

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.0143, 54.8984, 25.1634)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.0143, 54.8984, 25.1634)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.1002, 55.0894,  
25.1323)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3C576
RGB	211, 197, 118
RGB Percent	83%, 77%, 46%
CMY	0.1726, 0.2274, 0.5372
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.44, 0.17
HSL	51°, 51%, 65%
HSV	51°, 44%, 83%
XYZ	50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323
YIQ	192.1800, 33.7030, -21.6010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

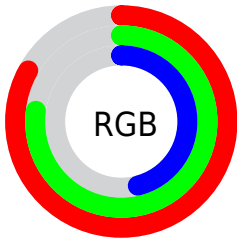
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	134, 211, 118
Decimal	13878646
CIELab	79.09, -5.99, 41.27
CIELCh	79, 41.701, 98.253
Yxy	55.0894, 0.3844, 0.4227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292068726 (0xFFD3C576)
YUV	192.1800, -36.5707, 16.5051
Hunter-Lab	74.2222, -9.4009, 31.8794

# Details

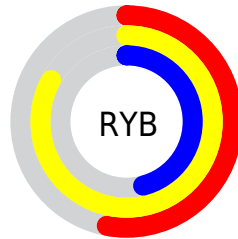
The XYZ color **50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **27.4801, 25.0564, 65.0158**, and the grayscale version is **50.4025, 53.0273, 57.7468**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.0325, 95.0839, 52.4521**, and **24.3531, 27.0187, 9.2418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2711, 53.2183, 19.0134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2277, 57.1082, 32.7356**.

# Distribution



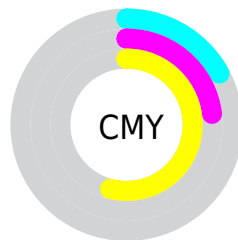
- Red (83%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.1002, 55.0894,  
25.1323


 50.1002, 55.0894,  
25.1323


377.5032,  
406.2507, 291.9649

 35.7111, 39.4733,  
15.9557


 89.5143, 97.6719,  
52.8386

 24.3803, 27.1281,  
9.3388


 115.2700,  
125.4071, 72.2053

 15.7422, 17.6695,  
4.8630


 145.5453,  
157.9509, 95.8059

 9.4316, 10.7129,  
2.1098

180.7055,  
195.6875, 124.0588

 5.0831, 5.8742,  
0.6216

221.1161,  
239.0014, 157.3827

 2.3314, 2.7687,  
0.0000

267.1423,

 0.8106, 1.0122,

288.2769, 196.1959

0.0000

319.1496,  
343.8986, 240.9172

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.1002, 55.0894,  
25.1323

■ 50.1002, 55.0894,  
25.1323

■ 48.2711, 53.2183,  
19.0134

■ 52.2277, 57.1082,  
32.7356

■ 46.7173, 51.4794,  
14.2758

■ 54.6668, 59.2741,  
41.9103

■ 45.4188, 49.8666,  
10.8085


■ 57.4347, 61.5961,  
52.7409


■ 44.3509, 48.3700,  
8.4823


■ 60.5463, 64.0803,  
65.3047


■ 43.4837, 46.9774,  
7.1399


■ 64.0153, 66.7323,  
79.6742

 43.0339, 46.1889,  
6.6472

 67.8548, 69.5576,  
95.9177

 70.3057, 71.8526,  
104.7712

 71.1432, 73.5274,  
105.0503

 71.9965, 75.2341,  
105.3348

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5082, 55.0894, 26.7234



50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323



43.0764, 55.0894, 30.7417

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323



40.7868, 55.0894, 93.0169



68.6517, 55.0894, 78.5895

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323



27.4801, 25.0564, 65.0158

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.8917, 55.0894, 103.5821



50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323



46.6599, 55.0894, 113.3290

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323



38.0839, 55.0894, 66.7955



54.6884, 55.0894, 117.6367



69.8226, 55.0894, 53.6502



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323



39.9125, 55.0894, 38.9795



54.6884, 55.0894, 117.6367



67.1607, 55.0894, 87.4325

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1015, 55.0919, 25.1334



88.5939, 94.9043, 82.6509



37.6110, 28.5136, 25.8939



18.7479, 20.1375, 16.8363



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1015, 55.0919, 25.1334



74.2330, 81.8363, 29.6051



45.3868, 57.5998, 25.8660



12.6456, 13.4818, 12.5478



26.0310, 27.9951, 4.0316



1.4976, 1.6495, 0.2395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.4801, 25.0564, 65.0158



35.1804, 30.0132, 98.5467



30.6312, 24.0502, 64.6555



11.3052, 11.7007, 14.9063



7.4505, 3.5476, 37.4846



0.4634, 0.2920, 2.1115



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

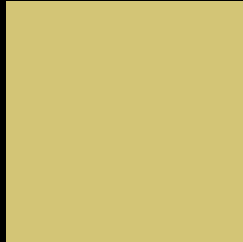
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

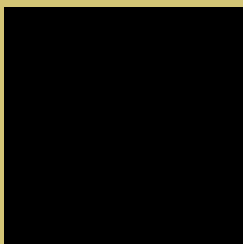
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

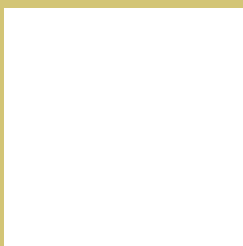
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1002, 55.0894,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323

### Protanopia

50.7415, 55.0840, 25.0975

### Deuteranopia

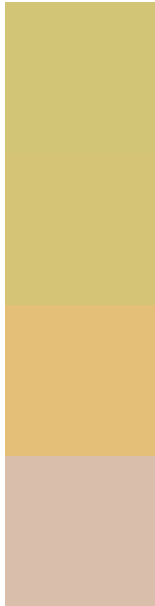
56.0855, 54.9012, 25.4103



## Tritanopia

57.9462, 55.0206, 63.4431

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323

## Protanomaly

50.4505, 54.9340, 25.0838

## Deuteranomaly

53.9555, 55.0875, 25.2420

## Tritanomaly

54.5968, 54.9536, 46.2576

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

49.6365, 53.4423, 43.2966

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 197, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 197, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 197, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 197, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 197, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 197, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 197, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 197, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 197, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 197,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.1002, 55.0894, 25.1323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 197, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
197, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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