

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.6657, 14.0784, 13.7380)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.6657, 14.0784, 13.7380)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.8768, 16.3014,
13.9352)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008061
RGB	0, 128, 97
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4980, 0.6196
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.24, 0.50
HSL	165°, 100%, 25%
HSV	165°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352
YIQ	86.1940, -66.3370, -36.7770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

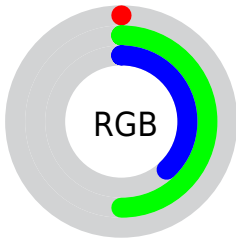
Format	Color
RYB	0, 73, 128
Decimal	32865
CIELab	47.37, -38.07, 8.46
CIELCh	47, 38.996, 167.463
Yxy	16.3014, 0.2462, 0.4064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222945 (0xFF008061)
YUV	86.1940, 5.3274, -75.5921
Hunter-Lab	40.3750, -26.9904, 7.7989

Details

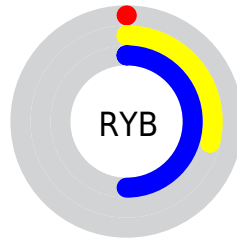
The XYZ color **9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **9.1499, 4.6884, 1.7194**, and the grayscale version is **8.8863, 9.3490, 10.1811**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.2977, 37.2563, 33.8748**, and **3.3219, 5.6878, 4.0547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8771, 16.3020, 13.9353**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.1877, 16.4451, 14.7196**.

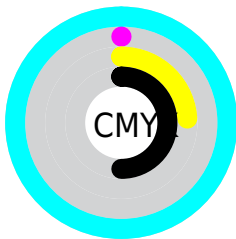
Distribution



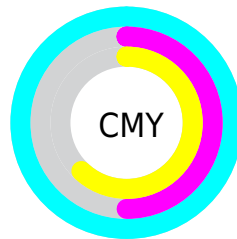
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.8768, 16.3014,
13.9352


 9.8768, 16.3014,
13.9352


183.8626,
231.1137, 228.2417


 5.3790, 9.7377,
7.9374


 25.2153, 37.1207,
33.6895

 2.5083, 5.2254,
3.9677

 36.7867, 52.1450,
48.2830


 0.8995, 2.3801,
1.6076

 51.4467, 70.7583,
66.5789

 0.0000, 0.8156,
0.2963

 69.5606, 93.3450,
88.9956

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 91.4937, 120.2895,
115.9517

 117.6116,

151.9762, 147.8657

148.2794,
188.7895, 185.1562

■ 9.8768, 16.3014,
13.9352

■ 9.8768, 16.3014,
13.9352

■ 9.8771, 16.3020,
13.9353

■ 10.1877, 16.4451,
14.7196

■ 10.5938, 16.6367,
15.5380

■ 11.1511, 16.9056,
16.3935

■ 11.8771, 17.2609,
17.2874

■ 12.7869, 17.7102,
18.2208

■ 13.8937, 18.2604,
19.1944

■ 15.2097, 18.9177,
20.2092

■ 16.7458, 19.6878,
21.2659

■ 18.5124, 20.5760,
22.3655

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1005, 16.3014, 7.7514



9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



9.9865, 16.3014, 24.0856

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



17.5720, 16.3014, 42.7529



20.4276, 16.3014, 7.1054

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



9.1499, 4.6884, 1.7194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.7258, 16.3014, 12.6351



9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



20.9164, 16.3014, 33.9488

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



14.0976, 16.3014, 43.5171



22.9169, 16.3014, 22.2030



16.9797, 16.3014, 4.9101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



10.8008, 16.3014, 32.0012



22.9169, 16.3014, 22.2030



21.3811, 16.3014, 8.5173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8772, 16.3020, 13.9356



26.6049, 33.2197, 35.4537



8.3153, 15.7461, 2.6012



6.0285, 7.6774, 8.1507



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8772, 16.3020, 13.9356



17.3313, 28.6778, 24.2273



8.0796, 9.9249, 21.9127



4.4033, 4.8696, 5.2950



9.7941, 16.1642, 13.8202



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1499, 4.6884, 1.7194



16.0590, 8.2342, 2.7634



9.4191, 5.6226, 0.5890



4.3672, 4.3600, 4.7381



9.0728, 4.6488, 1.7072



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

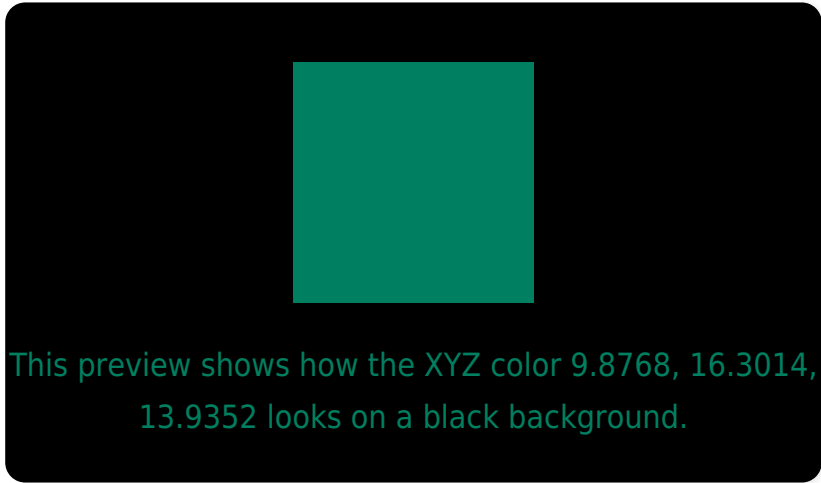
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352

Protanopia

15.2051, 16.2315, 11.7828

Deuteranopia

16.4639, 16.1767, 14.5666



Tritanopia

12.2310, 16.3308, 24.6978

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



Protanomaly

11.3907, 15.2661, 12.4715



Deuteranomaly

11.8243, 14.9309, 14.3153



Tritanomaly

11.1498, 16.2429, 20.3168

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352



Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341



Achromatomaly

8.0747, 10.8578, 11.3430

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 128, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 128, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 128, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 128, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 128, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 128, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 128, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 97)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8768, 16.3014, 13.9352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 128, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 128,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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