

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.8981, 8.6168, 13.1533)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.8981, 8.6168, 13.1533)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.1665, 8.7296,
13.1643)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005D63
RGB	0, 93, 99
RGB Percent	0%, 36%, 39%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6353, 0.6118
CMYK	1.00, 0.06, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	184°, 100%, 19%
HSV	184°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643
YIQ	65.8770, -57.3540, -17.8500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

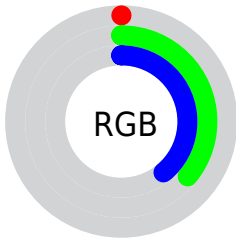
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 48, 99
Decimal	23907
CIE _{Lab}	35.46, -20.89, -10.17
CIE _{LCh}	35, 23.238, 205.965
Yxy	8.7296, 0.2198, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278213987 (0xFF005D63)
YUV	65.8770, 16.3296, -57.7741
Hunter-Lab	29.5459, -14.4507, -5.7348

Details

The XYZ color **6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.2109, 2.7831, 0.2628**, and the grayscale version is **5.1418, 5.4095, 5.8910**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.0768, 23.4881, 32.4351**, and **1.6196, 2.2110, 3.7096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.1666, 8.7298, 13.1645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.3436, 8.8995, 13.1879**.

Distribution



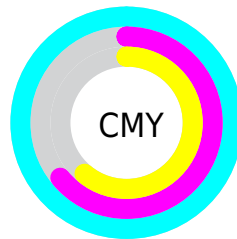
- Red (0%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.1665, 8.7296,
13.1643

6.1665, 8.7296,
13.1643

155.2475,
181.3477, 223.2127

2.9882, 4.5652,
7.4097

17.9974, 23.3768,
32.2941

1.1475, 1.9945,
3.6373

27.3806, 34.6285,
46.5065

0.0643, 0.6043,
1.4286

39.5629, 49.0113,
64.3752

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1639


54.9096, 66.9098,
86.3188


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


73.7861, 88.7083,
112.7558


96.5576, 114.7912,

144.1047

 123.5896,
145.5428, 180.7842


 6.1665, 8.7296,
13.1643


 6.1665, 8.7296,
13.1643


 6.1666, 8.7298,
13.1645

 6.3436, 8.8995,
13.1879

 6.5574, 9.0889,
13.2132

 6.8535, 9.3212,
13.2425

 7.2406, 9.6011,
13.2761

 7.7265, 9.9326,
13.3144

■ 8.3181, 10.3191,
13.3579

■ 9.0218, 10.7641,
13.4067

■ 9.8432, 11.2704,
13.4611

■ 10.7879, 11.8408,
13.5214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.9582, 8.7296, 8.9891



6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643



6.9215, 8.7296, 17.1349

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643



10.6514, 8.7296, 14.3281



8.4821, 8.7296, 3.8318

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643



5.2109, 2.7831, 0.2628

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.8441, 8.7296, 4.5620



6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643



11.1800, 8.7296, 10.0404

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643



9.4922, 8.7296, 17.9253



10.8696, 8.7296, 6.5958



7.2070, 8.7296, 4.2473

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643



7.6807, 8.7296, 18.7479



10.8696, 8.7296, 6.5958



8.9459, 8.7296, 3.9445

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.1668, 8.7299, 13.1645



15.3640, 18.3950, 22.9908



4.4892, 8.9347, 1.6304



3.5670, 4.3191, 5.4589



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.1668, 8.7299, 13.1645



10.5527, 14.9239, 22.5744



3.1738, 2.7440, 12.1669



2.6280, 2.8706, 3.2608



8.0283, 11.3593, 17.1571



42.6560, 60.2182, 91.5797

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1216, 3.4432, 10.6456



12.2035, 5.9011, 18.1932



6.4861, 5.3336, 0.6879



2.6630, 2.6261, 3.1798



9.2780, 4.4861, 13.8497



49.4478, 23.9186, 73.3694

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

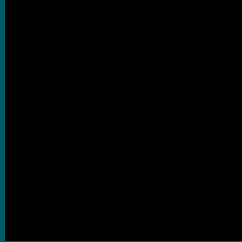
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.1665, 8.7296,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643

Protanopia

8.5047, 8.7531, 11.3665

Deuteranopia

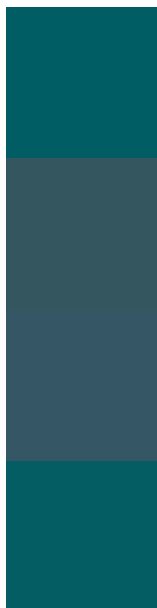
8.9828, 8.8329, 13.8018



Tritanopia

6.3147, 8.8004, 13.4224

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643

Protanomaly

6.8899, 8.3727, 12.0794

Deuteranomaly

7.1450, 8.3520, 13.5474

Tritanomaly

6.2772, 8.7811, 13.4207

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643

Achromatopsia

5.1784, 5.4480, 5.9329

Achromatomaly

4.9144, 6.2112, 8.1476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 93, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 93, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 93, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 93, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 93, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 93, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 93, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 93, 99); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 93, 99); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 93, 99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 93, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 93,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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