

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.8151, 15.7166, 37.7280)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.8151, 15.7166, 37.7280)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.7893, 20.8573,
38.3156)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008AA4
RGB	0, 138, 164
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 64%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4588, 0.3569
CMYK	1.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	190°, 100%, 32%
HSV	190°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156
YIQ	99.7020, -90.5940, -21.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

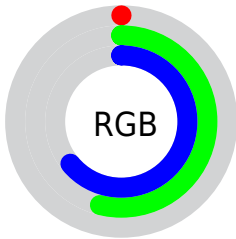
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 164
Decimal	35492
CIELab	52.79, -21.66, -22.59
CIELCh	53, 31.299, 226.204
Yxy	20.8573, 0.2106, 0.2782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225572 (0xFF008AA4)
YUV	99.7020, 31.6989, -87.4387
Hunter-Lab	45.6698, -18.2098, -17.7737

Details

The XYZ color **15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **15.6801, 8.6326, 0.8406**, and the grayscale version is **11.9781, 12.6018, 13.7234**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.8523, 44.9874, 73.8117**, and **6.4144, 8.1493, 16.5641** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7891, 20.8567, 38.3159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3883, 21.7270, 38.4523**.

Distribution



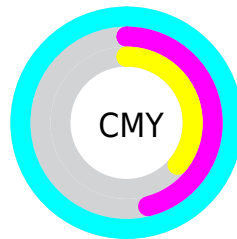
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.7893, 20.8573,
38.3156

■ 15.7893, 20.8573,
38.3156

■ 221.3901,
256.5192, 354.3106

■ 9.4651, 13.0197,
25.9240

■ 35.7924, 44.8499,
73.8004

■ 5.1053, 7.4421,
16.5415

■ 50.2021, 61.7738,
97.7307

■ 2.3446, 3.7401,
9.7497

■ 68.0375, 82.4952,
126.3442

■ 0.8173, 1.5293,
5.1299

■ 89.6642, 107.3985,
160.0597

■ 0.0000, 0.3092,
2.2636

■ 115.4475,
136.8682, 199.2955

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7107

■ 145.7526,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

171.2886, 244.4702

0.0000

180.9451,
211.0441, 296.0024

■ 15.7893, 20.8573,
38.3156

■ 15.7893, 20.8573,
38.3156

■ 15.7891, 20.8567,
38.3159

■ 16.3883, 21.7270,
38.4523

■ 17.1755, 22.7066,
38.5999

■ 18.2270, 23.8360,
38.7625

■ 19.5759, 25.1322,
38.9416

■ 21.2501, 26.6097,
39.1385

■ 23.2744, 28.2815,
39.3545

■ 25.6712, 30.1590,
39.5906

■ 28.4607, 32.2529,
39.8477

■ 31.6620, 34.5730,
40.1268

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3865, 20.8573, 28.1056



15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156



18.3647, 20.8573, 45.0262

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156



26.5669, 20.8573, 27.2726



18.1235, 20.8573, 9.4512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156



15.6801, 8.6326, 0.8406

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.3592, 20.8573, 9.3426



15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156



26.4840, 20.8573, 18.0534

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156



24.7094, 20.8573, 37.5634



24.4939, 20.8573, 12.0480



15.6295, 20.8573, 12.4015

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156



20.5104, 20.8573, 45.6817



24.4939, 20.8573, 12.0480



19.1535, 20.8573, 9.1158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7900, 20.8580, 38.3161



46.3253, 54.5347, 71.8370



13.4474, 26.6199, 5.3279



9.7335, 11.6170, 15.6668



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7900, 20.8580, 38.3161



28.5324, 37.6038, 69.5068



8.1851, 5.6482, 35.7812



7.1801, 7.8191, 9.0339



12.1348, 16.0490, 29.3880



0.2791, 0.3854, 0.6255

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8979, 9.7282, 24.8745



36.0524, 17.6312, 44.8100



20.5273, 18.3269, 2.4563



7.3159, 7.1828, 8.6497



15.2706, 7.4643, 19.1472



0.3330, 0.1617, 0.4663

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

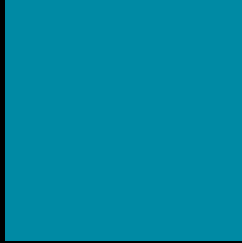
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

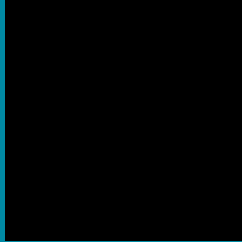
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.7893, 20.8573,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156

Protanopia

20.6481, 20.6703, 33.4733

Deuteranopia

21.2529, 20.8502, 39.4635



Tritanopia

14.9640, 20.9905, 32.5410

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156

Protanomaly

17.0023, 19.7056, 35.2552

Deuteranomaly

17.4808, 19.8702, 38.9904

Tritanomaly

15.2334, 20.8655, 34.6771

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156

Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780

Achromatomaly

11.7068, 14.5547, 20.9312

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 138, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 138, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 138, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 138, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 138, 164) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 138, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 138, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 138, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 138, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 138,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.7893, 20.8573, 38.3156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 138, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 138,  
164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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