■ 0.0000, 0.2730,
0.0000

■ 103.4423,
135.8270, 136.4704

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 131.6910,

170.0792, 171.8922

164.6644,
209.6539, 212.9673

■ 12.7103, 20.5609,
19.2183

■ 12.7103, 20.5609,
19.2183

■ 12.7105, 20.5615,
19.2177

■ 13.0571, 20.7215,
20.0800

■ 13.5298, 20.9459,
20.9728

■ 14.1915, 21.2672,
21.9004

■ 15.0650, 21.6970,
22.8640

■ 16.1697, 22.2456,
23.8648

■ 17.5230, 22.9216,
24.9038

■ 19.1404, 23.7332,
25.9820

■ 21.0361, 24.6877,
27.1001

■ 23.2235, 25.7920,
28.2591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9743, 20.5609, 11.0402



12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183



13.0646, 20.5609, 31.7929

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183



22.5977, 20.5609, 50.7942



24.8909, 20.5609, 8.9102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183



11.3657, 5.8353, 1.6271

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8705, 20.5609, 15.0480



12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183



26.4225, 20.5609, 39.6548

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183



18.4022, 20.5609, 53.1419



28.4672, 20.5609, 25.8869



20.7290, 20.5609, 6.6144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183



14.1959, 20.5609, 41.0479



28.4672, 20.5609, 25.8869



26.0869, 20.5609, 10.4634

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.7109, 20.5617, 19.2188



33.5555, 41.7516, 45.6924



10.1637, 19.5995, 3.2479



7.2498, 9.2023, 10.0474



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.7109, 20.5617, 19.2188



22.3548, 36.2339, 33.5809



9.3834, 10.9541, 27.2118



5.5153, 6.0983, 6.6794



11.4182, 18.4632, 17.2883



0.1167, 0.1795, 0.2049

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3657, 5.8353, 1.6271



19.9931, 10.2697, 2.6143



12.0057, 7.4508, 0.8059



5.4497, 5.4404, 5.8660



10.2097, 5.2409, 1.4895



0.1040, 0.0527, 0.0480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

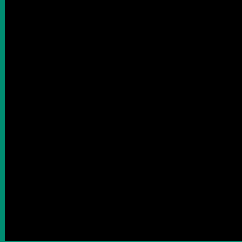
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.7103, 20.5609,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183

Protanopia

19.1175, 20.2605, 16.2677

Deuteranopia

20.6937, 20.2538, 20.2715



Tritanopia

15.2872, 20.5430, 31.1765

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183

Protanomaly

14.3904, 19.1543, 17.1261

Deuteranomaly

14.9546, 18.7974, 19.6697

Tritanomaly

14.1285, 20.4758, 26.5001

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

10.2778, 13.7816, 14.9504

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 142, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 142, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 142, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 142, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 142, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 142, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 142, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 142, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 142, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 142,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.7103, 20.5609, 19.2183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 142, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 142,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor