

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.4408, 7.1033, 26.9449)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.4408, 7.1033, 26.9449)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.2064, 8.4802,
27.1909)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00558F
RGB	0, 85, 143
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6667, 0.4392
CMYK	1.00, 0.41, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	204°, 100%, 28%
HSV	204°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909
YIQ	66.1970, -69.2780, 0.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

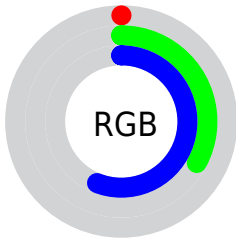
Format	Color
RYB	0, 53, 143
Decimal	21903
CIELab	34.96, 1.32, -38.08
CIELCh	35, 38.101, 271.986
Yxy	8.4802, 0.1870, 0.1933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278211983 (0xFF00558F)
YUV	66.1970, 37.8639, -58.0548
Hunter-Lab	29.1208, -0.6591, -34.9762

Details

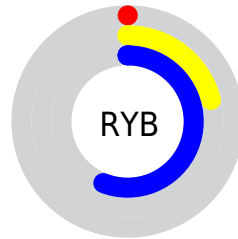
The XYZ color **8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **12.8417, 8.8675, 1.0352**, and the grayscale version is **5.1606, 5.4294, 5.9126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.9965, 22.8307, 56.0708**, and **2.7247, 2.3586, 10.4369** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2060, 8.4793, 27.1909**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.8682, 9.5274, 27.3583**.

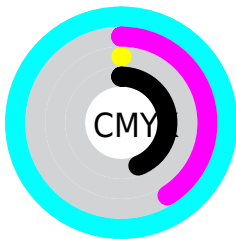
Distribution



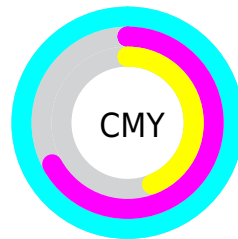
- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.2064, 8.4802,
27.1909

■ 8.2064, 8.4802,
27.1909

171.6776,
179.4514, 302.3696

■ 4.2802, 4.4037,
17.4829

■ 22.0436, 22.8946,
56.1975

■ 1.8619, 1.9019,
10.4138

■ 32.6854, 34.0013,
76.3332

■ 0.5545, 0.5495,
5.5650

■ 46.2964, 48.2202,
100.7820

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.5180

■ 63.2421, 65.9357,
129.9622

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8497

■ 83.8876, 87.5321,
164.2926

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.5985,

113.3940, 204.1916

137.7400,
143.9056, 250.0777

■ 8.2064, 8.4802,
27.1909

■ 8.2064, 8.4802,
27.1909

■ 8.2060, 8.4793,
27.1909

■ 8.8682, 9.5274,
27.3583

■ 9.6919, 10.7149,
27.5441

■ 10.7418, 12.0771,
27.7517

■ 12.0418, 13.6275,
27.9825

■ 13.6124, 15.3780,
28.2376

■ 15.4719, 17.3390,
28.5181

■ 17.6370, 19.5202,
28.8250

■ 20.1227, 21.9305,
29.1592

■ 22.9434, 24.5783,
29.5216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.2464, 8.4802, 24.4146



8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909



10.4921, 8.4802, 23.6273

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909



12.1664, 8.4802, 4.2205



4.8956, 8.4802, 4.6629

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909



12.8417, 8.8675, 1.0352

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.0364, 8.4802, 2.3333



8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909



10.1949, 8.4802, 2.1709

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909



13.0202, 8.4802, 8.8235



7.9157, 8.4802, 1.6800



4.5533, 8.4802, 9.6561

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909



11.8365, 8.4802, 18.7818



7.9157, 8.4802, 1.6800



5.1869, 8.4802, 3.6358

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.2068, 8.4805, 27.1911



31.3173, 34.6928, 51.5838



10.5665, 19.9427, 7.1909



6.8336, 7.6086, 11.7806



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.2068, 8.4805, 27.1911



14.5242, 14.8422, 48.6373



5.1195, 2.3059, 26.1620



5.3792, 5.7543, 6.8559



7.2765, 7.5390, 24.0487



0.0913, 0.1155, 0.2372

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9677, 6.4959, 9.1649



23.1357, 11.5977, 15.9546



19.1389, 21.4619, 3.1343



5.5349, 5.4745, 6.3148



11.4760, 5.7474, 8.1577



0.1207, 0.0593, 0.1357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

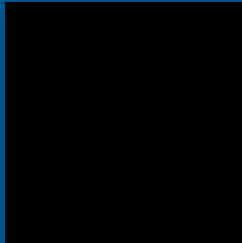
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2064, 8.4802,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909

Protanopia

9.2738, 8.5009, 25.5782

Deuteranopia

8.6784, 8.4930, 27.1685



Tritanopia

6.0318, 8.5361, 12.8850

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909

Protanomaly

8.5139, 8.3214, 25.9684

Deuteranomaly

8.4375, 8.4832, 27.1793

Tritanomaly

6.6096, 8.3597, 17.1848

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909

Achromatopsia

5.1784, 5.4480, 5.9329

Achromatomaly

5.3578, 6.0655, 11.4780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 85, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 85, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 85, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 85, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 85, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 85, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 85, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 85, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 85, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 85, 143)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.2064, 8.4802, 27.1909 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 85, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 85,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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