

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.0537, 57.7515, 81.6079)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.0537, 57.7515, 81.6079)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(50.0770, 57.6817,
81.8931)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 9BD0E4 |
| RGB | 155, 208, 228 |
| RGB Percent | 61%, 82%, 89% |
| CMY | 0.3921, 0.1843, 0.1059 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.09, 0.00, 0.11 |
| HSL | 196°, 57%, 75% |
| HSV | 196°, 32%, 89% |
| XYZ | 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 |
| YIQ | 194.4330, -38.0080, -5.0160 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

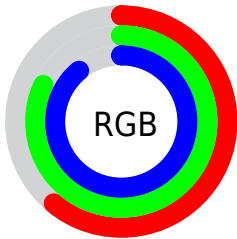
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 155, 186, 228 |
| Decimal | 10211556 |
| CIELab | 80.56, -12.38, -15.40 |
| CIELCh | 81, 19.757, 231.203 |
| Yxy | 57.6817, 0.2640, 0.3041 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288401636 (0xFF9BD0E4) |
| YUV | 194.4330, 16.5485, -34.5827 |
| Hunter-Lab | 75.9485, -15.2150, -10.7668 |

Details

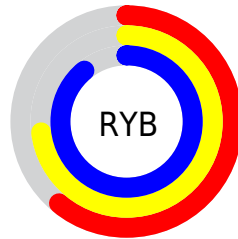
The XYZ color **50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.2421, 49.5211, 37.7641**, and the grayscale version is **51.4572, 54.1369, 58.9551**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272**, and **24.4653, 28.8950, 43.8230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6150, 52.6509, 81.2109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.4286, 63.2629, 82.6366**.

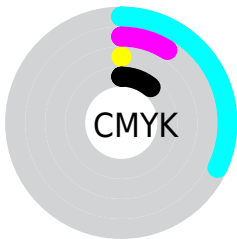
Distribution



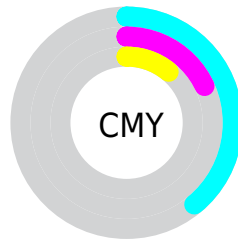
- Red (61%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.0770, 57.6817,
81.8931

■ 50.0770, 57.6817,
81.8931

377.4140,
415.9988, 521.1641

■ 35.6926, 41.5528,
60.7421

■ 89.4801, 101.4592,
137.8594

■ 24.3659, 28.7513,
43.5879

■ 115.2295,
129.8766, 173.5118

■ 15.7315, 18.8928,
30.0118

145.4980,
163.1589, 214.8352

■ 9.4240, 11.5928,
19.5954

180.6510,
201.6906, 262.2479

■ 5.0781, 6.4671,
11.9202

221.0537,
245.8561, 316.1686

■ 2.3284, 3.1311,
6.5675

267.0715,

■ 0.8091, 1.2006,

296.0397, 377.0159

3.1188

319.0698,
352.6258, 445.2082

■ 0.0000, 0.0622,
1.1556

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 50.0770, 57.6817,
81.8931

■ 50.0770, 57.6817,
81.8931

■ 44.6150, 52.6509,
81.2109

■ 56.4286, 63.2629,
82.6366

■ 39.9901, 48.1383,
80.5837

■ 63.7082, 69.4112,
83.4397

■ 36.1521, 44.1183,
80.0100

■ 71.9582, 76.1507,
84.3057

■ 33.0429, 40.5600,
79.4871

■ 81.2168, 83.5021,
85.2367

■ 30.5958, 37.4280,
79.0115

■ 86.1788, 88.7315,
85.9845

■ 28.7309, 34.6798,
78.5793

■ 88.0415, 92.4570,
86.6054

■ 27.5567, 32.7075,
78.2605

■ 89.9681, 96.3102,
87.2476

■ 91.0038, 98.3815,
87.5929

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.8633, 57.6817, 71.2443



50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931



53.6393, 57.6817, 87.5945

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931



62.9077, 57.6817, 66.2877



52.0493, 57.6817, 44.1810

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931



53.2421, 49.5211, 37.7641

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0275, 57.6817, 43.1993



50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931



62.4304, 57.6817, 55.0610

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931



61.1373, 57.6817, 77.8827



59.8634, 57.6817, 46.9414



48.9623, 57.6817, 49.8118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931



56.3555, 57.6817, 87.3912



59.8634, 57.6817, 46.9414



53.3219, 57.6817, 43.3264

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.0788, 57.6840, 81.8944



84.0947, 91.1040, 107.7603



48.9478, 65.5307, 50.3536



17.6923, 19.2459, 23.0323



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



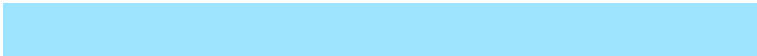
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.0788, 57.6840, 81.8944



60.0389, 70.2365, 105.0004



42.2814, 42.0892, 79.2953



14.4561, 15.6336, 18.4000



16.0158, 19.0937, 45.2245



1.2600, 1.5639, 3.3674

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.1028, 44.4922, 65.3606



67.5507, 51.3746, 80.0861



61.1984, 65.4337, 40.4162



14.8178, 14.5443, 17.2410



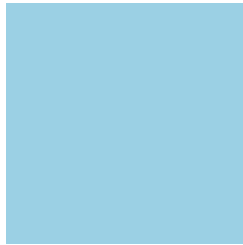
22.4775, 11.1252, 21.9415



1.6996, 0.8376, 1.8247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

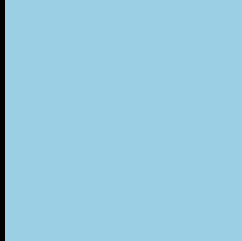
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

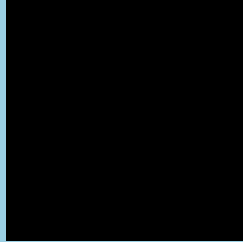
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.0770, 57.6817,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931

Protanopia

56.0102, 57.3444, 76.5231

Deuteranopia

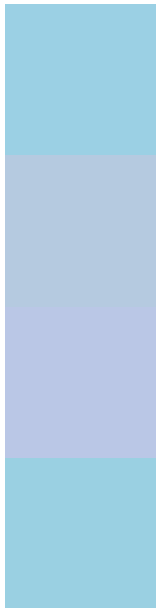
58.6174, 57.1905, 83.5507



Tritanopia

49.4729, 57.4180, 79.7094

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931

Protanomaly

53.6311, 57.4466, 78.7827

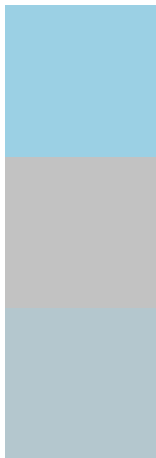
Deuteranomaly

54.9561, 56.9991, 82.9683

Tritanomaly

49.6098, 57.4728, 80.4301

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931

Achromatopsia

51.2775, 53.9479, 58.7493

Achromatomaly

50.3864, 55.0064, 66.3542

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 208, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 208, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 208, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 208, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 208, 228) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 208, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 208, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 208, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 208, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 208,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.0770, 57.6817, 81.8931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 208, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
208, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor