

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.2944, 87.7445, 63.7586)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.2944, 87.7445, 63.7586)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(45.1640, 75.2816,  
61.4406)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FFBF
RGB	0, 255, 191
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 75%
CMY	0.9998, 0.0000, 0.2510
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	165°, 100%, 50%
HSV	165°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406
YIQ	171.4590, -131.4360, -73.9640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

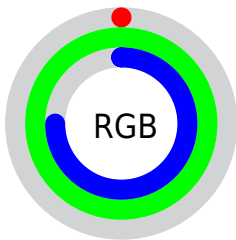
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 146, 255
Decimal	65471
CIELab	89.52, -64.68, 16.67
CIELCh	90, 66.791, 165.548
Yxy	75.2816, 0.2483, 0.4139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255551 (0xFF00FFBF)
YUV	171.4590, 9.6337, -150.3695
Hunter-Lab	86.7650, -58.9236, 18.7506

# Details

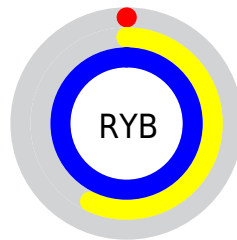
The XYZ color **45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as middle saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **42.1670, 21.6316, 6.8094**, and the grayscale version is **38.9461, 40.9744, 44.6211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7510, 81.9484, 100.6641**, and **24.4816, 41.7386, 30.4330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.1630, 75.2812, 61.4357**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2987, 75.7834, 65.2532**.

# Distribution



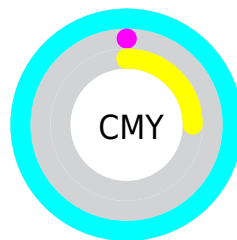
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.1640, 75.2816,  
61.4406


 45.1640, 75.2816,  
61.4406


358.2099,  
478.8849, 447.8388


 31.7885, 55.8436,  
44.1480


 82.2020, 126.7109,  
108.4804


 21.3547, 40.0776,  
30.4488


 106.5952,  
159.4710, 139.0646


 13.4975, 27.5990,  
19.9246


 135.3916,  
197.4406, 174.9164

 7.8513, 18.0236,  
12.1567

 168.9566,  
241.0041, 216.4545

 4.0510, 10.9669,  
6.7266

 207.6556,  
290.5459, 264.0972

 1.7310, 6.0446,  
3.2159

251.8539,

 0.4756, 2.8722,

346.4504, 318.2631

1.2059

301.9169,  
409.1019, 379.3708

■ 0.0000, 1.0654,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.1640, 75.2816,  
61.4406

■ 45.1640, 75.2816,  
61.4406

■ 45.1630, 75.2812,  
61.4357

■ 46.2987, 75.7834,  
65.2532

■ 48.0030, 76.5751,  
69.2540

■ 50.4422, 77.7422,  
73.4538

■ 53.7175, 79.3365,  
77.8593

■ 57.9136, 81.4019,  
82.4764

■ 63.1048, 83.9764,  
87.3104

■ 69.3574, 87.0943,  
92.3662

■ 76.7320, 90.7868,  
97.6485

■ 85.2847, 95.0827,  
103.1617

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.3282, 75.2816, 33.6095



45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



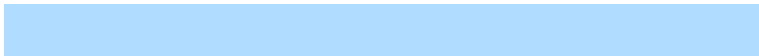
45.2789, 75.2816, 108.6256

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



80.3389, 75.2816, 203.3237



95.9751, 75.2816, 32.9400

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



42.1670, 21.6316, 6.8094

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.4189, 75.2816, 60.0743



45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



96.4947, 75.2816, 162.8340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



63.9711, 75.2816, 204.1439



106.6224, 75.2816, 106.6253



79.7113, 75.2816, 21.9453



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



48.8487, 75.2816, 146.4511



106.6224, 75.2816, 106.6253



100.3853, 75.2816, 39.8898

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.1647, 75.2820, 61.4419



69.3459, 87.0886, 92.3575



38.1463, 72.7502, 12.0329



14.2502, 18.3446, 19.3062



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

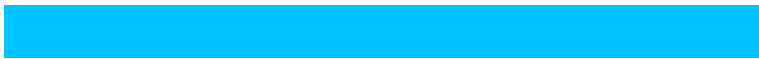
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.1647, 75.2820, 61.4419



45.1630, 75.2812, 61.4357



37.6801, 46.4794, 101.5932



18.3486, 20.3990, 22.1386



23.6618, 39.3613, 32.4338



2.3476, 3.8500, 3.3885



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.1670, 21.6316, 6.8094



42.1657, 21.6303, 6.8044



42.8317, 24.4431, 2.4617



18.1964, 18.0619, 19.6513



22.0824, 11.3223, 3.8185

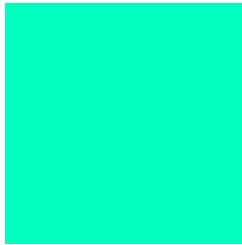


2.1917, 1.1190, 0.5908



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

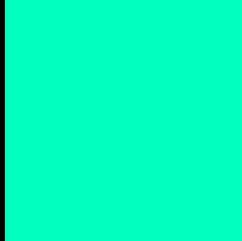
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

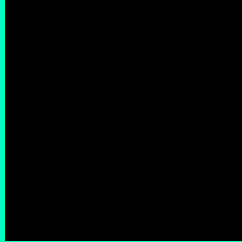
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406.



# Color Blindness Simulation

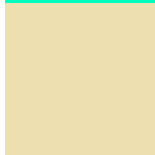
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



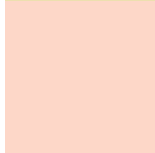
### Original Color

45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



### Protanopia

69.0506, 73.8750, 51.1774



### Deuteranopia

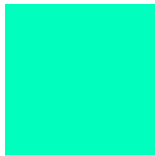
75.2338, 73.6537, 64.8949



## Tritanopia

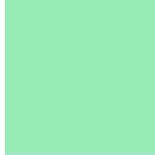
59.5266, 74.8585, 105.9195

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



## Protanomaly

50.8113, 69.3322, 54.4205



## Deuteranomaly

53.0728, 68.2019, 63.1904



## Tritanomaly

51.1484, 73.1572, 87.7689

# Monochromacy



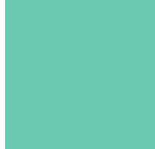
## Original Color

45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406



## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485



## Achromatomaly

35.4631, 48.7066, 49.6517

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.1640, 75.2816, 61.4406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor