

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.1956, 57.6548, 53.4541)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.1956, 57.6548, 53.4541)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(50.1470, 57.6288,
53.2802)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7CEB7
RGB	183, 206, 183
RGB Percent	72%, 81%, 72%
CMY	0.2823, 0.1921, 0.2823
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.11, 0.19
HSL	120°, 19%, 76%
HSV	120°, 11%, 81%
XYZ	50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802
YIQ	196.5010, -6.3250, -12.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

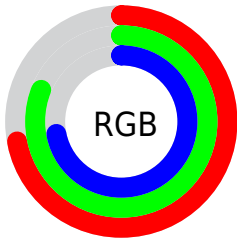
Format	Color
RYB	183, 206, 206
Decimal	12046007
CIELab	80.53, -12.06, 8.83
CIELCh	81, 14.951, 143.794
Yxy	57.6288, 0.3114, 0.3578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290236087 (0xFFB7CEB7)
YUV	196.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404
Hunter-Lab	75.9136, -14.9354, 11.5267

Details

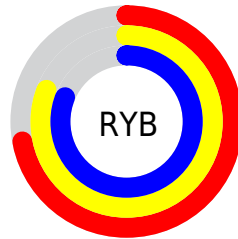
The XYZ color **50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.5297, 51.4464, 65.5041**, and the grayscale version is **52.8131, 55.5635, 60.5086**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.9366, 96.1027, 95.6290**, and **24.4634, 28.8140, 25.3914** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.6116, 54.4912, 42.5891**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.7166, 61.2666, 65.6603**.

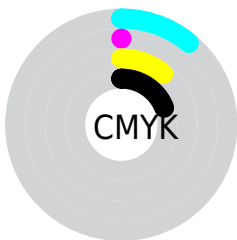
Distribution



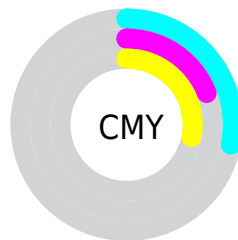
- Red (72%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.1470, 57.6288,
53.2802

■ 50.1470, 57.6288,
53.2802

377.6830,
415.8013, 416.4560

■ 35.7485, 41.5103,
37.6372

■ 89.5832, 101.3821,
96.4623

■ 24.4092, 28.7180,
25.4016

115.3515,
129.7857, 124.8385

■ 15.7638, 18.8676,
16.1548

145.6405,
163.0531, 158.2962

■ 9.4470, 11.5747,
9.4782

180.8156,
201.5688, 197.2539

■ 5.0933, 6.4548,
4.9533

221.2420,
245.7170, 242.1302

■ 2.3374, 3.1235,
2.1617

267.2851,

■ 0.8137, 1.1966,

295.8822, 293.3436

0.6521

319.3104,
352.4489, 351.3127

■ 0.0000, 0.0589,
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 50.1470, 57.6288,
53.2802

■ 50.1470, 57.6288,
53.2802

■ 43.6116, 54.4912,
42.5891

■ 57.7166, 61.2666,
65.6603

■ 38.0611, 51.8250,
33.5103

■ 66.3576, 65.4173,
79.7940

■ 33.4492, 49.6097,
25.9666

■ 76.1110, 70.1023,
95.7474

■ 29.7240, 47.8203,
19.8733

■ 81.3624, 72.6249,
104.3375

■ 26.8286, 46.4295,
15.1374

■ 24.6996, 45.4068,
11.6550

■ 23.2644, 44.7174,
9.3074

■ 22.4364, 44.3197,
7.9529

■ 22.0725, 44.1449,
7.3576

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.4267, 57.6288, 48.5124



50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802



49.1118, 57.6288, 60.9377

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802



54.1386, 57.6288, 81.1045



60.3565, 57.6288, 56.1700

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802



53.5297, 51.4464, 65.5041

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.8564, 57.6288, 64.5938



50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802



57.1913, 57.6288, 79.5269

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802



51.3603, 57.6288, 77.4053



59.6782, 57.6288, 73.2757



58.3366, 57.6288, 50.0686

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802



49.2381, 57.6288, 66.8668



59.6782, 57.6288, 73.2757



60.7110, 57.6288, 58.8019

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1486, 57.6313, 53.2815



91.0839, 98.0949, 102.4128



56.0747, 60.6863, 53.5586



19.2746, 20.8901, 21.5589



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



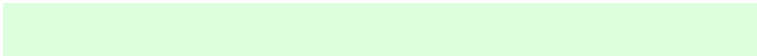
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1486, 57.6313, 53.2815



79.0031, 92.2918, 82.6525



51.3954, 58.1300, 59.8470



11.0681, 12.5370, 11.9160



13.5908, 27.1816, 4.5303



0.7011, 1.4023, 0.2337

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.5297, 51.4464, 65.5041



85.3714, 80.6429, 105.6734



52.1828, 50.9076, 58.4114



11.6876, 11.4038, 14.1555



22.5333, 10.8239, 36.8566



1.1625, 0.5584, 1.9014

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

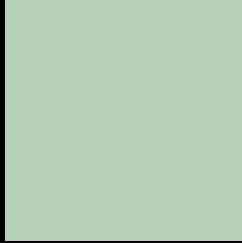
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

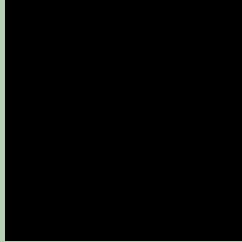
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

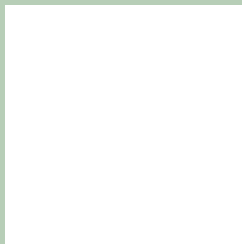
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1470, 57.6288,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802

Protanopia

54.5725, 57.5114, 50.8724

Deuteranopia

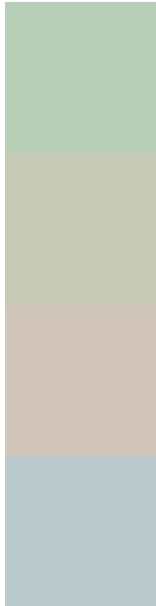
58.6734, 57.5324, 54.4668



Tritanopia

54.3973, 57.6019, 73.8969

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802

Protanomaly

52.9119, 57.6785, 51.5243

Deuteranomaly

55.2455, 57.4463, 54.0754

Tritanomaly

52.8689, 57.6844, 66.1053

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802

Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

Achromatomaly

51.9069, 56.3208, 58.0044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 206, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 206, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 206, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 206, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 206, 183) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 206, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 206, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 206, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 206, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 206,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.1470, 57.6288, 53.2802 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 206, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
206, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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