

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.2721, 63.2597, 82.2098)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.2721, 63.2597, 82.2098)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(50.1397, 63.0228,
82.1950)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88DEE3
RGB	136, 222, 227
RGB Percent	53%, 87%, 89%
CMY	0.4667, 0.1294, 0.1098
CMYK	0.40, 0.02, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	183°, 62%, 71%
HSV	183°, 40%, 89%
XYZ	50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950
YIQ	196.8560, -52.8610, -16.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

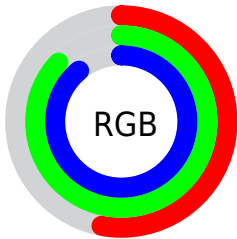
Format	Color
RYB	136, 180, 227
Decimal	8969955
CIELab	83.45, -24.68, -10.63
CIELCh	83, 26.873, 203.309
Yxy	63.0228, 0.2567, 0.3226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287160035 (0xFF88DEE3)
YUV	196.8560, 14.8610, -53.3707
Hunter-Lab	79.3869, -26.1889, -5.8164

Details

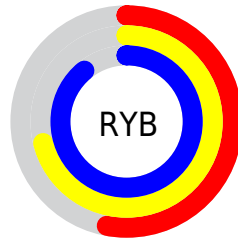
The XYZ color **50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.6483, 37.1590, 28.0605**, and the grayscale version is **52.9216, 55.6777, 60.6330**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.8023, 90.0775, 107.9992**, and **24.4896, 32.2783, 43.9693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5069, 60.6617, 81.9318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5594, 65.7962, 82.4985**.

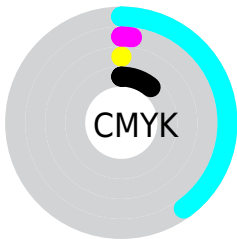
Distribution



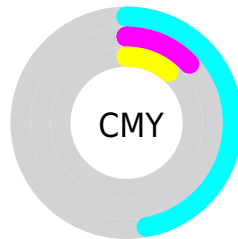
- Red (53%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

50.1397, 63.0228,
82.1950

50.1397, 63.0228,
82.1950

377.6550,
435.6522, 522.2003

35.7427, 45.8597,
60.9895

89.5724, 109.2024,
138.2866

24.4047, 32.1351,
43.7862

115.3388,
138.9877, 174.0097

15.7605, 21.4647,
30.1665

145.6257,
173.7491, 215.4092

9.4446, 13.4641,
19.7119

180.7984,
213.8710, 262.9036

5.0917, 7.7489,
12.0038

221.2224,
259.7379, 316.9113

2.3365, 3.9347,
6.6237

267.2629,

0.8132, 1.6371,

311.7342, 377.8510

3.1530

319.2853,
370.2441, 446.1411

■ 0.0000, 0.3824,
1.1733

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 50.1397, 63.0228,
82.1950

■ 50.1397, 63.0228,
82.1950

■ 46.5069, 60.6617,
81.9318

■ 54.5594, 65.7962,
82.4985

■ 43.6056, 58.6799,
81.7022

■ 59.8058, 68.9978,
82.8399

■ 41.3823, 57.0513,
81.5050

■ 65.9225, 72.6518,
83.2228

■ 39.7737, 55.7431,
81.3373

■ 72.9488, 76.7783,
83.6490

■ 38.7045, 54.7166,
81.1955

■ 80.9211, 81.3962,
84.1202

■ 38.0474, 53.9102,
81.0745

■ 83.2588, 83.1130,
84.3283

■ 83.6060, 83.8074,
84.4440

■ 83.9556, 84.5067,
84.5606

■ 84.3078, 85.2110,
84.6780

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.3950, 63.0228, 64.9302



50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



53.4193, 63.0228, 97.8787

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



69.3961, 63.0228, 89.7595



61.2235, 63.0228, 41.3070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



45.6483, 37.1590, 28.0605

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.8875, 63.0228, 45.8657



50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



71.8008, 63.0228, 72.4493

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



64.4702, 63.0228, 102.7197



70.8541, 63.0228, 56.6305



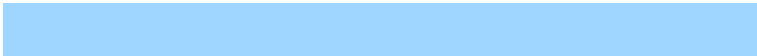
55.5535, 63.0228, 43.0515

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



56.7237, 63.0228, 104.3956



70.8541, 63.0228, 56.6305



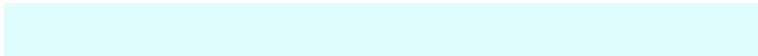
63.1954, 63.0228, 42.1248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1416, 63.0253, 82.1965



84.1408, 93.5837, 108.2365



42.3980, 62.0834, 34.7742



17.7779, 19.8929, 23.1527



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1416, 63.0253, 82.1965



61.3127, 79.4797, 106.7173



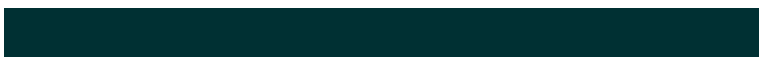
39.7321, 42.2063, 78.7266



14.7361, 16.1936, 18.4933



22.2178, 31.4977, 47.2918



1.6627, 2.3692, 3.5016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.6690, 39.2147, 73.8504



66.5593, 44.7203, 94.1568



53.6932, 53.2488, 30.7421



14.9591, 14.6008, 17.9852



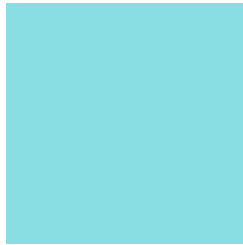
25.6080, 12.3774, 38.4264



1.9029, 0.9189, 2.8950

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

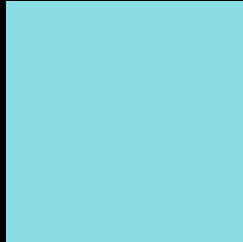
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

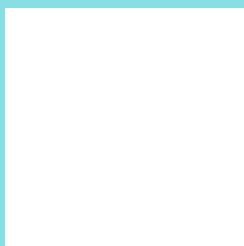
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950.

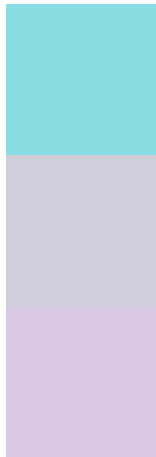


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1397, 63.0228,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950

Protanopia

60.6081, 62.5623, 74.5270

Deuteranopia

63.6294, 62.1417, 84.2422



Tritanopia

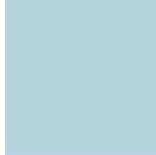
51.6733, 62.8484, 90.2964

Trichromacy



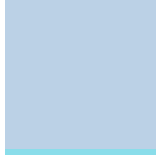
Original Color

50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



Protanomaly

55.8860, 62.2525, 77.4770



Deuteranomaly

57.5769, 61.8789, 83.7721



Tritanomaly

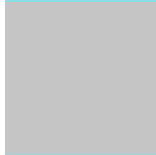
51.1890, 63.0567, 87.3151

Monochromacy



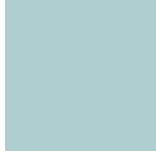
Original Color

50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950



Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033



Achromatomaly

51.1357, 57.8106, 68.1379

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 222, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 222, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 222, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 222, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 222, 227) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 222, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 222, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 222, 227); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 222, 227); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 222, 227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.1397, 63.0228, 82.1950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 222, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
222, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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