

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.0005, 40.2252, 31.7398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.0005, 40.2252, 31.7398)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.1613, 40.2997,  
31.9229)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED9191
RGB	237, 145, 145
RGB Percent	93%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.0706, 0.4313, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.39, 0.07
HSL	0°, 72%, 75%
HSV	0°, 39%, 93%
XYZ	50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229
YIQ	172.5080, 54.8320, 19.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

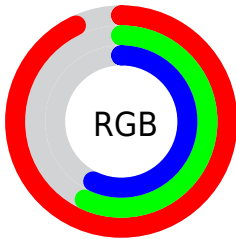
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 145, 145
Decimal	15569297
CIE Lab	69.68, 34.74, 14.86
CIE LCh	70, 37.786, 23.163
Yxy	40.2997, 0.4099, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293759377 (0xFFED9191)
YUV	172.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595
Hunter-Lab	63.4820, 29.9509, 14.6226

# Details

The XYZ color **50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **57.2459, 72.6994, 91.1359**, and the grayscale version is **39.5184, 41.5765, 45.2768**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.2031, 66.6921, 63.1002**, and **24.3400, 18.1199, 13.0411** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.2696, 33.1421, 22.1972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.1916, 49.1242, 43.9095**.

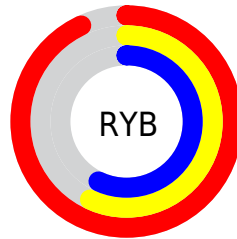
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (57%)

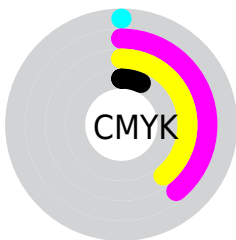
Blue (57%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)

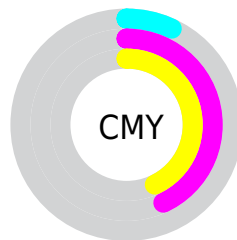


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (43%)


Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.1613, 40.2997,  
31.9229

 50.1613, 40.2997,  
31.9229


377.7380,  
347.3851, 325.2498

 35.7599, 27.7723,  
21.0383


 89.6042, 75.6197,  
63.7867

 24.4181, 18.1541,  
12.9605


 115.3764, 99.1810,  
85.6030

 15.7704, 11.0607,  
7.2709


145.6696,  
127.1891, 111.9002

 9.4517, 6.1077,  
3.5511

180.8492,  
160.0284, 143.0970

 5.0964, 2.9107,  
1.3825

221.2805,  
198.0833, 179.6117

 2.3393, 1.0853,  
0.1280

267.3288,

 0.8146, 0.0000,

241.7381, 221.8631

0.0000

319.3595,  
291.3772, 270.2696

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.1613, 40.2997,  
31.9229

■ 50.1613, 40.2997,  
31.9229

■ 45.2696, 33.1421,  
22.1972

■ 56.1916, 49.1242,  
43.9095

■ 41.4421, 27.5413,  
14.5885

■ 63.4224, 59.7049,  
58.2840

■ 38.6006, 23.3833,  
8.9401

■ 71.9149, 72.1318,  
75.1668

■ 36.6548, 20.5359,  
5.0723

■ 81.7252, 86.4870,  
94.6695

■ 35.4980, 18.8431,  
2.7730

■ 88.7350, 96.7445,  
108.6045

■ 34.9709, 18.0718,  
1.7255

■ 34.9252, 18.0048,  
1.6345

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.2028, 40.2997, 48.0108



50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229



45.7934, 40.2997, 22.0716

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229



29.6436, 40.2997, 26.6303



36.9211, 40.2997, 86.5196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229



57.2459, 72.6994, 91.1359

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.6786, 40.2997, 76.7208



50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229



27.7761, 40.2997, 39.9923

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229



33.8627, 40.2997, 19.6324



28.4795, 40.2997, 58.5013



43.1169, 40.2997, 82.6861



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229



41.8108, 40.2997, 18.8982



28.4795, 40.2997, 58.5013



34.9983, 40.2997, 84.6404

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1624, 40.3017, 31.9237



81.5127, 80.1911, 81.9880



60.3366, 44.3701, 85.5049



17.1609, 16.7454, 16.9798



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1624, 40.3017, 31.9237



54.3097, 40.3853, 27.9098



58.6669, 57.3107, 34.7585



15.0656, 15.0542, 15.6304



19.0679, 9.8300, 0.8924



1.4973, 0.7719, 0.0701



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2459, 72.6994, 91.1359



63.8235, 83.8988, 107.4380



45.5942, 49.3961, 87.2520



15.5177, 17.1218, 19.4092



24.8775, 36.4019, 49.4581



1.9535, 2.8585, 3.8837



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

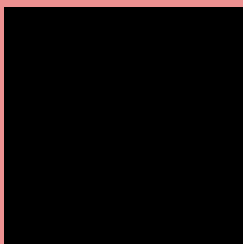
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1613, 40.2997,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229

### Protanopia

38.6777, 40.5652, 38.1391

### Deuteranopia

41.1839, 40.3742, 31.2136



## Tritanopia

51.0659, 40.4568, 35.6893

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229

## Protanomaly

42.0478, 39.9318, 35.6284

## Deuteranomaly

44.1663, 40.0942, 31.3977

## Tritanomaly

50.8191, 40.3580, 34.3896

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229

## Achromatopsia

39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077

## Achromatomaly

42.4730, 40.5745, 40.2434

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 145, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 145, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 145,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.1613, 40.2997, 31.9229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
145, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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