

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.3138, 52.9340, 57.6452)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.3138, 52.9340, 57.6452)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(50.1023, 52.7115,
57.4028)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0C0C0
RGB	192, 192, 192
RGB Percent	75%, 75%, 75%
CMY	0.2471, 0.2470, 0.2471
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	119°, 0%, 75%
HSV	119°, 0%, 75%
XYZ	50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028
YIQ	192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

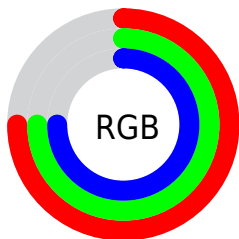
Format	Color
RYB	192, 192, 192
Decimal	12632256
CIELab	77.70, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	78, 0.009, 297.154
Yxy	52.7115, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290822336 (0xFFC0C0C0)
YUV	192.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	72.6027, -3.8739, 3.9447

Details

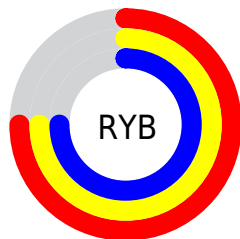
The XYZ color **50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**, and the color name is **silver**. A complement of this color would be **50.1042, 52.7129, 57.4057**, and the grayscale version is **50.1042, 52.7135, 57.4050**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229**, and **24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.6644, 49.6241, 46.7113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.4254, 56.2261, 69.5868**.

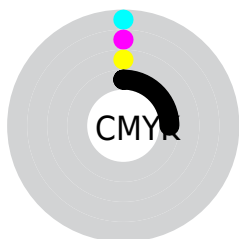
Distribution



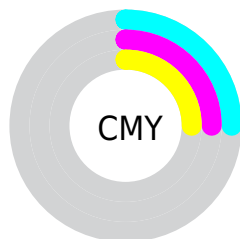
- Red (75%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.1023, 52.7115,
57.4028

■ 50.1023, 52.7115,
57.4028

377.5112,
397.1773, 432.4929

■ 35.7128, 37.5725,
40.9172

■ 89.5173, 94.1797,
102.5589

■ 24.3816, 25.6511,
27.9352

115.2736,
121.2777, 132.0664

■ 15.7432, 16.5628,
18.0382

145.5495,
153.1309, 166.7517

■ 9.4323, 9.9233,
10.8077

180.7105,
190.1235, 207.0332

■ 5.0836, 5.3481,
5.8251

221.1217,
232.6401, 253.3296

■ 2.3316, 2.4529,
2.6720

267.1487,

■ 0.8108, 0.8529,

281.0650, 306.0593

0.9293

319.1568,
335.7826, 365.6409

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 50.1023, 52.7115,
57.4028

■ 50.1023, 52.7115,
57.4028

■ 43.6644, 49.6241,
46.7113

■ 57.4254, 56.2261,
69.5868

■ 38.0739, 46.9413,
37.4515

■ 65.6607, 60.1763,
83.3139

■ 33.2968, 44.6482,
29.5638

■ 74.8397, 64.5786,
98.6366

■ 29.2953, 42.7269,
22.9830

■ 78.1406, 66.1813,
103.2635

■ 26.0284, 41.1577,
17.6385

■ 23.4516, 39.9192,
13.4531

■ 21.5152, 38.9879,
10.3410

■ 20.1633, 38.3368,
8.2046

■ 19.3299, 37.9346,
6.9283

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1005, 52.7115, 57.4039



50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



50.1036, 52.7115, 57.3993

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



50.1026, 52.7115, 57.3854



50.0972, 52.7115, 57.3934

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



50.1042, 52.7129, 57.4057

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0978, 52.7115, 57.3884



50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



50.1009, 52.7115, 57.3838

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



50.1038, 52.7115, 57.3893



50.0991, 52.7115, 57.3849



50.0976, 52.7115, 57.3984

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



50.1041, 52.7115, 57.3961



50.0991, 52.7115, 57.3849



50.0973, 52.7115, 57.3916

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1038, 52.7138, 57.4039



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



50.1046, 52.7141, 57.4040



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



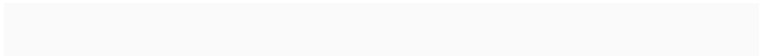
92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1038, 52.7138, 57.4039



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



50.1039, 52.7138, 57.4048



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



12.7314, 25.3921, 4.2302



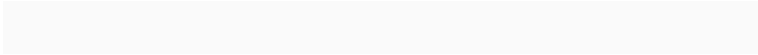
0.5579, 1.1011, 0.1831

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.1042, 52.7129, 57.4057



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



50.1041, 52.7128, 57.4048



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



20.2766, 9.7134, 34.3628



0.8837, 0.4236, 1.4851

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

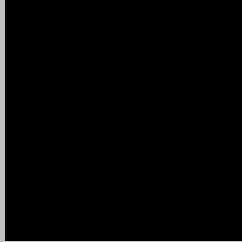
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

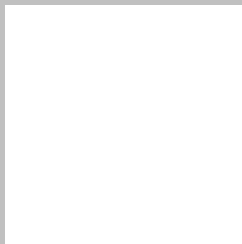
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028.

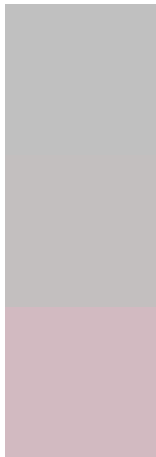


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.1023, 52.7115,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Protanopia

50.5404, 52.6253, 56.7841

Deuteranopia

53.7629, 52.6697, 57.7847



Tritanopia

51.6810, 52.7040, 65.2066

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Protanomaly

50.2829, 52.4925, 56.7721

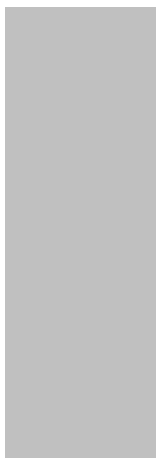
Deuteranomaly

52.2375, 52.5132, 57.8349

Tritanomaly

51.0484, 52.7692, 62.1385

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Achromatomaly

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(192, 192, 192) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 192, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 192, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 192, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 192, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 192, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 192, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 192, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 192, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 192,  
192) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 192, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
192, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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