

Converting Colors

XYZ(5.9040, 9.8980, 13.7392)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(5.9040, 9.8980, 13.7392)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.0516, 10.4228,
13.6967)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006664
RGB	0, 102, 100
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 39%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6000, 0.6078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.60
HSL	179°, 100%, 20%
HSV	179°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967
YIQ	71.2740, -60.1500, -22.2460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

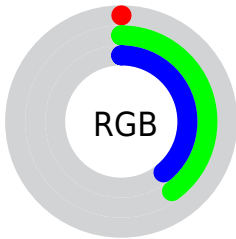
Format	Color
RYB	0, 52, 102
Decimal	26212
CIELab	38.59, -25.21, -6.09
CIELCh	39, 25.933, 193.579
Yxy	10.4228, 0.2262, 0.3344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216292 (0xFF006664)
YUV	71.2740, 14.1619, -62.5073
Hunter-Lab	32.2844, -17.5094, -2.5548

Details

The XYZ color **7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.4908, 2.8295, 0.3145**, and the grayscale version is **6.0202, 6.3338, 6.8975**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.8892, 26.7620, 33.3955**, and **1.9850, 2.9047, 3.9461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.0518, 10.4231, 13.6969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.1893, 10.4929, 13.7540**.

Distribution



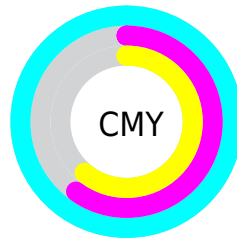
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.0516, 10.4228,
13.6967

7.0516, 10.4228,
13.6967

162.6271,
193.6636, 226.6982

3.5410, 5.6802,
7.7737

19.7806, 26.5878,
33.2592

1.4459, 2.6516,
3.8648

29.7298, 38.7789,
47.7358

0.2886, 0.9527,
1.5515

42.5559, 54.2216,
65.9007

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2558


58.6242, 73.3004,
88.1724


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


78.3001, 96.3996,
114.9695


101.9490,


123.9036, 146.7104


 129.9362,
156.1968, 183.8138


 7.0516, 10.4228,
13.6967


 7.0516, 10.4228,
13.6967


 7.0518, 10.4231,
13.6969

 7.1893, 10.4929,
13.7540

 7.3681, 10.5840,
13.8131

 7.6344, 10.7201,
13.8765

 7.9977, 10.9062,
13.9445

 8.4663, 11.1467,
14.0175

■ 9.0478, 11.4454,
14.0960

■ 9.7490, 11.8057,
14.1802

■ 10.5760, 12.2309,
14.2704

■ 11.5348, 12.7240,
14.3668

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.0852, 10.4228, 8.8981



7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967



7.7182, 10.4228, 19.1213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967



12.3404, 10.4228, 19.5907



10.8616, 10.4228, 4.5193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967



5.4908, 2.8295, 0.3145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4738, 10.4228, 6.0326



7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967



13.3922, 10.4228, 14.2123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967



10.6957, 10.4228, 23.1272



13.4437, 10.4228, 9.2856



9.1572, 10.4228, 4.4544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967



8.5194, 10.4228, 21.9928



13.4437, 10.4228, 9.2856



11.4366, 10.4228, 4.8503

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0519, 10.4232, 13.6970



16.9814, 20.6445, 24.8549



4.7942, 9.5250, 1.5861



3.9168, 4.8243, 5.8530



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0519, 10.4232, 13.6970



12.3621, 18.2774, 23.9950



3.7366, 3.6356, 13.0755



2.9014, 3.1843, 3.5821



9.0548, 13.3855, 17.5817



47.1855, 69.7968, 91.4878

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.4908, 2.8295, 0.3145



9.6241, 4.9597, 0.5248



6.5206, 4.9067, 0.6037



2.8315, 2.8473, 2.9851



7.0497, 3.6328, 0.3943



36.7299, 18.9319, 1.8548

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

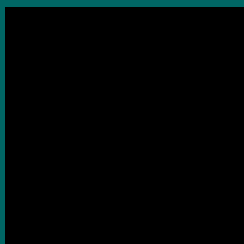
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0516, 10.4228,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967

Protanopia

10.0456, 10.3780, 11.8296

Deuteranopia

10.5540, 10.3384, 14.2712



Tritanopia

7.7025, 10.5602, 16.1004

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967

Protanomaly

7.9177, 9.7797, 12.5367

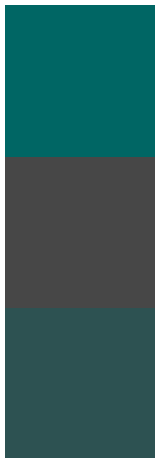
Deuteranomaly

8.1761, 9.7487, 14.0211

Tritanomaly

7.4212, 10.4335, 15.2584

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967

Achromatopsia

5.9891, 6.3010, 6.8618

Achromatomaly

5.6225, 7.2017, 9.0764

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0516, 10.4228, 13.6967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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